

Examinations Department

105th examination

PLANE GEOMETRY

Wednesday, November 23, 1892—9:15 a. m. to 12:15 p. m., only

48 credits, necessary to pass, 36

NOTE.—Draw carefully and neatly each figure in construction or proof, using letters instead of numerals. Arrange work logically.

- 1 Define and illustrate (*a*) adjacent angles ; (*b*) altitude of a triangle ; (*c*) inscribed circle ; (*d*) convex polygon. 8
- 2 Find (*a*) the complement of the supplement of 100° ; (*b*) the supplement of the complement of 40° . Explain in each case. 4
- 3 If *A* and *B* represent the angles adjacent to one base of a trapezoid, what would be the values of each of its other two angles? Explain. 2
- 4 Prove that if from the same point to the same straight line a perpendicular and two oblique lines be drawn, the oblique line meeting the given line at the greater distance from the foot of the perpendicular will be the longer. 6
- 5 Prove that in the same circle or in equal circles angles at the center are in the same ratio as their intercepted arcs. (Two cases.) 8
- 6 Prove that if from a point without a circle a tangent and a secant be drawn, the tangent is a mean proportional between the whole secant and the external segment. 5
- 7 Solve the following and prove the correctness of each construction :
 - (*a*) to circumscribe a regular hexagon about a given circle ; 6
 - (*b*) to construct a square equivalent to a given parallelogram. 5
- 8 Let *r* and *r'* represent the radii of two circles ; find expressions for the difference (*a*) of their circumferences ; (*b*) of their areas. 4