Dear Sir

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of May 14, in which you mention that you have finished the 6. first books of Euclid, plane trigonometry, surveying & algebra and ask whether I think a further pursuit of that branch of science would be useful to you. There are some propositions in the latter books of Euclid, & some of Archimedes, which are useful, & I have no doubt you have been made acquainted with them. Trigonometry, so far as this, is most valuable to every man, there is scarcely a day in which he will not resort to it for some of the purposes of common life. The science of calculation also is indispensible as far as the extraction of the square & cube roots; Algebra as far as the quadratic equation & the use of logarithms are often of value in ordinary cases; but all beyond these is but a luxury; a delicious luxury indeed; but not to be indulged in by one who is to have a profession to follow for his subsistence. In this light I view the conic sections, curves of the higher orders, perhaps even spherical trigonometry, Algebraical operations beyond the 2d dimension, and fluxions.

Letter from Thomas Jefferson to William G. Munford, Monticello, June 18, 1799.
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## ALGEBRA

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NUMBERS OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES

PROPERTIES OF INTEGERS

1. Tom scored 23 points in a basketball game. He attempted 15 field goals and 6 free throws. If each successful field goal is 2 points and each successful free throw is 1 point, is it possible he successfully made all 6 of his free throws? Justify your answer.

IMAGINARY NUMBERS

2. Expressed in simplest form,
\[ i^{18} + i^6 - 2i^2 + i^{13} \]
   [A] 1  [B] -i  [C] i  [D] -1

3. When simplified, \( i^{2^7} + i^{3^4} \) is equal to
   [A] \( i^{61} \)  [B] -i-1  [C] i  [D] i-1

4. What is the value of \( i^{99} - i^3 \)?
   [A] -i  [B] \( i^{96} \)  [C] 1  [D] 0

5. What is the sum of \( \sqrt{-2} \) and \( \sqrt{-18} \)?
   [A] \( 2i\sqrt{5} \)  [B] \( 4i\sqrt{2} \)
   [C] \( 6i \)  [D] \( 5i\sqrt{2} \)

6. The expression \( i^0 \cdot i^1 \cdot i^2 \cdot i^3 \cdot i^4 \) is equal to
   [A] -i  [B] 1  [C] i  [D] -1

7. The expression \( \frac{i^{16}}{i^3} \) is equivalent to
   [A] 1  [B] i  [C] -i  [D] -1

8. What is the multiplicative inverse of \( 3i \)?
   [A] \( \frac{1}{3} \)  [B] \(-3i\)  [C] \(-\frac{i}{3}\)  [D] -3

9. Mrs. Donahue made up a game to help her class learn about imaginary numbers. The winner will be the student whose expression is equivalent to \(-i\). Which expression will win the game?
   [A] \( i^{47} \)  [B] \( i^{46} \)  [C] \( i^{48} \)  [D] \( i^{49} \)

COMPLEX NUMBERS

10. Express \( \sqrt{-48} + 3.5 + \sqrt{25} + \sqrt{-27} \) in simplest \( a + bi \) form.

11. What is the sum of \( 2 - \sqrt{-4} \) and \(-3 + \sqrt{-16} \) expressed in simplest \( a + bi \) form?
   [A] \(-1 + i\sqrt{20}\)  [B] \(-14 + i\)
   [C] \(-1 + 2i\)  [D] \(-1 + 12i\)

12. What is the product of \( 5 + \sqrt{-36} \) and \( 1 - \sqrt{-49} \), expressed in simplest \( a + bi \) form?
   [A] \(-37 + 41i\)  [B] \(47 + 41i\)
   [C] \(47 - 29i\)  [D] \(5 - 71i\)

13. When expressed as a monomial in terms of \( i \), \( 2\sqrt{-32} - 5\sqrt{-8} \) is equivalent to
   [A] \( 2\sqrt{2}i\)  [B] \(18i\sqrt{2}\)
   [C] \(-2i\sqrt{2}\)  [D] \(2i\sqrt{2}\)

14. The expression \((-1 + i)^3\) is equivalent to
   [A] \(-2 - 2i\)  [B] \(-1 - i\)
   [C] \(-3i\)  [D] \(2 + 2i\)

15. If \( f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 \), then \( f(i) \) is equivalent to
   [A] \(-2 + i\)  [B] \(-2 - i\)
   [C] \(2 - i\)  [D] \(2 + i\)
16. What is the value of \( x \) in the equation 
\[ \sqrt{5-2x} = 3i \]?

[A] 4 \hspace{1cm} [B] -2 \hspace{1cm} [C] 1 \hspace{1cm} [D] 7

17. The expression \( \frac{2+i}{3+i} \) is equivalent to

[A] \( \frac{7+i}{10} \) \hspace{1cm} [B] \( \frac{6+5i}{8} \) \hspace{1cm} [C] \( \frac{6+i}{8} \) \hspace{1cm} [D] \( \frac{7-5i}{10} \)

18. Melissa and Joe are playing a game with complex numbers. If Melissa has a score of \( 5-4i \) and Joe has a score of \( 3+2i \), what is their total score?

[A] 8 + 2i \hspace{1cm} [B] 8 - 2i \hspace{1cm} [C] 8 + 6i \hspace{1cm} [D] 8 - 6i

19. Show that the product of \( a + bi \) and its conjugate is a real number.

20. In an electrical circuit, the voltage, \( E \), in volts, the current, \( I \), in amps, and the opposition to the flow of current, called impedance, \( Z \), in ohms, are related by the equation \( E = Iz \). A circuit has a current of \( 3 + i \) amps and an impedance of \( -2 + i \) ohms. Determine the voltage in \( a + bi \) form.

21. Impedance measures the opposition of an electrical circuit to the flow of electricity. The total impedance in a particular circuit is given by the formula \( Z_T = \frac{Z_1Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} \). What is the total impedance of a circuit, \( Z_T \), if \( Z_1 = 1+2i \) and \( Z_2 = 1-2i \)?

[A] 0 \hspace{1cm} [B] \( \frac{5}{2} \) \hspace{1cm} [C] \( -\frac{3}{2} \) \hspace{1cm} [D] 1

22. The relationship between voltage, \( E \), current, \( I \), and resistance, \( Z \), is given by the equation \( E = Iz \). If a circuit has a current \( I = 3 + 2i \) and a resistance \( Z = 2 - i \), what is the voltage of this circuit?

[A] 4 - i \hspace{1cm} [B] 8 + i \hspace{1cm} [C] 4 + i \hspace{1cm} [D] 8 + 7i

23. Fractal geometry uses the complex number plane to draw diagrams, such as the one shown in the accompanying graph.

Which number is not included in the shaded area?

[A] -0.9 \hspace{1cm} [B] -0.5 - 0.5i \hspace{1cm} [C] -0.9 - 0.9i \hspace{1cm} [D] -0.5i

24. Two complex numbers are graphed below.

What is the sum of \( w \) and \( u \), expressed in standard complex number form?

[A] 7 + 3i \hspace{1cm} [B] 3 + 7i \hspace{1cm} [C] -5 + 3i \hspace{1cm} [D] 5 + 7i
25. Find the sum of $-2 + 3i$ and $-1 - 2i$. Graph the resultant on the accompanying set of axes.

26. What is the value of $\sum_{m=1}^{3} (2m+1)^{m-1}$?

27. What is the value of $\sum_{m=2}^{5} (m^2 - 1)$?

28. Evaluate: $2\sum_{n=1}^{5} (2n - 1)$

29. Evaluate: $\sum_{n=1}^{5} (n^2 + n)$

30. The projected total annual profits, in dollars, for the Nutyme Clothing Company from 2002 to 2004 can be approximated by the model $\sum_{n=0}^{3} (13,567n + 294)$, where $n$ is the year and $n = 0$ represents 2002. Use this model to find the company's projected total annual profits, in dollars, for the period 2002 to 2004.

31. A ball is dropped from a height of 8 feet and allowed to bounce. Each time the ball bounces, it bounces back to half its previous height. The vertical distance the ball travels, $d$, is given by the formula $d = 8 + 16 \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k$, where $n$ is the number of bounces. Based on this formula, what is the total vertical distance that the ball has traveled after four bounces?
   [A] 15.0 ft  [B] 8.9 ft  [C] 23.0 ft  [D] 22.0 ft

32. If $\binom{n}{r}$ represents the number of combinations of $n$ items taken $r$ at a time, what is the value of $\sum_{r=1}^{3} \binom{n}{r}$?

33. The value of $\sum_{r=2}^{4} C_r$ is

34. Evaluate: $\sum_{k=0}^{3} (3\cos k\pi + 1)$

35. Evaluate: $\sum_{k=1}^{2} \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{(2k-1)!}$

36. What is the value of $\sum_{b=0}^{3} (2-(b)i)$?
   [A] 8-5i  [B] 2-5i  [C] 8-6i  [D] 2-6i

37. What is the value of $\sum_{n=1}^{5} (-2n + 100)$?
Graphs & Statistics

Relating Graphs to Events

38. A bug travels up a tree, from the ground, over a 30-second interval. It travels fast at first and then slows down. It stops for 10 seconds, then proceeds slowly, speeding up as it goes. Which sketch best illustrates the bug's distance \((d)\) from the ground over the 30-second interval \((t)\)?

[A] \[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{d} \\
\text{t}
\end{array}
\]

[B] \[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{d} \\
\text{t}
\end{array}
\]

[C] \[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{d} \\
\text{t}
\end{array}
\]

[D] \[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{d} \\
\text{t}
\end{array}
\]

Central Tendency

39. What is the mean of the data in the accompanying table?

40. Two social studies classes took the same current events examination that was scored on the basis of 100 points. Mr. Wong's class had a median score of 78 and a range of 4 points, while Ms. Rizzo's class had a median score of 78 and a range of 22 points. Explain how these classes could have the same median score while having very different ranges.

41. The accompanying graph shows the heart rate, in beats per minute, of a jogger during a 4-minute interval.

What is the range of the jogger's heart rate during this interval?


42. The effect of pH on the action of a certain enzyme is shown on the accompanying graph.

What is the domain of this function?

[A] \(4 \leq x \leq 13\) [B] \(x \geq 0\) [C] \(y \geq 0\) [D] \(4 \leq y \leq 13\)
STANDARD DEVIATION

43. Jean's scores on five mathematics tests were 98, 97, 99, 98, and 96. Her scores on five English tests were 78, 84, 95, 72, and 79. Which statement is true about the standard deviations for the scores?

[A] More information is needed to determine the relationship between the standard deviations.

[B] The standard deviations for both sets of scores are equal.

[C] The standard deviation for the math scores is greater than the standard deviation for the English scores.

[D] The standard deviation for the English scores is greater than the standard deviation for the math scores.

44. On a standardized test, a score of 86 falls exactly 1.5 standard deviations below the mean. If the standard deviation for the test is 2, what is the mean score for this test?

[A] 87.5  [B] 89  [C] 84  [D] 84.5

45. On a nationwide examination, the Adams School had a mean score of 875 and a standard deviation of 12. The Boswell School had a mean score of 855 and a standard deviation of 20. In which school was there greater consistency in the scores? Explain how you arrived at your answer.

46. An electronics company produces a headphone set that can be adjusted to accommodate different-sized heads. Research into the distance between the top of people's heads and the top of their ears produced the following data, in inches:

4.5, 4.8, 6.2, 5.5, 5.6, 5.4, 5.8, 6.0, 5.8, 6.2, 4.6, 5.0, 5.4, 5.8

The company decides to design their headphones to accommodate three standard deviations from the mean. Find, to the nearest tenth, the mean, the standard deviation, and the range of distances that must be accommodated.

47. The number of children of each of the first 41 United States presidents is given in the accompanying table. For this population, determine the mean and the standard deviation to the nearest tenth. How many of these presidents fall within one standard deviation of the mean?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Children (x_i)</th>
<th>Number of Presidents (f)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>7</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
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CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

48. Which scatter diagram shows the strongest positive correlation?

[A] ![Scatter Plot A]  [B] ![Scatter Plot B]  [C] ![Scatter Plot C]  [D] ![Scatter Plot D]

49. The relationship of a woman's shoe size and length of a woman's foot, in inches, is given in the accompanying table.

<table>
<thead>
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<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foot Length (in)</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>9.25</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>9.75</td>
</tr>
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</table>

The linear correlation coefficient for this relationship is

[A] 0.5  [B] 0  [C] -1  [D] 1
50. A linear regression equation of best fit between a student's attendance and the degree of success in school is \( h = 0.5x + 68.5 \). The correlation coefficient, \( r \), for these data would be

- [A] \(-1 < r < 0\)
- [B] \( r = 0 \)
- [C] \( r = -1 \)
- [D] \( 0 < r < 1 \)

51. Which graph represents data used in a linear regression that produces a correlation coefficient closest to \(-1\)?

- [A]
- [B]
- [C]
- [D]

**LINEAR REGRESSION EQUATIONS**

52. A real estate agent plans to compare the price of a cottage, \( y \), in a town on the seashore to the number of blocks, \( x \), the cottage is from the beach. The accompanying table shows a random sample of sales and location data.

Write a linear regression equation that relates the price of a cottage to its distance from the beach.

Use the equation to predict the price of a cottage, to the nearest dollar, located three blocks from the beach.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Blocks from the Beach</th>
<th>Price of a Cottage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$132,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>$310,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$294,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$238,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$275,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$40,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

53. The 1999 win-loss statistics for the American League East baseball teams on a particular date is shown in the accompanying chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>W</th>
<th>L</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toronto</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tampa Bay</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baltimore</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Find the mean for the number of wins, \( \bar{W} \), and the mean for the number of losses, \( \bar{L} \), and determine if the point \((\bar{W}, \bar{L})\) is a point on the line of best fit. Justify your answer.

54. In a mathematics class of ten students, the teacher wanted to determine how a homework grade influenced a student's performance on the subsequent test. The homework grade and subsequent test grade for each student are given in the accompanying table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Homework Grade ((x))</th>
<th>Test Grade ((y))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a Give the equation of the linear regression line for this set of data.
b A new student comes to the class and earns a homework grade of 78. Based on the equation in part a, what grade would the teacher predict the student would receive on the subsequent test, to the nearest integer?
55. The table below shows the results of an experiment that relates the height at which a ball is dropped, \( x \), to the height of its first bounce, \( y \).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drop Height (( x )) (cm)</th>
<th>Bounce Height (( y )) (cm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Find \( \bar{x} \), the mean of the drop heights.
Find \( \bar{y} \), the mean of the bounce heights.
Find the linear regression equation that best fits the data.
Show that \((\bar{x}, \bar{y})\) is a point on the line of regression. [The use of the grid is optional.]

56. Two different tests were designed to measure understanding of a topic. The two tests were given to ten students with the following results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test x</th>
<th>75</th>
<th>78</th>
<th>58</th>
<th>62</th>
<th>48</th>
<th>67</th>
<th>93</th>
<th>75</th>
<th>74</th>
<th>81</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test y</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Construct a scatter plot for these scores, and then write an equation for the line of best fit (round slope and intercept to the nearest hundredth).

Find the correlation coefficient.
Predict the score, to the nearest integer, on test \( y \) for a student who scored 87 on test \( x \).
57. The availability of leaded gasoline in New York State is decreasing, as shown in the accompanying table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gallons Available (in thousands)</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Determine a linear relationship for \( x \) (years) versus \( y \) (gallons available), based on the data given. The data should be entered using the year and gallons available (in thousands), such as (1984, 150).

If this relationship continues, determine the number of gallons of leaded gasoline available in New York State in the year 2005.

If this relationship continues, during what year will leaded gasoline first become unavailable in New York State?

58. The accompanying table illustrates the number of movie theaters showing a popular film and the film's weekly gross earnings, in millions of dollars.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Theaters (( n ))</th>
<th>Gross Earnings (( y )) (millions of dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>442</td>
<td>2.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>455</td>
<td>2.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>493</td>
<td>3.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>530</td>
<td>4.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>569</td>
<td>4.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>657</td>
<td>4.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>723</td>
<td>5.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,084</td>
<td>9.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Write the linear regression equation for this set of data, rounding values to five decimal places.

Using this linear regression equation, find the approximate gross earnings, in millions of dollars, generated by 610 theaters.

Round your answer to two decimal places.

Find the minimum number of theaters that would generate at least 7.65 million dollars in gross earnings in one week.

59. Since 1990, fireworks usage nationwide has grown, as shown in the accompanying table, where \( t \) represents the number of years since 1990, and \( p \) represents the fireworks usage per year, in millions of pounds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Years Since 1990 (( t ))</th>
<th>Fireworks Usage per Year, in Millions of Pounds (( p ))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>67.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>88.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>119.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>120.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>132.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>118.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>159.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>161.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Find the equation of the linear regression model for this set of data, where \( t \) is the independent variable. Round values to four decimal places.

Using this equation, determine in what year fireworks usage would have reached 99 million pounds.

Based on this linear model, how many millions of pounds of fireworks would be used in the year 2008? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.
60. A factory is producing and stockpiling metal sheets to be shipped to an automobile manufacturing plant. The factory ships only when there is a minimum of 2,050 sheets in stock. The accompanying table shows the day, \( x \), and the number of sheets in stock, \( f(x) \).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day ( x )</th>
<th>Sheets in Stock ( f(x) )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1380</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Write the linear regression equation for this set of data, rounding the coefficients to four decimal places. Use this equation to determine the day the sheets will be shipped.

EXPOENTIAL REGRESSION EQUATIONS

61. A box containing 1,000 coins is shaken, and the coins are emptied onto a table. Only the coins that land heads up are returned to the box, and then the process is repeated. The accompanying table shows the number of trials and the number of coins returned to the box after each trial.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trial</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coins Returned</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>610</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Write an exponential regression equation, rounding the calculated values to the nearest ten-thousandth. Use the equation to predict how many coins would be returned to the box after the eighth trial.

62. The table below, created in 1996, shows a history of transit fares from 1955 to 1995. On the accompanying grid, construct a scatter plot where the independent variable is years. State the exponential regression equation with the coefficient and base rounded to the nearest thousandth. Using this equation, determine the prediction that should have been made for the year 1998, to the nearest cent.
63. The accompanying table shows the average salary of baseball players since 1984. Using the data in the table, create a scatter plot on the grid and state the exponential regression equation with the coefficient and base rounded to the nearest hundredth. Using your written regression equation, estimate the salary of a baseball player in the year 2005, to the nearest thousand dollars.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Numbers of Years Since 1984</th>
<th>Average Salary (thousands of dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1,590</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

64. The breaking strength, $y$, in tons, of steel cable with diameter $d$, in inches, is given in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$d$ (in)</th>
<th>$y$ (tons)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>9.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>21.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>38.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>59.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>84.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On the accompanying grid, make a scatter plot of these data. Write the exponential regression equation, expressing the regression coefficients to the nearest tenth.

NORMAL DISTRIBUTIONS

65. In a certain school district, the ages of all new teachers hired during the last 5 years are normally distributed. Within this curve, 95.4% of the ages, centered about the mean, are between 24.6 and 37.4 years. Find the mean age and the standard deviation of the data.
66. Professor Bartrich has 184 students in her mathematics class. The scores on the final examination are normally distributed and have a mean of 72.3 and a standard deviation of 8.9. How many students in the class can be expected to receive a score between 82 and 90?

67. In a New York City high school, a survey revealed the mean amount of cola consumed each week was 12 bottles and the standard deviation was 2.8 bottles. Assuming the survey represents a normal distribution, how many bottles of cola per week will approximately 68.2% of the students drink?

A. 6.4 to 12  B. 12 to 20.4
C. 9.2 to 14.8  D. 6.4 to 17.6

68. The amount of ketchup dispensed from a machine at Hamburger Palace is normally distributed with a mean of 0.9 ounce and a standard deviation of 0.1 ounce. If the machine is used 500 times, approximately how many times will it be expected to dispense 1 or more ounces of ketchup?

A. 16  B. 80  C. 5  D. 100

69. The amount of juice dispensed from a machine is normally distributed with a mean of 10.50 ounces and a standard deviation of 0.75 ounce. Which interval represents the amount of juice dispensed about 68.2% of the time?

A. 9.75-10.50  B. 10.50-11.25
C. 9.00-12.00  D. 9.75-11.25

70. The mean of a normally distributed set of data is 56, and the standard deviation is 5. In which interval do approximately 95.4% of all cases lie?

A. 46-56  B. 46-66
C. 51-61  D. 56-71

71. Twenty high school students took an examination and received the following scores:
70, 60, 75, 68, 85, 86, 78, 72, 82, 88, 88, 73, 74, 79, 86, 82, 90, 92, 93, 73
Determine what percent of the students scored within one standard deviation of the mean. Do the results of the examination approximate a normal distribution? Justify your answer.

72. The national mean for verbal scores on an exam was 428 and the standard deviation was 113. Approximately what percent of those taking this test had verbal scores between 315 and 541?

A. 52.8%  B. 38.2%
C. 68.2%  D. 26.4%

73. Battery lifetime is normally distributed for large samples. The mean lifetime is 500 days and the standard deviation is 61 days. Approximately what percent of batteries have lifetimes longer than 561 days?

A. 16%  B. 84%
C. 34%  D. 68%

74. From 1984 to 1995, the winning scores for a golf tournament were 276, 279, 279, 277, 278, 278, 280, 282, 285, 272, 279, and 278. Using the standard deviation for the sample, \( S_x \), find the percent of these winning scores that fall within one standard deviation of the mean.

75. On a standardized test, the distribution of scores is normal, the mean of the scores is 75, and the standard deviation is 5.8. If a student scored 83, the student's score ranks

A. below the 75th percentile
B. between the 84th percentile and the 97th percentile
C. between the 75th percentile and the 84th percentile
D. above the 97th percentile
76. The mean score on a normally distributed exam is 42 with a standard deviation of 12.1. Which score would be expected to occur less than 5% of the time?


77. Mrs. Ramirez is a real estate broker. Last month, the sale prices of homes in her area approximated a normal distribution with a mean of $150,000 and a standard deviation of $25,000.
A house had a sale price of $175,000. What is the percentile rank of its sale price, to the nearest whole number? Explain what that percentile means.
Mrs. Ramirez told a customer that most of the houses sold last month had selling prices between $125,000 and $175,000. Explain why she is correct.

PROBABILITY

NORMAL PROBABILITY

78. The amount of time that a teenager plays video games in any given week is normally distributed. If a teenager plays video games an average of 15 hours per week, with a standard deviation of 3 hours, what is the probability of a teenager playing video games between 15 and 18 hours a week?

79. A shoe manufacturer collected data regarding men's shoe sizes and found that the distribution of sizes exactly fits the normal curve. If the mean shoe size is 11 and the standard deviation is 1.5, find:
   a) the probability that a man's shoe size is greater than or equal to 11
   b) the probability that a man's shoe size is greater than or equal to 12.5
   c) \( P(size \geq 12.5) \) / \( P(size \geq 8) \)

80. A set of normally distributed student test scores has a mean of 80 and a standard deviation of 4. Determine the probability that a randomly selected score will be between 74 and 82.

BINOMIAL PROBABILITY

81. At a certain intersection, the light for eastbound traffic is red for 15 seconds, yellow for 5 seconds, and green for 30 seconds. Find, to the nearest tenth, the probability that out of the next eight eastbound cars that arrive randomly at the light, exactly three will be stopped by a red light.

82. As shown in the accompanying diagram, a circular target with a radius of 9 inches has a bull's-eye that has a radius of 3 inches. If five arrows randomly hit the target, what is the probability that at least four hit the bull's-eye?

83. Team A and team B are playing in a league. They will play each other five times. If the probability that team A wins a game is \( \frac{1}{3} \), what is the probability that team A will win at least three of the five games?

84. After studying a couple's family history, a doctor determines that the probability of any child born to this couple having a gene for disease X is 1 out of 4. If the couple has three children, what is the probability that exactly two of the children have the gene for disease X?
85. Which fraction represents the probability of obtaining exactly eight heads in ten tosses of a fair coin?

[A] $\frac{64}{1024}$  
[B] $\frac{180}{1024}$  
[C] $\frac{90}{1024}$  
[D] $\frac{45}{1024}$

86. The probability that Kyla will score above a 90 on a mathematics test is $\frac{4}{5}$. What is the probability that she will score above a 90 on three of the four tests this quarter?

[A] $\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^3 \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^1$  
[B] $\binom{4}{3} \left( \frac{4}{5} \right)^3 \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^1$  
[C] $\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{4}{5} \right)^1 \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^3$  
[D] $\binom{4}{3} \left( \frac{4}{5} \right)^1 \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^3$

87. On any given day, the probability that the entire Watson family eats dinner together is $\frac{2}{5}$. Find the probability that, during any 7-day period, the Watsons eat dinner together at least six times.

88. When Joe bowls, he can get a strike (knock down all the pins) 60% of the time. How many times more likely is it for Joe to bowl at least three strikes out of four tries as it is for him to bowl zero strikes out of four tries? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.

89. The Hiking Club plans to go camping in a State park where the probability of rain on any given day is 0.7. Which expression can be used to find the probability that it will rain on exactly three of the seven days they are there?

[A] $\binom{3}{3} \left( 0.3 \right)^3 \left( 0.7 \right)^4$  
[B] $\binom{3}{3} \left( 0.7 \right)^4 \left( 0.3 \right)^3$  
[C] $\binom{4}{3} \left( 0.4 \right)^4 \left( 0.3 \right)^3$  
[D] $\binom{4}{3} \left( 0.7 \right)^3 \left( 0.7 \right)^4$

90. A board game has a spinner on a circle that has five equal sectors, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively. If a player has four spins, find the probability that the player spins an even number no more than two times on those four spins.

91. Tim Parker, a star baseball player, hits one home run for every ten times he is at bat. If Parker goes to bat five times during tonight's game, what is the probability that he will hit at least four home runs?

92. If the probability that it will rain on any given day this week is 60%, find the probability it will rain exactly 3 out of 7 days this week.

93. The probability that a planted watermelon seed will sprout is $\frac{3}{4}$. If Peyton plants seven seeds from a slice of watermelon, find, to the nearest ten thousandth, the probability that at least five will sprout.

94. The Coolidge family's favorite television channels are 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, and 13. If the Coolidge family selects a favorite channel at random to view each night, what is the probability that they choose exactly three even-numbered channels in five nights? Express your answer as a fraction or as a decimal rounded to four decimal places.

95. During a recent survey, students at Franconia College were asked if they drink coffee in the morning. The results showed that two-thirds of the students drink coffee in the morning and the remainder do not. What is the probability that of six students selected at random, exactly two of them drink coffee in the morning? Express your answer as a fraction or as a decimal rounded to four decimal places.
96. Ginger and Mary Anne are planning a vacation trip to the island of Capri, where the probability of rain on any day is 0.3. What is the probability that during their five days on the island, they have no rain on exactly three of the five days?

FUNCTIONS

MODELING RELATIONSHIPS

100. A store advertises that during its Labor Day sale $15 will be deducted from every purchase over $100. In addition, after the deduction is taken, the store offers an early-bird discount of 20% to any person who makes a purchase before 10 a.m. If Hakeem makes a purchase of $x$ dollars, $x > 100$, at 8 a.m., what, in terms of $x$, is the cost of Hakeem's purchase?

[A] $0.20x - 15$  
[B] $0.20x - 3$  
[C] $0.80x - 12$  
[D] $0.85x - 20$

GRAPHING FUNCTIONS

101. The graph below represents $f(x)$.

Which graph best represents $|f(x)|$?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D]

102. Given the function $y = f(x)$, such that the entire graph of the function lies above the $x$-axis. Explain why the equation $f(x) = 0$ has no real solutions.
103. Which equation is represented by the accompanying graph?

[A] \[y = |x - 3| + 1\]    [B] \[y = |x + 3| - 1\]
[C] \[y = (x - 3)^2 + 1\]    [D] \[y = |x| - 3\]

104. Which relation is not a function?

[A] \[y = 2x + 4\]    [B] \[x = 3y - 2\]
[C] \[x = y^2 + 2x - 3\]    [D] \[y = x^2 - 4x + 3\]

105. Which relation is a function?

[A] \[x = 4\]    [B] \[x^2 + y^2 = 16\]
[C] \[y = \sin x\]    [D] \[x = y^2 + 1\]

106. Which equation represents a function?

[A] \[4y^2 = 36 - 9x^2\]    [B] \[x = y^2 - 6x + 8\]
[C] \[y = x^2 - 3x - 4\]    [D] \[x^2 + y^2 = 4\]

107. Which set of ordered pairs is not a function?

[A] \{(4,1), (5,1), (6,1), (7,1)\}    [B] \{(0,0), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}
[C] \{(3,1), (2,1), (1,2), (3,2)\}    [D] \{(1,2), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6)\}

108. Which relation is a function?

[A] \[x^2 - y^2 = 7\]    [B] \[x^2 + y^2 = 7\]
[C] \[x = 7\]    [D] \[xy = 7\]

109. Which graph is not a function?

[A] [Graph A]    [B] [Graph B]
[C] [Graph C]    [D] [Graph D]

110. Which graph does not represent a function of \(x\)?

[A] [Graph A]    [B] [Graph B]
[C] [Graph C]    [D] [Graph D]

111. On the accompanying diagram, draw a mapping of a relation from set \(A\) to set \(B\) that is not a function. Explain why the relationship you drew is not a function.
112. Which diagram represents a relation in which each member of the domain corresponds to only one member of its range?

[A]  

[B]  

[C]  

[D]  

113. Each graph below represents a possible relationship between temperature and pressure. Which graph does not represent a function?

[A]  

[B]  

[C]  

[D]  

114. Which diagram represents a one-to-one function?

[A]  

[B]  

[C]  

[D]  

115. If \( f(x) = 5x^2 \) and \( g(x) = \sqrt{2x} \), what is the value of \((f \circ g)(8)\)?

[A] \(8\sqrt{10}\)  

[B] 16  

[C] 1,280  

[D] 80

116. If \( f(x) = x^\frac{2}{3} \) and \( g(x) = 8x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \), find \((f \circ g)(x)\) and \((f \circ g)(27)\).

117. If \( f(x) = 2^x - 1 \) and \( g(x) = x^2 - 1 \), determine the value of \((f \circ g)(3)\).

118. If \( f(x) = 5x^2 - 1 \) and \( g(x) = 3x - 1 \), find \( g(f(1))\).
119. If \( f(x) = -2x + 7 \) and \( g(x) = x^2 - 2 \), then \( f(g(3)) \) is equal to

- [A] -7  
- [B] -1  
- [C] 7  
- [D] -3

120. If \( f \) and \( g \) are two functions defined by \( f(x) = 3x + 5 \) and \( g(x) = x^2 + 1 \), then \( g(f(x)) \) is

- [A] \( 9x^2 + 30x + 26 \)  
- [B] \( x^2 + 3x + 6 \)  
- [C] \( 3x^2 + 8 \)  
- [D] \( 9x^2 + 26 \)

121. If \( f(x) = \frac{2}{x+3} \) and \( g(x) = \frac{1}{x} \), then \( (g \circ f)(x) \) is equal to

- [A] \( \frac{2x}{1+3x} \)  
- [B] \( \frac{x+3}{2x} \)  
- [C] \( \frac{x+3}{2} \)  
- [D] \( \frac{1+3x}{2x} \)

122. If \( f(x) = x + 1 \) and \( g(x) = x^2 - 1 \), the expression \( (g \circ f)(x) \) equals 0 when \( x \) is equal to

- [A] -2, only  
- [B] 0, only  
- [C] 0 and -2  
- [D] 1 and -1

123. If \( f(x) = 2x^2 + 4 \) and \( g(x) = x - 3 \), which number satisfies \( f(x) = (f \circ g)(x) \)?

- [A] 5  
- [B] \( \frac{3}{2} \)  
- [C] \( \frac{3}{4} \)  
- [D] 4

124. The accompanying graph is a sketch of the function \( y = f(x) \) over the interval \( 0 \leq x \leq 7 \).

What is the value of \( (f \circ f)(6) \)?

- [A] 0  
- [B] 2  
- [C] -2  
- [D] 1

125. A certain drug raises a patient's heart rate, \( h(x) \), in beats per minute, according to the function \( h(x) = 70 + 0.2x \), where \( x \) is the bloodstream drug level, in milligrams. The level of the drug in the patient's bloodstream is a function of time, \( t \), in hours, according to the formula \( g(t) = 300(0.8)^t \). Find the value of \( h(g(4)) \), the patient's heart rate in beats per minute, to the nearest whole number.

126. The temperature generated by an electrical circuit is represented by \( t = f(m) = 0.3m^2 \), where \( m \) is the number of moving parts. The resistance of the same circuit is represented by \( r = g(t) = 150 + 5t \), where \( t \) is the temperature. What is the resistance in a circuit that has four moving parts?

- [A] 156  
- [B] 8,670  
- [C] 174  
- [D] 51

OPERATIONS WITH FUNCTIONS

127. The revenue, \( R(x) \), from selling \( x \) units of a product is represented by the equation \( R(x) = 35x \), while the total cost, \( C(x) \), of making \( x \) units of the product is represented by the equation \( C(x) = 20x + 500 \). The total profit, \( P(x) \), is represented by the equation \( P(x) = R(x) - C(x) \). For the values of \( R(x) \) and \( C(x) \) given above, what is \( P(x) \)?

- [A] \( 15x \)  
- [B] \( 10x + 100 \)  
- [C] \( 15x + 500 \)  
- [D] \( 15x - 500 \)

128. The cost \( C \) of selling \( x \) calculators in a store is modeled by the equation \( C = \frac{3,200,000}{x} + 60,000 \). The store profit \( P \) for these sales is modeled by the equation \( P = 500x \). What is the minimum number of calculators that have to be sold for profit to be greater than cost?
129. A company calculates its profit by finding the difference between revenue and cost. The cost function of producing \( x \) hammers is \( C(x) = 4x + 170 \). If each hammer is sold for \$10\), the revenue function for selling \( x \) hammers is \( R(x) = 10x \).

How many hammers must be sold to make a profit?
How many hammers must be sold to make a profit of \$100\)?

**INVERSE OF FUNCTIONS**

130. If a function is defined by the equation \( y = 3x + 2 \), which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A] \( y = -3x - 2 \)  
[B] \( y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3} \)
[C] \( y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{2} \)  
[D] \( x = \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{1}{2} \)

131. A function is defined by the equation \( y = 5x - 5 \). Which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A] \( x = \frac{1}{5}y - \frac{5}{5} \)  
[B] \( y = \frac{1}{5x - 5} \)
[C] \( y = 5x + 5 \)  
[D] \( x = 5y - 5 \)

132. A function is defined by the equation \( y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2} \). Which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A] \( y = 2x - 3 \)  
[B] \( y = 2x + \frac{3}{2} \)
[C] \( y = 2x - \frac{3}{2} \)  
[D] \( y = 2x + 3 \)

133. Given: \( f(x) = x^2 \) and \( g(x) = 2^x \)

a The inverse of \( g \) is a function, but the inverse of \( f \) is not a function. Explain why this statement is true.

b Find \( g^{-1}(f(3)) \) to the nearest tenth.

134. If the point \((a, b)\) lies on the graph \( y = f(x) \), the graph of \( y = f^{-1}(x) \) must contain point

[A] \((-a, -b)\)  
[B] \((0, b)\)
[C] \((b, a)\)  
[D] \((a, 0)\)

135. Which graph represents the inverse of \( f(x) = \{(0,1),(1,4),(2,3)\}\)?

[A] ![Graph A]

[B] ![Graph B]

[C] ![Graph C]

[D] ![Graph D]

136. What is the inverse of the function \( y = \log_4 x \)?

[A] \( 4^x = x \)  
[B] \( 4^x = y \)
[C] \( y^x = x \)  
[D] \( x^y = y \)

137. The inverse of a function is a logarithmic function in the form \( y = \log_a x \). Which equation represents the original function?

[A] \( by = x \)  
[B] \( y = b^x \)
[C] \( x = b^y \)  
[D] \( y = bx \)
138. The accompanying diagram shows the graph of the line whose equation is 
\[ y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2. \]
On the same set of axes, sketch the graph of the inverse of this function.
State the coordinates of a point on the inverse function.

139. Draw \( f(x) = 2x^2 \) and \( f^{-1}(x) \) in the interval \( 0 \leq x \leq 2 \) on the accompanying set of axes. State the coordinates of the points of intersection.

140. At the local video rental store, José rents two movies and three games for a total of $15.50. At the same time, Meg rents three movies and one game for a total of $12.05. How much money is needed to rent a combination of one game and one movie?

141. The cost of a long-distance telephone call is determined by a flat fee for the first 5 minutes and a fixed amount for each additional minute. If a 15-minute telephone call costs $3.25 and a 23-minute call costs $5.17, find the cost of a 30-minute call.

WRITING LINEAR SYSTEMS

BREAK EVEN

142. A cellular telephone company has two plans. Plan A charges $11 a month and $0.21 per minute. Plan B charges $20 a month and $0.10 per minute. After how much time, to the nearest minute, will the cost of plan A be equal to the cost of plan B?

[A] 81 hr 48 min  
[B] 81 hr 8 min  
[C] 1 hr 36 min  
[D] 1 hr 22 min

143. Island Rent-a-Car charges a car rental fee of $40 plus $5 per hour or fraction of an hour. Wayne's Wheels charges a car rental fee of $25 plus $7.50 per hour or fraction of an hour. Under what conditions does it cost less to rent from Island Rent-a-Car? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

LINEAR SYSTEMS

140. At the local video rental store, José rents two movies and three games for a total of $15.50. At the same time, Meg rents three movies and one game for a total of $12.05. How much money is needed to rent a combination of one game and one movie?
INEQUALITIES

ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES

144. Which equation states that the temperature, \( t \), in a room is less than 3° from 68°?

[A] \(|68 - t| < 3\)  
[B] \(|68 + t| < 3\)  
[C] \(|3 + t| < 68\)  
[D] \(|3 - t| < 68\)

145. The solution set of \(|3x + 2| < 1\) contains

[A] both positive and negative real numbers  
[B] only positive real numbers  
[C] only negative real numbers  
[D] no real numbers

146. What is the solution set of the inequality \(|3 - 2x| \geq 4\)?

[A] \(\{x| x \leq -\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } x \geq \frac{7}{2}\}\)  
[B] \(\{x| x \leq \frac{7}{2} \text{ or } x \geq \frac{1}{2}\}\)  
[C] \(\{x| \frac{7}{2} \leq x \leq -\frac{1}{2}\}\)  
[D] \(\{x| -\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{7}{2}\}\)

147. What is the solution of the inequality \(|x + 3| \leq 5\)?

[A] \(x \leq -8 \text{ or } x \geq 2\)  
[B] \(-8 \leq x \leq 2\)  
[C] \(x \leq -2 \text{ or } x \geq 8\)  
[D] \(-2 \leq x \leq 8\)

148. The solution of \(|2x - 3| < 5\) is

[A] \(x > -1\)  
[B] \(x < -1 \text{ or } x > 4\)  
[C] \(-1 < x < 4\)  
[D] \(x < 4\)

149. What is the solution of the inequality \(|y + 8| > 3\)?

[A] \(y > -5\)  
[B] \(-5 < y < 11\)  
[C] \(y > -5 \text{ or } y < -11\)  
[D] \(-11 < y < -5\)

150. Which graph represents the solution set of \(|2x - 1| < 7\)?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D]

151. Which graph represents the solution set for the expression \(|2x + 3| > 7\)?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D]

152. The solution set of which inequality is represented by the accompanying graph?

[A] \(|x - 2| < 7\)  
[B] \(|2 - x| > -7\)  
[C] \(|2 - x| < -7\)  
[D] \(|x - 2| > 7\)

153. The inequality \(|1.5C - 24| \leq 30\) represents the range of monthly average temperatures, \(C\), in degrees Celsius, for Toledo, Ohio. Solve for \(C\).

154. A depth finder shows that the water in a certain place is 620 feet deep. The difference between \(d\), the actual depth of the water, and the reading is \(d - 620\) and must be less than or equal to 0.05\(d\). Find the minimum and maximum values of \(d\), to the nearest tenth of a foot.
155. The heights, $h$, of the students in the chorus at Central Middle School satisfy the inequality $\frac{h - 57.5}{2} \leq 3.25$, when $h$ is measured in inches. Determine the interval in which these heights lie and express your answer to the nearest tenth of a foot. [Only an algebraic solution can receive full credit.]

**QUADRATIC INEQUALITIES**

156. The profit a coat manufacturer makes each day is modeled by the equation $P(x) = -x^2 + 120x - 2000$, where $P$ is the profit and $x$ is the price for each coat sold. For what values of $x$ does the company make a profit? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

157. When a baseball is hit by a batter, the height of the ball, $h(t)$, at time $t$, $t \geq 0$, is determined by the equation $h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 4$. For which interval of time is the height of the ball greater than or equal to 52 feet?

158. The profit, $P$, for manufacturing a wireless device is given by the equation $P = -10x^2 + 750x - 9,000$, where $x$ is the selling price, in dollars, for each wireless device. What range of selling prices allows the manufacturer to make a profit on this wireless device? [The use of the grid is optional.]

159. Which graph represents the solution set of the inequality $x^2 - 4x - 5 < 0$?

[A] [B] [C] [D]

160. Which graph represents the solution set of $x^2 - x - 12 < 0$?

[A] [B] [C] [D]
161. The height of a projectile is modeled by the equation \( y = -2x^2 + 38x + 10 \), where \( x \) is time, in seconds, and \( y \) is height, in feet. During what interval of time, to the nearest tenth of a second, is the projectile at least 125 feet above ground? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

162. What is the equation of a parabola that goes through points (0,1), (-1,6), and (2,3)?

[A] \( y = x^2 - 3x + 1 \)
[B] \( y = 2x^2 - 3x + 1 \)
[C] \( y = 2x^2 + 1 \)  \[D\] \( y = x^2 + 1 \)

163. For which quadratic equation is the axis of symmetry \( x = 3 \)?

[A] \( y = -x^2 + 6x + 2 \)
[B] \( y = x^2 + x + 3 \)  \[C\] \( y = x^2 + 6x + 3 \)
[D] \( y = -x^2 + 3x + 5 \)

164. The graph of \( y = (x - 3)^2 \) is shifted left 4 units and down 2 units. What is the axis of symmetry of the transformed graph?

[A] \( x = 7 \)  \[B\] \( x = -2 \)
[C] \( x = -1 \)  \[D\] \( x = 1 \)

165. Which quadratic function is shown in the accompanying graph?

[A] \( y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 \)  \[B\] \( y = 2x^2 \)
[C] \( y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \)  \[D\] \( y = -2x^2 \)

166. Which equation represents the parabola shown in the accompanying graph?

[A] \( f(x) = (x + 1)^2 - 3 \)
[B] \( f(x) = -(x - 3)^2 - 3 \)
[C] \( f(x) = -(x + 3)^2 + 1 \)  \[D\] \( f(x) = -(x - 3)^2 + 1 \)
Math B Regents Exam Questions by Topic

167. A small rocket is launched from a height of 72 feet. The height of the rocket in feet, \( h \), is represented by the equation \( h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 72 \), where \( t \) = time, in seconds. Graph this equation on the accompanying grid. Use your graph to determine the number of seconds that the rocket will remain at or above 100 feet from the ground. [Only a graphic solution can receive full credit.]

168. An acorn falls from the branch of a tree to the ground 25 feet below. The distance, \( S \), the acorn is from the ground as it falls is represented by the equation \( S(t) = -16t^2 + 25 \), where \( t \) represents time, in seconds. Sketch a graph of this situation on the accompanying grid. Calculate, to the nearest hundredth of a second, the time the acorn will take to reach the ground.

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM OF QUADRATICS

169. An archer shoots an arrow into the air such that its height at any time, \( t \), is given by the function \( h(t) = -16t^2 + kt + 3 \). If the maximum height of the arrow occurs at time \( t = 4 \), what is the value of \( k \)?

[A] 4 \hspace{0.5cm} [B] 128 \hspace{0.5cm} [C] 8 \hspace{0.5cm} [D] 64

170. What is the turning point, or vertex, of the parabola whose equation is \( y = 3x^2 + 6x - 1 \)?

[A] (3,44) \hspace{0.5cm} [B] (-1,-4) \hspace{0.5cm} [C] (1,8) \hspace{0.5cm} [D] (-3,8)

171. The height of an object, \( h(t) \), is determined by the formula \( h(t) = -16t^2 + 256t \), where \( t \) is time, in seconds. Will the object reach a maximum or a minimum? Explain or show your reasoning.
172. A baseball player throws a ball from the outfield toward home plate. The ball's height above the ground is modeled by the equation \( y = -16x^2 + 48x + 6 \) where \( y \) represents height, in feet, and \( x \) represents time, in seconds. The ball is initially thrown from a height of 6 feet. How many seconds after the ball is thrown will it again be 6 feet above the ground? What is the maximum height, in feet, that the ball reaches? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

173. Vanessa throws a tennis ball in the air. The function \( h(t) = -16t^2 + 45t + 7 \) represents the distance, in feet, that the ball is from the ground at any time \( t \). At what time, to the nearest tenth of a second, is the ball at its maximum height?

174. The height, \( h \), in feet, a ball will reach when thrown in the air is a function of time, \( t \), in seconds, given by the equation \( h(t) = -16t^2 + 30t + 6 \). Find, to the nearest tenth, the maximum height, in feet, the ball will reach.

175. When a current, \( I \), flows through a given electrical circuit, the power, \( W \), of the circuit can be determined by the formula \( W = 120I - 12I^2 \). What amount of current, \( I \), supplies the maximum power, \( W \)?

176. The equation \( W = 120I - 12I^2 \) represents the power (\( W \)), in watts, of a 120-volt circuit having a resistance of 12 ohms when a current (\( I \)) is flowing through the circuit. What is the maximum power, in watts, that can be delivered in this circuit?

177. A rock is thrown vertically from the ground with a velocity of 24 meters per second, and it reaches a height of \( 2 + 24t - 4.9t^2 \) after \( t \) seconds. How many seconds after the rock is thrown will it reach maximum height, and what is the maximum height the rock will reach, in meters? How many seconds after the rock is thrown will it hit the ground? Round your answers to the nearest hundredth. [Only an algebraic or graphic solution will be accepted.]
SYSTEMS WITH QUADRATICS

178. A pelican flying in the air over water drops a crab from a height of 30 feet. The distance the crab is from the water as it falls can be represented by the function \( h(t) = -16t^2 + 30 \), where \( t \) is time, in seconds. To catch the crab as it falls, a gull flies along a path represented by the function \( g(t) = -8t + 15 \). Can the gull catch the crab before the crab hits the water? Justify your answer. [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

179. The price of a stock, \( A(x) \), over a 12-month period decreased and then increased according to the equation \( A(x) = 0.75x^2 - 6x + 20 \), where \( x \) equals the number of months. The price of another stock, \( B(x) \), increased according to the equation \( B(x) = 2.75x + 1.50 \) over the same 12-month period. Graph and label both equations on the accompanying grid. State all prices, to the nearest dollar, when both stock values were the same.

QUADRATIC FORMULA

180. If the sum of the roots of \( x^2 + 3x - 5 \) is added to the product of its roots, the result is


181. Express, in simplest \( a + bi \) form, the roots of the equation \( x^2 + 5 = 4x \).

182. Solve for \( x \) in simplest \( a + bi \) form:
\( x^2 + 8x + 25 = 0 \)

183. In physics class, Taras discovers that the behavior of electrical power, \( x \), in a particular circuit can be represented by the function \( f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 7 \). If \( f(x) = 0 \), solve the equation and express your answer in simplest \( a + bi \) form.
USING THE DISCRIMINANT

184. Jacob is solving a quadratic equation. He executes a program on his graphing calculator and sees that the roots are real, rational, and unequal. This information indicates to Jacob that the discriminant is

[A] not a perfect square   [B] zero
[C] negative   [D] a perfect square

185. The roots of the equation $x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$ are

[A] real, irrational, and unequal   [B] real, rational, and unequal
[C] real, rational, and equal   [D] imaginary

186. The roots of a quadratic equation are real, rational, and equal when the discriminant is

[A] -2   [B] 0   [C] 2   [D] 4

187. Which equation has imaginary roots?

[A] $x^2 - x - 1 = 0$   [B] $x^2 - 2 = 0$
[C] $x^2 - 1 = 0$   [D] $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$

188. The roots of the equation $ax^2 + 4x = -2$ are real, rational, and equal when $a$ has a value of

[A] 1   [B] 3   [C] 2   [D] 4

189. In the equation $ax^2 + 6x - 9 = 0$, imaginary roots will be generated if

[A] $-1 < a < 1$   [B] $a > -1$, only
[C] $a < -1$   [D] $a < 1$, only

190. The equation $2x^2 + 8x + n = 0$ has imaginary roots when $n$ is equal to


191. The roots of the equation $2x^2 - 8x - 4 = 0$ are

[A] imaginary   [B] real, rational, and unequal
[C] real, rational, and equal   [D] real, irrational, and unequal

192. The roots of the equation $2x^2 - x = 4$ are

[A] real, rational, and unequal   [B] real and irrational
[C] real, rational, and equal   [D] imaginary

193. Which statement must be true if a parabola represented by the equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ does not intersect the x-axis?

[A] $b^2 - 4ac > 0$, and $b^2 - 4ac$ is not a perfect square.
[B] $b^2 - 4ac > 0$, and $b^2 - 4ac$ is a perfect square.
[C] $b^2 - 4ac < 0$   [D] $b^2 - 4ac = 0$

194. For which positive value of $m$ will the equation $4x^2 + mx + 9 = 0$ have roots that are real, equal, and rational?


195. If the roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are real, rational, and equal, what is true about the graph of the function $y = ax^2 + bx + c$?

[A] It lies entirely below the x-axis.
[B] It is tangent to the x-axis.
[C] It lies entirely above the x-axis.
[D] It intersects the x-axis in two distinct points.

196. Find all values of $k$ such that the equation $3x^2 - 2x + k = 0$ has imaginary roots.
197. If $2 + 3i$ is one root of a quadratic equation with real coefficients, what is the sum of the roots of the equation?

198. Which equation has imaginary roots?

[A] $x(5 + x) = 8$  
[B] $x(x + 6) = -10$  
[C] $(2x + 1)(x - 3) = 7$  
[D] $x(5 - x) = -3$

199. The roots of the equation $2x^2 - 5 = 0$ are

[A] real, rational, and unequal  
[B] real and irrational  
[C] real, rational, and equal  
[D] imaginary

POWERS

ZERO AND NEGATIVE POWERS

200. If $f(x) = 4x^0 + (4x)^{-1}$, what is the value of $f(4)$?

[A] $\frac{1}{16}$  
[B] $-12$  
[C] $\frac{41}{16}$  
[D] 0

OPERATIONS WITH POWERS

201. The product of $(5ab)$ and $(-2a^2b^3)$ is

[A] $-40a^3b^4$  
[B] $-30a^7b^4$  
[C] $-30a^6b^4$  
[D] $-40a^7b^4$

202. The expression $\frac{(b^{2n+1})^3}{b^n b^{4n+3}}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\frac{b^n}{2}$  
[B] $b^n$  
[C] $b^{-3n+1}$  
[D] $b^{-3n}$

SCIENTIFIC NOTATION

203. Two objects are $2.4 \times 10^{30}$ centimeters apart. A message from one object travels to the other at a rate of $1.2 \times 10^5$ centimeters per second. How many seconds does it take the message to travel from one object to the other?

[A] $2.88 \times 10^{25}$  
[B] $2.0 \times 10^{15}$  
[C] $1.2 \times 10^{15}$  
[D] $2.0 \times 10^4$

EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

204. The accompanying graph represents the value of a bond over time.

Which type of function does this graph best model?

[A] quadratic  
[B] logarithmic  
[C] exponential  
[D] trigonometric

205. Which equation models the data in the accompanying table?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time in hours, $x$</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Population, $y$</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>640</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[A] $y = 2x$  
[B] $y = 2^x$  
[C] $y = 5(2^x)$  
[D] $y = 2x + 5$

206. What is the domain of $f(x) = 2^x$?

[A] all integers  
[B] all real numbers  
[C] $x \leq 0$  
[D] $x \geq 0$
207. The height, f(x), of a bouncing ball after the xth bounce is represented by \( f(x) = 80(0.5)^x \). How many times higher is the first bounce than the fourth bounce?

- [A] 16
- [B] 8
- [C] 2
- [D] 4

208. The strength of a medication over time is represented by the equation \( y = 200(1.5)^{-x} \), where \( x \) represents the number of hours since the medication was taken and \( y \) represents the number of micrograms per millimeter left in the blood. Which graph best represents this relationship?

- [A]
- [B]
- [C]
- [D]

209. On January 1, 1999, the price of gasoline was $1.39 per gallon. If the price of gasoline increased by 0.5% per month, what was the cost of one gallon of gasoline, to the nearest cent, on January 1 one year later?

210. A used car was purchased in July 1999 for $11,900. If the car depreciates 13% of its value each year, what is the value of the car, to the nearest hundred dollars, in July 2002?

211. The Franklins inherited $3,500, which they want to invest for their child's future college expenses. If they invest it at 8.25% with interest compounded monthly, determine the value of the account, in dollars, after 5 years. Use the formula \( A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt} \), where \( A \) = value of the investment after \( t \) years, \( P \) = principal invested, \( r \) = annual interest rate, and \( n \) = number of times compounded per year.

212. On the accompanying grid, solve the following system of equations graphically:
\[
\begin{align*}
y &= -x^2 + 2x + 1 \\
y &= 2^x
\end{align*}
\]

213. On the accompanying grid, sketch the graphs of \( y = 2^x \) and \( 3y = 7x + 3 \) over the interval \(-3 \leq x \leq 4\). Identify and state the coordinates of all points of intersection.

214. The graphs of the equations \( y = 2^x \) and \( y = -2x + a \) intersect in Quadrant I for which values of \( a \)?

- [A] \( a < 1 \)
- [B] \( a > 1 \)
- [C] \( 0 < a < 1 \)
- [D] \( a \geq 1 \)
**PROPERTIES OF LOGARITHMS**

215. If \( \log_b x = y \), then \( x \) equals

- [A] \( y^b \)
- [B] \( \frac{y}{b} \)
- [C] \( y \cdot b \)
- [D] \( b^y \)

216. For which value of \( x \) is \( y = \log x \) undefined?

- [A] \( \frac{1}{10} \)
- [B] 0
- [C] 1.483
- [D] \( \pi \)

217. The expression \( \log_3(8 - x) \) is defined for all values of \( x \) such that

- [A] \( x \leq 8 \)
- [B] \( x > 8 \)
- [C] \( x \geq 8 \)
- [D] \( x < 8 \)

218. If \( \log 5 = a \), then \( \log 250 \) can be expressed as

- [A] \( 2a + 1 \)
- [B] \( 10 + 2a \)
- [C] \( 50a \)
- [D] \( 25a \)

219. Which expression is *not* equivalent to \( \log_b 36 \)?

- [A] \( \log_b 9 + \log_b 4 \)
- [B] \( 6 \log_b 2 \)
- [C] \( 2 \log_b 6 \)
- [D] \( \log_b 72 - \log_b 2 \)

220. If \( \log a = 2 \) and \( \log b = 3 \), what is the numerical value of \( \log \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b^5}} \)?

- [A] 25
- [B] -25
- [C] 8
- [D] -8

221. If \( \log x = a \), \( \log y = b \), and \( \log z = c \), then \( \log \frac{x^2y}{\sqrt{z}} \) is equivalent to

- [A] \( 42a + b + \frac{1}{2}c \)
- [B] \( 2a + b - \frac{1}{2}c \)
- [C] \( a^2 + b - \frac{1}{2}c \)
- [D] \( 2ab - \frac{1}{2}c \)

222. The expression \( \log 10^{r_1} - \log 10^{r} \) is equivalent to

- [A] \( \frac{1}{100} \)
- [B] 2
- [C] -2
- [D] 100

223. If \( \log a = x \) and \( \log b = y \), what is \( \log \sqrt{ab} \)?

- [A] \( x + 2y \)
- [B] \( x + \frac{y}{2} \)
- [C] \( 2x + 2y \)
- [D] \( \frac{x + y}{2} \)

224. The speed of sound, \( v \), at temperature \( T \), in degrees Kelvin, is represented by the equation \( v = \frac{T}{273} \). Which expression is equivalent to \( \log v \)?

- [A] \( 1087(\frac{1}{2}\log T - \frac{1}{2}\log 273) \)
- [B] \( \log 1087 + 2\log(T + 273) \)
- [C] \( \log 1087 + \frac{1}{2}\log T - \frac{1}{2}\log 273 \)
- [D] \( 1087 + \frac{1}{2}\log T - \log 273 \)
225. A hotel finds that its total annual revenue and the number of rooms occupied daily by guests can best be modeled by the function \( R = 3 \log(n^2 + 10n), \) where \( R \) is the total annual revenue, in millions of dollars, and \( n \) is the number of rooms occupied daily by guests. The hotel needs an annual revenue of $12 million to be profitable. Graph the function on the accompanying grid over the interval \( 0 < n \leq 100. \) Calculate the minimum number of rooms that must be occupied daily to be profitable.

226. The cells of a particular organism increase logarithmically. If \( g \) represents cell growth and \( h \) represents time, in hours, which graph best represents the growth pattern of the cells of this organism?

[A]  

[B]  

[C]  

[D]  

LOGARITHMIC EQUATIONS

227. If \( \log k = c \log v + \log p, \) \( k \) equals

[A] \( cv + p \)  
[B] \( v^c + p \)  
[C] \((vp)^c\)  
[D] \( v^c p \)

228. Solve for \( x \): \( \log_4(x^2 + 3x) - \log_4(x + 5) = 1 \)

229. In the equation \( \log_3(4 + \log_9 9) = 2, \) \( x \) is equal to

[A] 6.5  
[B] 6  
[C] \( \sqrt{13} \)  
[D] 18

230. If \( \log_5 x = 2, \) what is the value of \( \sqrt{x} \)?

[A] 5  
[B] \( \sqrt{5} \)  
[C] 25  
[D] \( 2^{\frac{2}{5}} \)
231. The relationship between the relative size of an earthquake, $S$, and the measure of the earthquake on the Richter scale, $R$, is given by the equation $\log S = R$. If an earthquake measured 3.2 on the Richter scale, what was its relative size to the nearest hundredth?

232. The magnitude ($R$) of an earthquake is related to its intensity ($I$) by $R = \log \left( \frac{I}{T} \right)$, where $T$ is the threshold below which the earthquake is not noticed. If the intensity is doubled, its magnitude can be represented by

[A] $2 (\log I - \log T)$
[B] $\log 2 + \log I - \log T$
[C] $2 \log I - \log T$  
[D] $\log I - \log T$

233. The scientists in a laboratory company raise amebas to sell to schools for use in biology classes. They know that one ameba divides into two amebas every hour and that the formula $tN = \log_2$ can be used to determine how long in hours, $t$, it takes to produce a certain number of amebas, $N$. Determine, to the nearest tenth of an hour, how long it takes to produce 10,000 amebas if they start with one ameba.

234. Solve for $x$: $\log_2 (x + 1) = 3$

**EXponential EquATIONS**

235. What is the value of $x$ in the equation $81^{x+2} = 27^{2x+4}$?

[A] $-\frac{3}{2}$  
[B] $-\frac{2}{11}$
[C] $\frac{4}{11}$  
[D] $-\frac{4}{11}$

236. The solution set of $2^{x^2+2x} = 2^{-1}$ is
[A] {1}  
[B] {} 
[C] {-1, 1}  
[D] {-1}

237. The growth of bacteria in a dish is modeled by the function $f(t) = 2^t$. For which value of $t$ is $f(t) = 32$?

[A] 2  
[B] 8  
[C] 16  
[D] 15

238. Solve algebraically for $x$: $27^{2x+1} = 9^{4x}$

239. Determine the value of $x$ and $y$ if $2^x = 8^y$ and $3^y = 3^{x+4}$.

[A] $x = -2, y = -6$  
[B] $x = y$  
[C] $x = 2, y = 6$  
[D] $x = 6, y = 2$

240. Solve for $m$: $m^3 - 5 = 22$

241. Solve algebraically for $x$: $8^{2x} = 4^6$

242. Depreciation (the decline in cash value) on a car can be determined by the formula $V = C(1-r)^t$, where $V$ is the value of the car after $t$ years, $C$ is the original cost, and $r$ is the rate of depreciation. If a car's cost, when new, is $15,000, the rate of depreciation is 30%, and the value of the car now is $3,000, how old is the car to the nearest tenth of a year?

243. The amount $A$, in milligrams, of a 10-milligram dose of a drug remaining in the body after $t$ hours is given by the formula $A = 10(0.8)^t$. Find, to the nearest tenth of an hour, how long it takes for half of the drug dose to be left in the body.

244. Growth of a certain strain of bacteria is modeled by the equation $G = A(2.7)^{0.584t}$, where:

$G =$ final number of bacteria
$A =$ initial number of bacteria
$t =$ time (in hours)

In approximately how many hours will 4 bacteria first increase to 2,500 bacteria? Round your answer to the nearest hour.
245. An archaeologist can determine the approximate age of certain ancient specimens by measuring the amount of carbon-14, a radioactive substance, contained in the specimen. The formula used to determine the age of a specimen is 

\[ A = A_0 2^{t/5760} \]

where \( A \) is the amount of carbon-14 that a specimen contains, \( A_0 \) is the original amount of carbon-14, \( t \) is time, in years, and 5760 is the half-life of carbon-14.

A specimen that originally contained 120 milligrams of carbon-14 now contains 100 milligrams of this substance. What is the age of the specimen, to the nearest hundred years?

246. An amount of \( P \) dollars is deposited in an account paying an annual interest rate \( r \) (as a decimal) compounded \( n \) times per year. After \( t \) years, the amount of money in the account, in dollars, is given by the equation

\[ A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} \]

Rachel deposited $1,000 at 2.8% annual interest, compounded monthly. In how many years, to the nearest tenth of a year, will she have $2,500 in the account? [The use of the grid is optional.]

247. The equation for radioactive decay is

\[ p = (0.5)^{t/H} \]

where \( p \) is the part of a substance with half-life \( H \) remaining radioactive after a period of time, \( t \). A given substance has a half-life of 6,000 years. After \( t \) years, one-fifth of the original sample remains radioactive. Find \( t \), to the nearest thousand years.

248. The current population of Little Pond, New York, is 20,000. The population is decreasing, as represented by the formula

\[ P = A(1.3)^{-0.234t} \]

where \( P \) is the final population, \( t \) is time, in years, and \( A \) is the initial population. What will the population be 3 years from now? Round your answer to the nearest hundred people.

To the nearest tenth of a year, how many years will it take for the population to reach half the present population? [The use of the grid is optional.]

249. Solve for \( x \): 

\[ x^{-3} = \frac{27}{64} \]
250. Sean invests $10,000 at an annual rate of 5% compounded continuously, according to the formula \( A = Pe^{rt} \), where \( A \) is the amount, \( P \) is the principal, \( e = 2.718 \), \( r \) is the rate of interest, and \( t \) is time, in years. Determine, to the nearest dollar, the amount of money he will have after 2 years. Determine how many years, to the nearest year, it will take for his initial investment to double.

\[
A = Pe^{rt} = 10000e^{0.05 \times 2} = 10000e^{0.1} \\
\approx 10000 \times 2.718182846 = 27181.83 \\
\approx 27182
\]

So, after 2 years, the amount will be approximately $27,182. It will take approximately 14 years for his investment to double.

251. What is the last term in the expansion of \((x + 2y)^5\)?

- [A] 10y^5
- [B] y^5
- [C] 32y^5
- [D] 2y^5

The last term in the expansion of \((x + 2y)^5\) is \(32y^5\). Therefore, the answer is [C].

252. What is the middle term in the expansion of \((x + y)^4\)?

- [A] \(x^2y^2\)
- [B] \(2x^2y^2\)
- [C] \(6x^2y^2\)
- [D] \(4x^2y^2\)

The middle term in the expansion of \((x + y)^4\) is \(6x^2y^2\). Therefore, the answer is [C].

253. What is the fourth term in the expansion of \((y-1)^7\)?

- [A] \(35y^4\)
- [B] \(-35y^4\)
- [C] \(-35y^3\)
- [D] \(35y^3\)

The fourth term in the expansion of \((y-1)^7\) is \(-35y^4\). Therefore, the answer is [B].

254. What is the third term in the expansion of \((\cos x + 3)^5\)?

- [A] \(90\cos^3 x\)
- [B] \(60\cos^3 x\)
- [C] \(270\cos^2 x\)
- [D] \(90\cos^2 x\)

The third term in the expansion of \((\cos x + 3)^5\) is \(90\cos^3 x\). Therefore, the answer is [A].

255. If the equation \(x^2 - kx - 36 = 0\) has \(x = 12\) as one root, what is the value of \(k\)?

- [A] -3
- [B] -9
- [C] 3
- [D] 9

If \(x = 12\) is a root, then \(12^2 - 12k - 36 = 0\). Solving for \(k\) gives \(144 - 12k - 36 = 0\), which simplifies to \(-12k = -108\), so \(k = 9\). Therefore, the answer is [B].

256. A ball is thrown straight up at an initial velocity of 54 feet per second. The height of the ball \(t\) seconds after it is thrown is given by the formula \(h(t) = 54t - 12t^2\). How many seconds after the ball is thrown will it return to the ground?

- [A] 4
- [B] 6
- [C] 9.2
- [D] 4.5

To find when the ball returns to the ground, set \(h(t) = 0\) and solve for \(t\):

\[0 = 54t - 12t^2\]
\[12t^2 - 54t = 0\]
\[2t(6t - 27) = 0\]
\[t = 0\] or \[t = \frac{27}{6} = 4.5\]

The ball returns to the ground after 4.5 seconds. Therefore, the answer is [D].

**RADICALS**

257. Which expression is equivalent to \(\frac{4}{3 + \sqrt{2}}\)?

- [A] \(\frac{12 - 4\sqrt{2}}{11}\)
- [B] \(\frac{12 - 4\sqrt{2}}{7}\)
- [C] \(\frac{12 + 4\sqrt{2}}{11}\)
- [D] \(\frac{12 + 4\sqrt{2}}{7}\)

To rationalize the denominator, multiply the numerator and denominator by \(3 - \sqrt{2}\):

\[\frac{4}{3 + \sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{3 - \sqrt{2}}{3 - \sqrt{2}} = \frac{12 - 4\sqrt{2}}{9 - 2} = \frac{12 - 4\sqrt{2}}{7}\]

Therefore, the answer is [B].

258. Which expression is equal to \(\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}}\)?

- [A] \(\frac{1 - 4\sqrt{3}}{7}\)
- [B] \(1 - 4\sqrt{3}\)
- [C] \(\frac{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}{7}\)
- [D] \(7 + 4\sqrt{3}\)

To rationalize the denominator, multiply the numerator and denominator by \(2 + \sqrt{3}\):

\[\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{4 + 4\sqrt{3} + 3}{4 - 3} = \frac{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}{1} = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}\]

Therefore, the answer is [D].

259. The expression \(\frac{7}{2 - \sqrt{3}}\) is equivalent to

- [A] \(\frac{14 + \sqrt{3}}{7}\)
- [B] \(\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{7}\)
- [C] \(14 - 7\sqrt{3}\)
- [D] \(14 + 7\sqrt{3}\)

To rationalize the denominator, multiply the numerator and denominator by \(2 + \sqrt{3}\):

\[\frac{7}{2 - \sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{14 + 7\sqrt{3}}{4 - 3} = \frac{14 + 7\sqrt{3}}{1} = 14 + 7\sqrt{3}\]

Therefore, the answer is [D].

260. The expression \(\frac{11}{\sqrt{3} - 5}\) is equivalent to

- [A] \(\frac{\sqrt{3} + 5}{2}\)
- [B] \(\frac{-\sqrt{3} + 5}{2}\)
- [C] \(\frac{\sqrt{3} - 5}{2}\)
- [D] \(\frac{-\sqrt{3} - 5}{2}\)

To rationalize the denominator, multiply the numerator and denominator by \(\sqrt{3} + 5\):

\[\frac{11}{\sqrt{3} - 5} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3} + 5}{\sqrt{3} + 5} = \frac{11(\sqrt{3} + 5)}{3 - 25} = \frac{11\sqrt{3} + 55}{-22} = \frac{-\sqrt{3} - 5}{2}\]

Therefore, the answer is [B].
261. The expression \( \frac{7}{3-\sqrt{2}} \) is equivalent to

[A] \( \frac{21+\sqrt{2}}{7} \)  
[B] \( \frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{7} \)  
[C] \( 3-\sqrt{2} \)  
[D] \( 3+\sqrt{2} \)

262. The expression \( \frac{1}{5-\sqrt{13}} \) is equivalent to

[A] \( \frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{8} \)  
[B] \( \frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{-8} \)  
[C] \( \frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{-12} \)  
[D] \( \frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{12} \)

263. Which expression represents the sum of \( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \)?

[A] \( \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{3} \)  
[B] \( \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{2} \)  
[C] \( \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \)  
[D] \( \frac{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}}{6} \)

264. The expression \( \frac{5}{\sqrt{5}-1} \) is equivalent to

[A] \( \frac{5\sqrt{5}-5}{6} \)  
[B] \( \frac{5\sqrt{5}-5}{4} \)  
[C] \( \frac{5\sqrt{5}+5}{4} \)  
[D] \( \frac{5}{4} \)

266. Which statement is true for all real number values of \( x \)?

[A] \( |x - 1| > 0 \)  
[B] \( \sqrt{x^2} = x \)  
[C] \( \sqrt{x^2} = |x| \)  
[D] \( |x - 1| > (x - 1) \)

267. What is the axis of symmetry of the graph of the equation \( x = y^2 \)?

[A] line \( y = -x \)  
[B] \( x \)-axis  
[C] \( y \)-axis  
[D] line \( y = x \)

**SOLVING RADICALS**

268. The solution set of the equation \( \sqrt{x} + 6 = x \) is

[A] \( \{3\} \)  
[B] \( \{-2\} \)  
[C] \( \{-2,3\} \)  
[D] \( \{} \)

269. What is the solution set of the equation \( x = 2\sqrt{2x} - 3 \)?

[A] \( \{} \)  
[B] \( \{2,6\} \)  
[C] \( \{6\} \)  
[D] \( \{2\} \)

270. Solve algebraically: \( \sqrt{x} + 5 + 1 = x \)

271. The equation \( V = 20\sqrt{C+273} \) relates speed of sound, \( V \), in meters per second, to air temperature, \( C \), in degrees Celsius. What is the temperature, in degrees Celsius, when the speed of sound is 320 meters per second? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]
272. What is the solution set of the equation \( \sqrt{9x + 10} = x \)

[A] \{9\}  [B] \{10, -1\}  [C] \{-1\}  [D] \{10\}

273. If \( \sqrt{2x-1} + 2 = 5 \), then \( x \) is equal to


274. Solve for all values of \( q \) that satisfy the equation \( \sqrt{3q + 7} = q + 3 \).

275. Solve algebraically for \( x \): \( \sqrt{3x+1} + 1 = x \)

276. A wrecking ball suspended from a chain is a type of pendulum. The relationship between the rate of speed of the ball, \( R \), the mass of the ball, \( m \), the length of the chain, \( L \), and the force, \( F \), is \( R mL = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{mL}{F}} \).

Determine the force, \( F \), to the nearest hundredth, when \( L = 12 \), \( m = 50 \), and \( R = 0.6 \).

277. The lateral surface area of a right circular cone, \( s \), is represented by the equation \( s = \pi r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \), where \( r \) is the radius of the circular base and \( h \) is the height of the cone. If the lateral surface area of a large funnel is 236.64 square centimeters and its radius is 4.75 centimeters, find its height, to the nearest hundredth of a centimeter.

278. The path of a rocket is represented by the equation \( y = \sqrt{25-x^2} \). The path of a missile designed to intersect the path of the rocket is represented by the equation \( x = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{y} \). The value of \( x \) at the point of intersection is 3. What is the corresponding value of \( y \)?


279. The number of people, \( y \), involved in recycling in a community is modeled by the function \( y = 90 \sqrt{3x + 400} \), where \( x \) is the number of months the recycling plant has been open.

Construct a table of values, sketch the function on the grid, and find the number of people involved in recycling exactly 3 months after the plant opened.

After how many months will 940 people be involved in recycling?

EXPONENTS AS RADICALS

280. The value of \( \left( \frac{3^0}{2^3} \right)^{-1} \) is

[A] 9  [B] \(-\frac{1}{9}\)  [C] \(\frac{1}{9}\)  [D] \(-9\)

281. The expression \( \frac{\frac{1^1}{3^3}}{3^\frac{1}{3}} \) is equivalent to

[A] \(\sqrt[3]{3}\)  [B] 1  [C] 3  [D] \(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\)

282. If \( x \) is a positive integer, \( 4x^2 \) is equivalent to

[A] \(2x\)  [B] \(4\sqrt{x}\)  [C] \(\frac{2}{x}\)  [D] \(\frac{4}{x}\)
283. The expression \( b^{\frac{3}{2}}, \quad b > 0, \) is equivalent to

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad \frac{1}{(\sqrt{b})^3} & [B] & \quad -(\sqrt{b})^3 \\
[C] & \quad \frac{1}{(\sqrt{b})^2} & [D] & \quad (\sqrt{b})^2
\end{align*}
\]

284. The expression \( \sqrt[4]{16a^6b^4} \) is equivalent to

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad 2a^2b & [B] & \quad 2a^\frac{3}{2}b \\
[C] & \quad 4a^2b & [D] & \quad 4a^\frac{5}{2}b
\end{align*}
\]

285. When simplified, the expression

\[
\left( \sqrt[4]{m^4} \right) \left( m^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right)
\]

is equivalent to

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad \sqrt[4]{m^\frac{1}{2}} & [B] & \quad \sqrt[4]{m} \sqrt{m} \\
[C] & \quad \sqrt[4]{m^2} & [D] & \quad \sqrt[4]{m^\frac{5}{2}}
\end{align*}
\]

286. Find the value of \((x + 2)^0 + (x + 1)^{-\frac{2}{3}}\) when \(x = 7\).

287. If \((a^x)^\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{a^2}\), what is the value of \(x\)?

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad -3 & [B] & \quad -1 & [C] & \quad 1 & [D] & \quad 2
\end{align*}
\]

288. If \(f(x) = x^{-\frac{3}{2}}\), then \(f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\) is equal to

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad -4 & [B] & \quad 8 & [C] & \quad -\frac{1}{8} & [D] & \quad -2
\end{align*}
\]

289. Meteorologists can determine how long a storm lasts by using the function

\[
t(d) = 0.07d^\frac{3}{2},
\]

where \(d\) is the diameter of the storm, in miles, and \(t\) is the time, in hours. If the storm lasts 4.75 hours, find its diameter, to the nearest tenth of a mile.

RATIONALS

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF RATIONALS

290. A rectangular prism has a length of \(\frac{2x^2 + 2x - 24}{4x^2 + x}\), a width of \(\frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 4}\), and a height of \(\frac{8x^2 + 2x}{x^2 - 9}\). For all values of \(x\) for which it is defined, express, in terms of \(x\), the volume of the prism in simplest form.

291. If the length of a rectangular garden is represented by \(\frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^2 + 2x - 15}\) and its width is represented by \(\frac{2x - 6}{2x + 4}\), which expression represents the area of the garden?

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad \frac{x^2 + 2x}{2(x + 5)} & [B] & \quad x + 5 \\
[C] & \quad x & [D] & \quad \frac{x}{x + 5}
\end{align*}
\]

292. Express in simplest form:

\[
\frac{4x + 8 \cdot 2 - x}{x + 1 \cdot 3x - 15 + \frac{x^2 - 4}{2x^2 - 8x - 10}}
\]

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF RATIONALS

293. What is the sum of \(\frac{3}{x - 3}\) and \(\frac{x}{3 - x}\)?

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad -1 & [B] & \quad 1 & [C] & \quad 0 & [D] & \quad \frac{x + 3}{x - 3}
\end{align*}
\]

294. What is the sum of \((y - 5) + \frac{3}{y + 2}\)?

\[
\begin{align*}
[A] & \quad \frac{y - 2}{y + 2} & [B] & \quad y - 5 \\
[C] & \quad \frac{y^2 - 7}{y + 2} & [D] & \quad \frac{y^2 - 3y - 7}{y + 2}
\end{align*}
\]
295. Express in simplest form: $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+3}$

**SOLVING RATIONALS**

296. Electrical circuits can be connected in series, one after another, or in parallel circuits that branch off a main line. If circuits are hooked up in parallel, the reciprocal of the total resistance in the series is found by adding the reciprocals of each resistance, as shown in the accompanying diagram.

\[
\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{R_T}
\]

If $R_1 = x$, $R_2 = x + 3$, and the total resistance, $R_T$, is 2.25 ohms, find the positive value of $R_1$ to the nearest tenth of an ohm.

297. A rectangle is said to have a golden ratio when $\frac{w}{h} = \frac{h}{w-h}$, where $w$ represents width and $h$ represents height. When $w = 3$, between which two consecutive integers will $h$ lie?

298. What is the solution set of the equation $\frac{x}{x-4} - \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{28}{x^2 - x - 12}$?


299. Solve for $x$ and express your answer in simplest radical form:

\[
\frac{4}{x} - \frac{3}{x+1} = 7
\]

300. Solve for all values of $x$: $\frac{9}{x} + \frac{9}{x-2} = 12$

301. Working by herself, Mary requires 16 minutes more than Antoine to solve a mathematics problem. Working together, Mary and Antoine can solve the problem in 6 minutes. If this situation is represented by the equation $\frac{6}{t} + \frac{6}{t+16} = 1$, where $t$ represents the number of minutes Antoine works alone to solve the problem, how many minutes will it take Antoine to solve the problem if he works by himself?

**RATIONAL EXPRESSIONS**

302. Written in simplest form, the expression $\frac{x^2+y^2-9}{3-xy}$ is equivalent to

[A] $3 + xy$ [B] $\frac{1}{3+xy}$

[C] $-(3+xy)$ [D] $-1$

303. Express the following rational expression in simplest form:

\[
\frac{9-x^2}{10x^2-28x-6}
\]

304. For all values of $x$ for which the expression is defined, $\frac{2x+x^2}{x^2+5x+6}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\frac{1}{x+2}$ [B] $\frac{x}{x+2}$

[C] $\frac{1}{x+3}$ [D] $\frac{x}{x+3}$

305. Written in simplest form, the expression $\frac{x^2-9x}{45x-5x^2}$ is equivalent to

[A] 5 [B] $\frac{1}{5}$ [C] $-5$ [D] $-\frac{1}{5}$
RATIONAL FUNCTIONS

306. The accompanying graph shows the relationship between a person's weight and the distance that the person must sit from the center of a seesaw to make it balanced.

Which equation best represents this graph?

[A] \( y = 12x^2 \)  
[B] \( y = \frac{120}{x} \)  
[C] \( y = 2 \log x \)  
[D] \( y = -120x \)

307. Which function is symmetrical with respect to the origin?

[A] \( y = 5^x \)  
[B] \( y = -5^x \)  
[C] \( y = \sqrt{x+5} \)  
[D] \( y = |5-x| \)

308. Which equation represents a hyperbola?

[A] \( y = 16x^2 \)  
[B] \( y = 16 - x^2 \)  
[C] \( y = \frac{16}{x} \)  
[D] \( y^2 = 16 - x^2 \)

309. Which graph represents an inverse variation between stream velocity and the distance from the center of the stream?

310. Which graph shows that soil permeability varies inversely to runoff?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D]  

311. What is the domain of the function \( f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 9} \)?

[A] all real numbers except 3 and -3  
[B] all real numbers except 3  
[C] all real numbers  
[D] all real numbers except 0

312. What is the domain of the function \( f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{x^2 - 49} \)?

[A] \( \{x \mid x \in \text{real numbers, } x \neq \pm 7\} \)  
[B] \( \{x \mid x \in \text{real numbers, } x \neq 7\} \)  
[C] \( \{x \mid x \in \text{real numbers}\} \)  
[D] \( \{x \mid x \in \text{real numbers, } x \neq 0\} \)
313. If \( f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-4}} \), the domain of \( f(x) \) is

- [A] \( x \geq 2 \)
- [B] \( x < 2 \)
- [C] \( x > 2 \)
- [D] \( x = 2 \)

**COMPLEX FRACTIONS**

314. The expression \( \frac{a}{b} \frac{a - b}{b} \) is equivalent to \( \frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b}} \)

- [A] \( a + b \)
- [B] \( \frac{a - b}{ab} \)
- [C] \( ab \)
- [D] \( a - b \)

315. The fraction \( \frac{y}{y + 1} \) is equivalent to \( \frac{1}{y + 1} \)

- [A] \( \frac{1}{1+y} \)
- [B] \( \frac{2xy}{1+y} \)
- [C] \( x \)
- [D] \( 2x \)

316. In simplest form, \( \frac{\frac{1}{y} - \frac{1}{x}}{y + \frac{1}{x}} \) is equal to

- [A] \( \frac{x - y}{xy} \)
- [B] \( y - x \)
- [C] \( x - y \)
- [D] \( \frac{y - x}{xy} \)

317. The expression \( \frac{x}{x^2 - y^2} \) is equivalent to \( \frac{\frac{x}{y} + \frac{1}{y}}{x^2 - y^2} \)

- [A] \( \frac{xy}{y-x} \)
- [B] \( \frac{y-x}{xy} \)
- [C] \( \frac{xy}{x-y} \)
- [D] \( y - x \)

318. Which expression is equivalent to the complex fraction \( \frac{x}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x} \)?

- [A] \( \frac{2}{x} \)
- [B] \( \frac{2x}{x^2 + 4} \)
- [C] \( \frac{2x}{x+2} \)
- [D] \( \frac{x}{2} \)

319. When simplified, the complex fraction \( \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} \), \( x \neq 0 \), is equivalent to \( \frac{1}{x} \)

- [A] 1
- [B] -1
- [C] \( \frac{1}{1-x} \)
- [D] \( \frac{1}{x-1} \)

320. Express in simplest form: \( \frac{\frac{r}{s} - \frac{s}{r}}{s^2 - 1} \)

321. Simplify completely: \( \frac{1-m}{m-1} \)

322. Simplify for all values of \( a \) for which the expression is defined: \( \frac{1-\frac{2}{4}}{a^2 - 1} \)

323. In a science experiment, when resistor \( A \) and resistor \( B \) are connected in a parallel circuit, the total resistance is \( \frac{1}{\frac{1}{A} + \frac{1}{B}} \). This complex fraction is equivalent to

- [A] \( A + B \)
- [B] 1
- [C] \( \frac{AB}{A + B} \)
- [D] \( AB \)
324. Express in simplest form: \( \frac{4}{1 - \frac{4}{x}} \times \frac{x}{4} \)

INVERSE VARIATION

325. Explain how a person can determine if a set of data represents inverse variation and give an example using a table of values.

326. If \( R \) varies inversely as \( S \), when \( S \) is doubled, \( R \) is multiplied by

\[ \text{[A]} \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{[B]} 2 \quad \text{[C]} \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{[D]} 4 \]

327. The price per person to rent a limousine for a prom varies inversely as the number of passengers. If five people rent the limousine, the cost is $70 each. How many people are renting the limousine when the cost per couple is $87.50?

328. To balance a seesaw, the distance, in feet, a person is from the fulcrum is inversely proportional to the person’s weight, in pounds. Bill, who weighs 150 pounds, is sitting 4 feet away from the fulcrum. If Dan weighs 120 pounds, how far from the fulcrum should he sit to balance the seesaw?

\[ \text{[A]} 3 \text{ ft} \quad \text{[B]} 5 \text{ ft} \quad \text{[C]} 4.5 \text{ ft} \quad \text{[D]} 3.5 \text{ ft} \]

329. For a rectangular garden with a fixed area, the length of the garden varies inversely with the width. Which equation represents this situation for an area of 36 square units?

\[ \text{[A]} y = 36x \quad \text{[B]} y = \frac{36}{x} \quad \text{[C]} x - y = 36 \quad \text{[D]} x + y = 36 \]

330. When air is pumped into an automobile tire, the pressure is inversely proportional to the volume. If the pressure is 35 pounds when the volume is 120 cubic inches, what is the pressure, in pounds, when the volume is 140 cubic inches?

331. A pulley that has a diameter of 8 inches is belted to a pulley that has a diameter of 12 inches. The 8-inch-diameter pulley is running at 1,548 revolutions per minute. If the speeds of the pulleys vary inversely to their diameters, how many revolutions per minute does the larger pulley make?

332. Boyle's Law states that the pressure of compressed gas is inversely proportional to its volume. The pressure of a certain sample of a gas is 16 kilopascals when its volume is 1,800 liters. What is the pressure, in kilopascals, when its volume is 900 liters?

333. The time it takes to travel to a location varies inversely to the speed traveled. It takes 4 hours driving at an average speed of 55 miles per hour to reach a location. To the nearest tenth of an hour, how long will it take to reach the same location driving at an average speed of 50 miles per hour?

334. The speed of a laundry truck varies inversely with the time it takes to reach its destination. If the truck takes 3 hours to reach its destination traveling at a constant speed of 50 miles per hour, how long will it take to reach the same location when it travels at a constant speed of 60 miles per hour?

\[ \text{[A]} 2 \text{ hours} \quad \text{[B]} 2\frac{1}{3} \text{ hours} \quad \text{[C]} 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ hours} \quad \text{[D]} 2\frac{2}{3} \text{ hours} \]

335. In a given rectangle, the length varies inversely as the width. If the length is doubled, the width will

\[ \text{[A]} \text{ be divided by 2} \quad \text{[B]} \text{ increase by 2} \quad \text{[C]} \text{ remain the same} \quad \text{[D]} \text{ be multiplied by 2} \]
336. Camisha is paying a band $330 to play at her graduation party. The amount each member earns, $d$, varies inversely as the number of members who play, $n$. The graph of the equation that represents the relationship between $d$ and $n$ is an example of

[A] a parabola  
[B] an ellipse  
[C] a line  
[D] a hyperbola

337. According to Boyle's Law, the pressure, $p$, of a compressed gas is inversely proportional to the volume, $v$. If a pressure of 20 pounds per square inch exists when the volume of the gas is 500 cubic inches, what is the pressure when the gas is compressed to 400 cubic inches?

[A] 40 lb / in²  
[B] 16 lb / in²  
[C] 25 lb / in²  
[D] 50 lb / in²

340. If $\theta$ is an angle in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ on a unit circle, a possible value of $\theta$ is

[A] $150^\circ$  
[B] $60^\circ$  
[C] $30^\circ$  
[D] $120^\circ$

341. If $\sin \theta > 0$ and $\sec \theta < 0$, in which quadrant does the terminal side of angle $\theta$ lie?

[A] III  
[B] II  
[C] IV  
[D] I

342. If the tangent of an angle is negative and its secant is positive, in which quadrant does the angle terminate?

[A] II  
[B] I  
[C] IV  
[D] III

343. Which angle is coterminal with an angle of $125^\circ$?

[A] $-125^\circ$  
[B] $425^\circ$  
[C] $-235^\circ$  
[D] $235^\circ$

344. If $\theta$ is an obtuse angle and $\sin \theta = b$, then it can be concluded that

[A] $\tan \theta > b$  
[B] $\cos 2\theta > b$  
[C] $\cos \theta > b$  
[D] $\sin 2\theta < b$

345. Is $\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$ the same expression as $\sin x$? Justify your answer.

346. If $\sin \theta$ is negative and $\cos \theta$ is negative, in which quadrant does the terminal side of $\theta$ lie?

[A] III  
[B] I  
[C] II  
[D] IV

347. Expressed as a function of a positive acute angle, $\sin (-230^\circ)$ is equal to

[A] $-\cos 50^\circ$  
[B] $\cos 50^\circ$  
[C] $-\sin 50^\circ$  
[D] $\sin 50^\circ$
348. In the accompanying diagram, $PR$ is tangent to circle $O$ at $R$, $QS \perp OR$, and $PR \perp OR$.

Which measure represents $\sin \theta$?


349. In the accompanying diagram of a unit circle, the ordered pair $(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$ represents the point where the terminal side of $\theta$ intersects the unit circle.

What is $m \angle \theta$?


350. Two straight roads intersect at an angle whose measure is 125°. Which expression is equivalent to the cosine of this angle?

[A] $-\cos 55^\circ$  [B] $-\cos 35^\circ$
[C] $\cos 55^\circ$  [D] $\cos 35^\circ$

351. If $\theta$ is an angle in standard position and $P(-3,4)$ is a point on the terminal side of $\theta$, what is the value of $\sin \theta$?

[A] $\frac{4}{5}$  [B] $-\frac{3}{5}$  [C] $\frac{3}{5}$  [D] $-\frac{4}{5}$

352. If $\tan \theta = 2.7$ and $\csc \theta < 0$, in which quadrant does $\theta$ lie?


Radian Measure

353. Through how many radians does the minute hand of a clock turn in 24 minutes?

[A] $0.2 \pi$  [B] $0.4 \pi$
[C] $0.8 \pi$  [D] $0.6 \pi$

354. A wedge-shaped piece is cut from a circular pizza. The radius of the pizza is 6 inches. The rounded edge of the crust of the piece measures 4.2 inches. To the nearest tenth, the angle of the pointed end of the piece of pizza, in radians, is

[A] 0.7  [B] 1.4  [C] 7.0  [D] 25.2

355. An art student wants to make a string collage by connecting six equally spaced points on the circumference of a circle to its center with string. What would be the radian measure of the angle between two adjacent pieces of string, in simplest form?

356. An arc of a circle that is 6 centimeters in length intercepts a central angle of 1.5 radians. Find the number of centimeters in the radius of the circle.

357. What is the radian measure of the angle formed by the hands of a clock at 2:00 p.m.?

[A] $\frac{\pi}{4}$  [B] $\frac{\pi}{2}$  [C] $\frac{\pi}{3}$  [D] $\frac{\pi}{6}$
358. A dog has a 20-foot leash attached to the corner where a garage and a fence meet, as shown in the accompanying diagram. When the dog pulls the leash tight and walks from the fence to the garage, the arc the leash makes is 55.8 feet.

What is the measure of angle $\theta$ between the garage and the fence, in radians?

[A] 2.79  [B] 0.36  [C] 3.14  [D] 160

359. Kristine is riding in car 4 of the Ferris wheel represented in the accompanying diagram. The Ferris wheel is rotating in the direction indicated by the arrows. The eight cars are equally spaced around the circular wheel. Express, in radians, the measure of the smallest angle through which she will travel to reach the bottom of the Ferris wheel.

360. The pendulum of a clock swings through an angle of 2.5 radians as its tip travels through an arc of 50 centimeters. Find the length of the pendulum, in centimeters.

### TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES

361. The expression $(1 + \cos x)(1 - \cos x)$ is equivalent to

[A] $\csc^2 x$  [B] $\sin^2 x$

[C] 1  [D] $\sec^2 x$

362. If $\theta$ is a positive acute angle and $\sin \theta = a$, which expression represents $\cos \theta$ in terms of $a$?

[A] $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$  [B] $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}}$

[C] $\sqrt{1-a^2}$  [D] $\sqrt{a}$

363. The expression $\frac{\tan \theta}{\sec \theta}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta}$  [B] $\cos \theta$

[C] $\sin \theta$  [D] $\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta}$

364. The expression $\frac{\sec \theta}{\csc \theta}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\sin \theta$  [B] $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

[C] $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$  [D] $\cos \theta$

365. The expression $\frac{2 \cos \theta}{\sin 2\theta}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\sec \theta$  [B] $\csc \theta$

[C] $\sin \theta$  [D] $\cot \theta$

366. The expression $\frac{1-\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$ is equivalent to

[A] $\sin x$  [B] $-1$  [C] 1  [D] $\cos x$
367. A crate weighing \( w \) pounds sits on a ramp positioned at an angle of \( \theta \) with the horizontal. The forces acting on this crate are modeled by the equation \( Mw \cos \theta = w \sin \theta \), where \( M \) is the coefficient of friction. What is an expression for \( M \) in terms of \( \theta \)?

[A] \( M = \tan \theta \)
[B] \( M = \csc \theta \)
[C] \( M = \cot \theta \)
[D] \( M = \sec \theta \)

368. Express in simplest terms: \( 2 - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x \)

DOUBLE ANGLE AND ANGLE SUM AND DIFFERENCE IDENTITIES

369. If \( \sin x = \frac{4}{5} \), where \( 0^\circ < x < 90^\circ \), find the value of \( \cos (x + 180^\circ) \).

370. If \( \sin A = \frac{4}{5} \), \( \tan B = \frac{5}{12} \), and angles \( A \) and \( B \) are in Quadrant I, what is the value of \( \sin(A + B) \)?

[A] \( \frac{33}{65} \)
[B] \( -\frac{33}{65} \)
[C] \( \frac{63}{65} \)
[D] \( -\frac{63}{65} \)

371. If \( A \) is a positive acute angle and \( \sin A = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \), what is \( \cos 2A \)?

[A] \( \frac{1}{3} \)
[B] \( -\frac{1}{3} \)
[C] \( -\frac{1}{9} \)
[D] \( \frac{1}{9} \)

372. If \( \sin x = \frac{12}{13} \), \( \cos y = \frac{3}{5} \), and \( x \) and \( y \) are acute angles, the value of \( \cos(x - y) \) is

[A] \( -\frac{14}{65} \)
[B] \( \frac{63}{65} \)
[C] \( -\frac{33}{65} \)
[D] \( \frac{21}{65} \)

373. If \( x \) is an acute angle and \( \sin x = \frac{12}{13} \), then \( \cos 2x \) equals

[A] \( -\frac{25}{169} \)
[B] \( \frac{25}{169} \)
[C] \( \frac{119}{169} \)
[D] \( -\frac{119}{169} \)

374. If \( \theta \) is an acute angle such that \( \sin \theta = \frac{5}{13} \), what is the value of \( \sin 2\theta \)?

[A] \( \frac{120}{169} \)
[B] \( \frac{12}{13} \)
[C] \( \frac{10}{26} \)
[D] \( \frac{60}{169} \)

375. If \( \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \), then \( \cos 2\theta \) equals

[A] \( \frac{1}{9} \)
[B] \( -\frac{1}{3} \)
[C] \( \frac{1}{3} \)
[D] \( -\frac{1}{9} \)

376. If \( A \) and \( B \) are positive acute angles, \( \sin A = \frac{5}{13} \), and \( \cos B = \frac{4}{5} \), what is the value of \( \sin(A + B) \)?

[A] \( \frac{33}{65} \)
[B] \( \frac{56}{65} \)
[C] \( \frac{63}{65} \)
[D] \( -\frac{16}{65} \)

377. The expression \( \cos 40^\circ \cos 10^\circ + \sin 40^\circ \sin 10^\circ \) is equivalent to

[A] \( \sin 50^\circ \)
[B] \( \cos 30^\circ \)
[C] \( \sin 30^\circ \)
[D] \( \cos 50^\circ \)

378. If \( \theta \) is a positive acute angle and \( \sin 2\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \), then \( (\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^2 \) equals

[A] \( 30^\circ \)
[B] \( 1 \)
[C] \( 60^\circ \)
[D] \( 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \)
379. If \( x \) is a positive acute angle and \( \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \), what is \( \sin 2x \)?

[A] \( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \)  [B] \( \frac{1}{2} \)  [C] \( \frac{1}{2} \)  [D] \( -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \)

**SOLVING TRIGONOMETRIC EQUATIONS**

380. On a monitor, the graphs of two impulses are recorded on the same screen, where \( 0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ \). The impulses are given by the following equations:

\[
y = 2\sin^2 x \\
y = 1 - \sin x
\]

Find all values of \( x \), in degrees, for which the two impulses meet in the interval \( 0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ \). [Only an algebraic solution will be accepted.]

381. If \( (\sec x - 2)(2 \sec x - 1) = 0 \), then \( x \) terminates in

[A] Quadrant I, only  
[B] Quadrants I, II, III, and IV  
[C] Quadrants I and II, only  
[D] Quadrants I and IV, only

382. If \( \sin 6A = \cos 9A \), then \( m\angle A \) is equal to

[A] 36  [B] 6  [C] \( \frac{1}{2} \pi \)  [D] 54

383. What value of \( x \) in the interval \( 0^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ \) satisfies the equation \( \sqrt{3} \tan x + 1 = 0 \)?

[A] \( 60^\circ \)  [B] \(-30^\circ \)  [C] \( 150^\circ \)  [D] \( 30^\circ \)

384. What is a positive value of \( x \) for which \( \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \)?

[A] \( 60^\circ \)  [B] \( 90^\circ \)  [C] \( 45^\circ \)  [D] \( 30^\circ \)

385. Navigators aboard ships and airplanes use nautical miles to measure distance. The length of a nautical mile varies with latitude. The length of a nautical mile, \( L \), in feet, on the latitude line \( \theta \) is given by the formula \( L = 6,077 - 31 \cos 2\theta \).

Find, to the nearest degree, the angle \( \theta \), \( 0 \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ \), at which the length of a nautical mile is approximately 6,076 feet.

386. Solve algebraically for all values of \( \theta \) in the interval \( 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ \) that satisfy the equation \( \sin \theta \cos \theta \) that satisfy the equation \( \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} = 1 \).

387. Solve the following equation algebraically for all values of \( \theta \) in the interval \( 0^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ \).

\[ 2 \sin \theta - 1 = 0 \]

388. In the interval \( 0^\circ \leq A \leq 360^\circ \), solve for all values of \( A \) in the equation \( \cos 2A = -3 \sin A - 1 \).

389. Find, to the nearest degree, all values of \( \theta \) in the interval \( 0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ \) that satisfy the equation \( 3 \cos 2\theta + \sin \theta - 1 = 0 \).

390. An architect is using a computer program to design the entrance of a railroad tunnel. The outline of the opening is modeled by the function \( f(x) = 8 \sin x + 2 \), in the interval \( 0 \leq x \leq \pi \), where \( x \) is expressed in radians.

Solve algebraically for all values of \( x \) in the interval \( 0 \leq x \leq \pi \), where the height of the opening, \( f(x) \), is 6. Express your answer in terms of \( \pi \).

If the \( x \)-axis represents the base of the tunnel, what is the maximum height of the entrance of the tunnel?
TRIGONOMETRIC GRAPHS

391. A modulated laser heats a diamond. Its variable temperature, in degrees Celsius, is given by \( f(t) = T \sin at \). What is the period of the curve?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad \frac{2a\pi}{\pi} \\
\text{[B]} & \quad \frac{2\pi}{a} \\
\text{[C]} & \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \\
\text{[D]} & \quad \frac{1}{a}
\end{align*}
\]

392. What is the period of the function \( y = 5\sin 3x \)?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad 3 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad \frac{2\pi}{5} \\
\text{[C]} & \quad \frac{2\pi}{3} \\
\text{[D]} & \quad 5
\end{align*}
\]

393. The brightness of the star MIRA over time is given by the equation \( y = 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{4} x + 6 \), where \( x \) represents time and \( y \) represents brightness. What is the period of this function, in radian measure?

394. A monitor displays the graph \( y = 3\sin 5x \). What will be the amplitude after a dilation of 2?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad 7 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad 5 \\
\text{[C]} & \quad 10 \\
\text{[D]} & \quad 6
\end{align*}
\]

395. What is the amplitude of the function \( y = \frac{2}{3} \sin 4x \)?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad 4 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad \frac{2}{3} \\
\text{[C]} & \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \\
\text{[D]} & \quad 3\pi
\end{align*}
\]

396. The path traveled by a roller coaster is modeled by the equation \( y = 27 \sin 13x + 30 \). What is the maximum altitude of the roller coaster?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad 30 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad 27 \\
\text{[C]} & \quad 57 \\
\text{[D]} & \quad 13
\end{align*}
\]

397. A certain radio wave travels in a path represented by the equation \( y = 5\sin 2x \). What is the period of this wave?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad 2 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad 2\pi \\
\text{[C]} & \quad 5 \\
\text{[D]} & \quad \pi
\end{align*}
\]

398. A sound wave is modeled by the curve \( y = 3\sin 4x \). What is the period of this curve?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad \pi \\
\text{[B]} & \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \\
\text{[C]} & \quad 3 \\
\text{[D]} & \quad 4
\end{align*}
\]

399. In physics class, Eva noticed the pattern shown in the accompanying diagram on an oscilloscope.

Which equation best represents the pattern shown on this oscilloscope?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad y = 2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} x) + 1 \\
\text{[B]} & \quad y = 2 \sin x + 1 \\
\text{[C]} & \quad y = \sin(\frac{1}{2} x) + 1 \\
\text{[D]} & \quad y = \sin x + 1
\end{align*}
\]

400. A radio transmitter sends a radio wave from the top of a 50-foot tower. The wave is represented by the accompanying graph.

What is the equation of this radio wave?

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[A]} & \quad y = \sin x \\
\text{[B]} & \quad y = 2 \sin x \\
\text{[C]} & \quad y = 1.5 \sin x \\
\text{[D]} & \quad y = \sin 1.5x
\end{align*}
\]
401. A student attaches one end of a rope to a wall at a fixed point 3 feet above the ground, as shown in the accompanying diagram, and moves the other end of the rope up and down, producing a wave described by the equation \( y = a \sin bx + c \). The range of the rope's height above the ground is between 1 and 5 feet. The period of the wave is \( 4\pi \). Write the equation that represents this wave.

![Diagram of a rope attached to a wall with a wave produced by moving the other end up and down.]

402. The shaded portion of the accompanying map indicates areas of night, and the unshaded portion indicates areas of daylight at a particular moment in time.

Which type of function best represents the curve that divides the area of night from the area of daylight?

[A] tangent  [B] logarithmic
[C] quadratic  [D] cosine

403. The graphs below show the average annual precipitation received at different latitudes on Earth. Which graph is a translated cosine curve?

![Graphs of annual precipitation vs. latitude with options A, B, C, and D.]

404. A pair of figure skaters graphed part of their routine on a grid. The male skater's path is represented by the equation \( m(x) = 3 \sin \frac{1}{2} x \), and the female skater's path is represented by the equation \( f(x) = -2 \cos x \). On the accompanying grid, sketch both paths and state how many times the paths of the skaters intersect between \( x = 0 \) and \( x = 4\pi \).

![Grid for sketching the paths of the skaters.]
405. The tide at a boat dock can be modeled by
the equation \( y = -2 \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} t \right) + 8 \), where \( t \) is
the number of hours past noon and \( y \) is the
height of the tide, in feet. For how many
hours between \( t = 0 \) and \( t = 12 \) is the tide at
least 7 feet? [The use of the grid is
optional.]

406. On the accompanying set of axes, graph the
equations \( y = 4 \cos x \) and \( y = 2 \) in the
domain \(-\pi \leq x \leq \pi\).
Express, in terms of \( \pi \), the interval for
which \( 4 \cos x \geq 2 \).

407. Which type of symmetry does the equation
\( y = \cos x \) have?

[A] point symmetry with respect to the
origin

[B] point symmetry with respect to \( \left( \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \right) \)

[C] line symmetry with respect to \( y = x \)

[D] line symmetry with respect to the \( x \)-axis

408. An object that weighs 2 pounds is
suspended in a liquid. When the object is
depressed 3 feet from its equilibrium point,
it will oscillate according to the formula
\( x = 3 \cos (8t) \), where \( t \) is the number of
seconds after the object is released. How
many seconds are in the period of
oscillation?

[A] \( 2\pi \)  [B] \( \frac{\pi}{4} \)  [C] \( \pi \)  [D] 3

409. The times of average monthly sunrise, as
shown in the accompanying diagram, over
the course of a 12-month interval can be
modeled by the equation \( y = A \cos (Bx) + D \).
Determine the values of \( A \), \( B \), and \( D \), and
explain how you arrived at your values.
410. A building’s temperature, $T$, varies with time of day, $t$, during the course of 1 day, as follows:

$$T = 8 \cos t + 78$$

The air-conditioning operates when $T \geq 80^\circ F$. Graph this function for $6 \leq t < 17$ and determine, to the nearest tenth of an hour, the amount of time in 1 day that the air-conditioning is on in the building.

411. The accompanying diagram shows a section of a sound wave as displayed on an oscilloscope.

Which equation could represent this graph?

- [A] $y = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2}$
- [B] $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x$
- [C] $y = \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} x$
- [D] $y = 2 \cos \frac{x}{2}$

**TRIANGLES**

**PERIMETER AND AREA OF TRIANGLES**

412. The accompanying diagram shows two cables of equal length supporting a pole. Both cables are 14 meters long, and they are anchored to points in the ground that are 14 meters apart.

What is the exact height of the pole, in meters?

- [A] $7\sqrt{3}$
- [B] 7
- [C] 14
- [D] $7\sqrt{2}$

413. A garden in the shape of an equilateral triangle has sides whose lengths are 10 meters. What is the area of the garden?

- [A] $50\sqrt{3} \ m^2$
- [B] $25\sqrt{3} \ m^2$
- [C] $25 \ m^2$
- [D] $50 \ m^2$
TRIANGLE INEQUALITIES

414. A box contains one 2-inch rod, one 3-inch rod, one 4-inch rod, and one 5-inch rod. What is the maximum number of different triangles that can be made using these rods as sides?

[A] 4  [B] 2  [C] 3  [D] 1

BASIC TRIGONOMETRIC RATIOS

415. At Mogul's Ski Resort, the beginner's slope is inclined at an angle of 12.3°, while the advanced slope is inclined at an angle of 26.4°. If Rudy skis 1,000 meters down the advanced slope while Valerie skis the same distance on the beginner's slope, how much longer was the horizontal distance that Valerie covered?

[A] 231.6 m  [B] 977.0 m  
[C] 81.3 m  [D] 895.7 m

USING TRIGONOMETRY TO FIND AREA

416. Gregory wants to build a garden in the shape of an isosceles triangle with one of the congruent sides equal to 12 yards. If the area of his garden will be 55 square yards, find, to the nearest tenth of a degree, the three angles of the triangle.

417. The accompanying diagram shows the floor plan for a kitchen. The owners plan to carpet all of the kitchen except the "work space," which is represented by scalene triangle ABC. Find the area of this work space to the nearest tenth of a square foot.

LAW OF COSINES

418. Two sides of a triangular-shaped pool measure 16 feet and 21 feet, and the included angle measures 58°. What is the area, to the nearest tenth of a square foot, of a nylon cover that would exactly cover the surface of the pool?

419. The triangular top of a table has two sides of 14 inches and 16 inches, and the angle between the sides is 30°. Find the area of the tabletop, in square inches.

420. A landscape architect is designing a triangular garden to fit in the corner of a lot. The corner of the lot forms an angle of 70°, and the sides of the garden including this angle are to be 11 feet and 13 feet, respectively. Find, to the nearest integer, the number of square feet in the area of the garden.

421. A ship at sea is 70 miles from one radio transmitter and 130 miles from another. The angle between the signals sent to the ship by the transmitters is 117.4°. Find the distance between the two transmitters, to the nearest mile.

422. A wooden frame is to be constructed in the form of an isosceles trapezoid, with diagonals acting as braces to strengthen the frame. The sides of the frame each measure 5.30 feet, and the longer base measures 12.70 feet. If the angles between the sides and the longer base each measure 68.4°, find the length of one brace to the nearest tenth of a foot.

423. The Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C., is made up of two walls, each 246.75 feet long, that meet at an angle of 125.2°. Find, to the nearest foot, the distance between the ends of the walls that do not meet.
424. A triangular plot of land has sides that measure 5 meters, 7 meters, and 10 meters. What is the area of this plot of land, to the nearest tenth of a square meter?

425. Two straight roads, Elm Street and Pine Street, intersect creating a 40° angle, as shown in the accompanying diagram. John's house (J) is on Elm Street and is 3.2 miles from the point of intersection. Mary's house (M) is on Pine Street and is 5.6 miles from the intersection. Find, to the nearest tenth of a mile, the direct distance between the two houses.

426. Kieran is traveling from city A to city B. As the accompanying map indicates, Kieran could drive directly from A to B along County Route 21 at an average speed of 55 miles per hour or travel on the interstates, 45 miles along I-85 and 20 miles along I-64. The two interstates intersect at an angle of 150° at C and have a speed limit of 65 miles per hour. How much time will Kieran save by traveling along the interstates at an average speed of 65 miles per hour?

427. To measure the distance through a mountain for a proposed tunnel, surveyors chose points A and B at each end of the proposed tunnel and a point C near the mountain. They determined that \( AC = 3,800 \) meters, \( BC = 2,900 \) meters, and \( m\angle ACB = 110\). Draw a diagram to illustrate this situation and find the length of the tunnel, to the nearest meter.

428. A surveyor is mapping a triangular plot of land. He measures two of the sides and the angle formed by these two sides and finds that the lengths are 400 yards and 200 yards and the included angle is 50°. What is the measure of the third side of the plot of land, to the nearest yard? What is the area of this plot of land, to the nearest square yard?

429. A farmer has determined that a crop of strawberries yields a yearly profit of $1.50 per square yard. If strawberries are planted on a triangular piece of land whose sides are 50 yards, 75 yards, and 100 yards, how much profit, to the nearest hundred dollars, would the farmer expect to make from this piece of land during the next harvest?

**LAW OF SINES**

430. In the accompanying diagram of \( \triangle ABC \), \( m\angle A = 65\), \( m\angle B = 70\), and the side opposite vertex B is 7. Find the length of the side opposite vertex A, and find the area of \( \triangle ABC \).

431. Carmen and Jamal are standing 5,280 feet apart on a straight, horizontal road. They observe a hot-air balloon between them directly above the road. The angle of elevation from Carmen is 60° and from Jamal is 75°. Draw a diagram to illustrate this situation and find the height of the balloon to the nearest foot.
432. A ship captain at sea uses a sextant to sight an angle of elevation of 37° to the top of a lighthouse. After the ship travels 250 feet directly toward the lighthouse, another sighting is made, and the new angle of elevation is 50°. The ship's charts show that there are dangerous rocks 100 feet from the base of the lighthouse. Find, to the nearest foot, how close to the rocks the ship is at the time of the second sighting.

433. While sailing a boat offshore, Donna sees a lighthouse and calculates that the angle of elevation to the top of the lighthouse is 3°, as shown in the accompanying diagram. When she sails her boat 700 feet closer to the lighthouse, she finds that the angle of elevation is now 5°. How tall, to the nearest tenth of a foot, is the lighthouse?

434. A sign 46 feet high is placed on top of an office building. From a point on the sidewalk level with the base of the building, the angle of elevation to the top of the sign and the angle of elevation to the bottom of the sign are 40° and 32°, respectively. Sketch a diagram to represent the building, the sign, and the two angles, and find the height of the building to the nearest foot.

435. A ski lift begins at ground level 0.75 mile from the base of a mountain whose face has a 50° angle of elevation, as shown in the accompanying diagram. The ski lift ascends in a straight line at an angle of 20°. Find the length of the ski lift from the beginning of the ski lift to the top of the mountain, to the nearest hundredth of a mile.

436. A ship at sea heads directly toward a cliff on the shoreline. The accompanying diagram shows the top of the cliff, $D$, sighted from two locations, $A$ and $B$, separated by distance $S$. If $\angle DAC = 30$, $\angle DBC = 45$, and $S = 30$ feet, what is the height of the cliff, to the nearest foot?

437. In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 33$, $a = 12$, and $b = 15$. What is $\angle B$ to the nearest degree?


438. In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 30$, $\angle A = 30$, and $AC = 13$.

439. In $\triangle ABC$, $a = 19$, $c = 10$, and $\angle A = 111$. Which statement can be used to find the value of $\angle C$?

[A] $\sin C = \frac{10 \sin 21^\circ}{19}$
[B] $\sin C = \frac{10 \sin 69^\circ}{19}$
[C] $\sin C = \frac{19 \sin 69^\circ}{10}$
[D] $\sin C = \frac{10}{19}$
440. As shown in the accompanying diagram, two tracking stations, \( A \) and \( B \), are on an east-west line 110 miles apart. A forest fire is located at \( F \), on a bearing 42° northeast of station \( A \) and 15° northeast of station \( B \). How far, to the nearest mile, is the fire from station \( A \)?

![Diagram](image1)

441. The accompanying diagram shows the plans for a cell-phone tower that is to be built near a busy highway. Find the height of the tower, to the nearest foot.

![Diagram](image2)

442. In \( \triangle ABC \), \( m\angle A = 53 \), \( m\angle B = 14 \), and \( a = 10 \). Find \( b \) to the nearest integer.

443. An architect commissions a contractor to produce a triangular window. The architect describes the window as \( \triangle ABC \), where \( m\angle A = 50 \), \( BC = 10 \) inches, and \( AB = 12 \) inches. How many distinct triangles can the contractor construct using these dimensions?

[A] 0  [B] more than 2  [C] 1  [D] 2

444. What is the total number of distinct triangles that can be constructed if \( AC = 13 \), \( BC = 8 \), and \( m\angle A = 36 \)?

[A] 3  [B] 0  [C] 2  [D] 1

445. Sam is designing a triangular piece for a metal sculpture. He tells Martha that two of the sides of the piece are 40 inches and 15 inches, and the angle opposite the 40-inch side measures 120°. Martha decides to sketch the piece that Sam described. How many different triangles can she sketch that match Sam’s description?

[A] 2  [B] 1  [C] 3  [D] 0

446. How many distinct triangles can be formed if \( m\angle A = 30 \), side \( b = 12 \), and side \( a = 8 \)?

[A] 0  [B] 3  [C] 1  [D] 2

447. A landscape designer is designing a triangular garden with two sides that are 4 feet and 6 feet, respectively. The angle opposite the 4-foot side is 30°. How many distinct triangular gardens can the designer make using these measurements?

448. Main Street and Central Avenue intersect, making an angle measuring 34°. Angela lives at the intersection of the two roads, and Caitlin lives on Central Avenue 10 miles from the intersection. If Leticia lives 7 miles from Caitlin, which conclusion is valid?

[A] Leticia can live at one of two locations on Main Street.

[B] Leticia can live at one of three locations on Main Street.

[C] Leticia cannot live on Main Street.

[D] Leticia can live at only one location on Main Street.

449. In \( \triangle ABC \), if \( AC = 12 \), \( BC = 11 \), and \( m\angle A = 30 \), angle \( C \) could be

[A] an acute angle, only

[B] a right angle, only

[C] either an obtuse angle or an acute angle

[D] an obtuse angle, only
450. Sam needs to cut a triangle out of a sheet of paper. The only requirements that Sam must follow are that one of the angles must be 60°, the side opposite the 60° angle must be 40 centimeters, and one of the other sides must be 15 centimeters. How many different triangles can Sam make?

[A] 3  [B] 1  [C] 2  [D] 0

VECTORS

451. Two tow trucks try to pull a car out of a ditch. One tow truck applies a force of 1,500 pounds while the other truck applies a force of 2,000 pounds. The resultant force is 3,000 pounds. Find the angle between the two applied forces, rounded to the nearest degree.

452. One force of 20 pounds and one force of 15 pounds act on a body at the same point so that the resultant force is 19 pounds. Find, to the nearest degree, the angle between the two original forces.

453. Two equal forces act on a body at an angle of 80°. If the resultant force is 100 newtons, find the value of one of the two equal forces, to the nearest hundredth of a newton.

TRIANGLE PROOFS

454. In the accompanying diagram, \( \triangle ABC \) is not isosceles. Prove that if altitude \( BD \) were drawn, it would not bisect \( AC \).

455. Given: \( \triangle ABT, \overline{CBTD}, \) and \( AB \perp CD \)

Write an indirect proof to show that \( \overline{AT} \) is not perpendicular to \( CD \).

456. In the accompanying diagram of \( \triangle ABC \),
\[ AB \equiv AC, \overline{BD} = \frac{1}{3} \overline{BA}, \text{ and } CE = \frac{1}{3} \overline{CA} . \]

Triangle \( EBC \) can be proved congruent to triangle \( DCB \) by

[A] SSS \( \cong \) SSS  [B] HL \( \cong \) HL
[C] SAS \( \cong \) SAS  [D] ASA \( \cong \) ASA

457. In the accompanying diagram, \( \overline{HK} \) bisects \( \overline{IL} \) and \( \angle H \equiv \angle K \).

What is the most direct method of proof that could be used to prove \( \triangle HIJ \equiv \triangle KLJ \)?

[A] SAS \( \cong \) SAS  [B] HL \( \cong \) HL
[C] AAS \( \cong \) AAS  [D] ASA \( \cong \) ASA
458. In the accompanying diagram, \( \overline{CA} \perp \overline{AB} \), \( \overline{ED} \perp \overline{DF} \), and \( \overline{ED} \parallel \overline{BF} \), \( \overline{CE} \cong \overline{BF} \), \( \overline{AB} \cong \overline{ED} \) and \( m\angle CAB = m\angle FDE = 90 \).

Which statement would not be used to prove \( \triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF \)?

[A] AAS \( \cong \) AAS  
[B] HL \( \cong \) HL  
[C] SSS \( \cong \) SSS  
[D] SAS \( \cong \) SAS

459. In the accompanying diagram of parallelogram \( ABCD \), \( DF \parallel BF \).

Triangle \( EGC \) can be proved congruent to triangle \( FGA \) by

[A] HL \( \cong \) HL  
[B] AAS \( \cong \) AAS  
[C] SSA \( \cong \) SSA  
[D] AAA \( \cong \) AAA

460. Which condition does not prove that two triangles are congruent?

[A] SSS \( \cong \) SSS  
[B] SSA \( \cong \) SSA  
[C] ASA \( \cong \) ASA  
[D] SAS \( \cong \) SAS

461. Which statements could be used to prove that \( \triangle ABC \) and \( \triangle A'B'C' \) are congruent?

[A] \( \angle A \cong \angle A' \), \( \overline{AC} \cong \overline{A'C'} \), and \( \overline{BC} \cong \overline{B'C'} \)  
[B] \( \overline{AB} \cong \overline{A'B'} \), \( \overline{BC} \cong \overline{B'C'} \), and \( \angle A \cong \angle A' \)  
[C] \( \angle A \cong \angle A' \), \( \overline{AB} \cong \overline{B'C'} \), and \( \angle C \cong \angle C' \)  
[D] \( \overline{AB} \cong \overline{A'B'} \), \( \angle A \cong \angle A' \), and \( \angle C \cong \angle C' \)

462. Given: parallelogram \( FLSH \), diagonal \( FGAS \), \( LG \perp FS \), \( HA \perp FS \).

Prove: \( \triangle LGS \cong \triangle HAF \)

463. Complete the partial proof below for the accompanying diagram by providing reasons for steps 5, 6, 7, and 8.

Given: \( \overline{AB} \perp \overline{CD} \), \( \overline{CE} \perp \overline{DF} \), \( \overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD} \), \( \overline{AE} \perp \overline{BD} \), \( \overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD} \), \( \overline{AE} \perp \overline{BD} \).

Prove: \( \overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD} \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statements</th>
<th>Reason</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ( \overline{ABCD} )</td>
<td>1 Given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ( \overline{AB} \perp \overline{CD} )</td>
<td>2 Given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ( \angle B ) and ( \angle E ) are right angles</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ( \angle B \cong \angle E )</td>
<td>4 All right angles are congruent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ( \overline{CE} \perp \overline{DF} )</td>
<td>5 Given</td>
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<tr>
<td>6 ( \angle BCA \cong \angle EBD )</td>
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<tr>
<td>7 ( \overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD} )</td>
<td>7 Given</td>
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<tr>
<td>8 ( \overline{ABC} \cong \overline{DEF} )</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 ( \overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD} )</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OTHER POLYGONS

PERIMETER AND AREA OF OTHER POLYGONS

464. A homeowner wants to increase the size of a rectangular deck that now measures 15 feet by 20 feet, but building code laws state that a homeowner cannot have a deck larger than 900 square feet. If the length and the width are to be increased by the same amount, find, to the nearest tenth, the maximum number of feet that the length of the deck may be increased in size legally.

465. Chad had a garden that was in the shape of a rectangle. Its length was twice its width. He decided to make a new garden that was 2 feet longer and 2 feet wider than his first garden. If $x$ represents the original width of the garden, which expression represents the difference between the area of his new garden and the area of the original garden?

[A] $x^2 + 3x + 2$  
[B] $2x^2$  
[C] $6x + 4$  
[D] $8$

466. A small, open-top packing box, similar to a shoebox without a lid, is three times as long as it is wide, and half as high as it is long. Each square inch of the bottom of the box costs $0.008 to produce, while each square inch of any side costs $0.003 to produce. Write a function for the cost of the box described above. Using this function, determine the dimensions of a box that would cost $0.69 to produce.

467. A picnic table in the shape of a regular octagon is shown in the accompanying diagram. If the length of $\overline{AE}$ is 6 feet, find the length of one side of the table to the nearest tenth of a foot, and find the area of the table's surface to the nearest tenth of a square foot.

OTHER POLYGON PROOFS

468. Prove that the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other.

469. Given: parallelogram $ABCD$, diagonal $\overline{AC}$, and $\overline{ABE}$

Prove: $m\angle 1 > m\angle 2$

470. In the accompanying diagram of $ABCD$, where $a \neq b$, prove $ABCD$ is an isosceles trapezoid.
471. Given: \(A(1,6), B(7,9), C(13,6),\) and \(D(3,1)\)
Prove: \(ABCD\) is a trapezoid. [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

472. Quadrilateral \(KATE\) has vertices \(K(1,5),\)
\(A(4,7), T(7,3),\) and \(E(1,-1).\)
a Prove that \(KATE\) is a trapezoid. [The use of the grid is optional.]
b Prove that \(KATE\) is not an isosceles trapezoid.

473. The coordinates of quadrilateral \(ABCD\) are \(A(-1,-5), B(8,2), C(11,13),\) and \(D(2,6).\)
Using coordinate geometry, prove that quadrilateral \(ABCD\) is a rhombus. [The use of the grid is optional.]

474. The coordinates of quadrilateral \(JKLM\) are \(J(1,-2), K(13,4), L(6,8),\) and \(M(-2,4).\) Prove that quadrilateral \(JKLM\) is a trapezoid but not an isosceles trapezoid. [The use of the grid is optional.]
475. Jim is experimenting with a new drawing program on his computer. He created quadrilateral $TEAM$ with coordinates $T(-2,3)$, $E(-5,-4)$, $A(2,-1)$, and $M(5,6)$. Jim believes that he has created a rhombus but not a square. Prove that Jim is correct. [The use of the grid is optional.]

476. Given: $A(-2,2)$, $B(6,5)$, $C(4,0)$, $D(-4,-3)$
Prove: $ABCD$ is a parallelogram but not a rectangle. [The use of the grid is optional.]

477. The circumference of a circular plot of land is increased by 10%. What is the best estimate of the total percentage that the area of the plot increased?

[A] 31%  [B] 25%  [C] 10%  [D] 21%

478. Every time the pedals go through a 360° rotation on a certain bicycle, the tires rotate three times. If the tires are 24 inches in diameter, what is the minimum number of complete rotations of the pedals needed for the bicycle to travel at least 1 mile?


479. Ileana buys a large circular pizza that is divided into eight equal slices. She measures along the outer edge of the crust from one piece and finds it to be $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. What is the diameter of the pizza to the nearest inch?


480. A ball is rolling in a circular path that has a radius of 10 inches, as shown in the accompanying diagram. What distance has the ball rolled when the subtended arc is 54°? Express your answer to the nearest hundredth of an inch.

CONICS

CIRCUMFERENCE AND AREA

477. The circumference of a circular plot of land is increased by 10%. What is the best estimate of the total percentage that the area of the plot increased?

[A] 31%  [B] 25%  [C] 10%  [D] 21%

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479. Ileana buys a large circular pizza that is divided into eight equal slices. She measures along the outer edge of the crust from one piece and finds it to be $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. What is the diameter of the pizza to the nearest inch?


480. A ball is rolling in a circular path that has a radius of 10 inches, as shown in the accompanying diagram. What distance has the ball rolled when the subtended arc is 54°? Express your answer to the nearest hundredth of an inch.
481. Cities $H$ and $K$ are located on the same line of longitude and the difference in the latitude of these cities is $9^\circ$, as shown in the accompanying diagram. If Earth's radius is 3,954 miles, how many miles north of city $K$ is city $H$ along arc $HK$? Round your answer to the nearest tenth of a mile.

![Diagram of cities H and K on the same line of longitude with latitude difference and Earth's radius indicated.](Not drawn to scale)

482. Kathy and Tami are at point $A$ on a circular track that has a radius of 150 feet, as shown in the accompanying diagram. They run counterclockwise along the track from $A$ to $S$, a distance of 247 feet. Find, to the nearest degree, the measure of minor arc $AS$.

![Diagram of a circular track with point A and S.](radius-150-feet-track)

483. The accompanying diagram shows the path of a cart traveling on a circular track of radius 2.40 meters. The cart starts at point $A$ and stops at point $B$, moving in a counterclockwise direction. What is the length of minor arc $AB$, over which the cart traveled, to the nearest tenth of a meter?

![Diagram of a circular track with points A and B.](radius-2.40-meters-track)

484. The center of a circular sunflower with a diameter of 4 centimeters is (-2,1). Which equation represents the sunflower?

[A] $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$

[B] $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 2$

[C] $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$

[D] $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 2$

485. What is the equation of a circle with center (-3, 1) and radius 7?

[A] $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 7$

[B] $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 7$

[C] $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 49$

[D] $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 49$

486. For a carnival game, John is painting two circles, $V$ and $M$, on a square dartboard. a On the accompanying grid, draw and label circle $V$, represented by the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, and circle $M$, represented by the equation $(x - 8)^2 + (y + 6)^2 = 4$.

![Grid with circle V and M labeled.](grid-with-circles)

b A point, $(x,y)$, is randomly selected such that $-10 \leq x \leq 10$ and $-10 \leq y \leq 10$. What is the probability that point $(x,y)$ lies outside both circle $V$ and circle $M$?
487. A circle has the equation 
\[(x+1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16.\]
What are the coordinates of its center and the length of its radius?

[A] (-1,3) and 16  [B] (1,-3) and 16  
[C] (1,-3) and 4  [D] (-1,3) and 4

488. What are the coordinates of the center of the circle represented by the equation 
\[(x+3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 25?\]

[A] (3,-4)  [B] (3,4)  
[C] (-3,-4)  [D] (-3,4)

489. The center of a circle represented by the equation 
\[(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 100\] is located in Quadrant

[A] IV  [B] II  [C] I  [D] III

**EQUATIONS OF ELLIPSES**

490. A commercial artist plans to include an ellipse in a design and wants the length of the horizontal axis to equal 10 and the length of the vertical axis to equal 6. Which equation could represent this ellipse?

[A] \(9x^2 - 25y^2 = 225\)  
[B] \(3y = 20x^2\)  
[C] \(9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225\)  
[D] \(x^2 + y^2 = 100\)

491. Which equation, when graphed on a Cartesian coordinate plane, would best represent an elliptical racetrack?

[A] \(3x^2 - 10y^2 = 288,000\)  
[B] \(30xy = 288,000\)  
[C] \(3x^2 + 10y^2 = 288,000\)  
[D] \(3x + 10y = 288,000\)

492. An object orbiting a planet travels in a path represented by the equation 
\[3(y+1)^2 + 5(x+4)^2 = 15.\]
In which type of pattern does the object travel?

[A] circle  [B] ellipse  
[C] parabola  [D] hyperbola

493. The accompanying diagram represents the elliptical path of a ride at an amusement park.

Which equation represents this path?

[A] \(\frac{x^2}{150^2} - \frac{y^2}{50^2} = 1\)  
[B] \(x^2 + y^2 = 300\)  
[C] \(y = x^2 + 100x + 300\)  
[D] \(\frac{x^2}{150^2} + \frac{y^2}{50^2} = 1\)

494. The accompanying diagram shows the elliptical orbit of a planet. The foci of the elliptical orbit are \(F_1\) and \(F_2\).

If \(a, b,\) and \(c\) are all positive and \(a \neq b \neq c\), which equation could represent the path of the planet?

[A] \(ax^2 + by^2 = c^2\)  
[B] \(y = ax^2 + c^2\)  
[C] \(ax^2 - by^2 = c^2\)  
[D] \(x^2 + y^2 = c^2\)
495. An architect is designing a building to include an arch in the shape of a semi-ellipse (half an ellipse), such that the width of the arch is 20 feet and the height of the arch is 8 feet, as shown in the accompanying diagram.

Which equation models this arch?

[A] \( \frac{x^2}{100} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1 \)  
[B] \( \frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{400} = 1 \)  
[C] \( \frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{100} = 1 \)  
[D] \( \frac{x^2}{400} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1 \)

496. Solve the following system of equations algebraically:

\[ 9x^2 + y^2 = 9 \]
\[ 3x - y = 3 \]

497. The accompanying diagram shows the construction of a model of an elliptical orbit of a planet traveling around a star. Point \( P \) and the center of the star represent the foci of the orbit.

Which equation could represent the relation shown?

[A] \( \frac{x^2}{225} + \frac{y^2}{81} = 1 \)  
[B] \( \frac{x^2}{81} + \frac{y^2}{225} = 1 \)  
[C] \( \frac{x^2}{15} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1 \)  
[D] \( \frac{x^2}{15} - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1 \)

CHORDS SECANTS AND TANGENTS

498. In the accompanying diagram, the length of \( \overarc{ABC} \) is \( \frac{3\pi}{2} \) radians.

What is \( m\angle ABC \)?

[A] 36  
[B] 53  
[C] 72  
[D] 45
499. A regular hexagon is inscribed in a circle. What is the ratio of the length of a side of the hexagon to the minor arc that it intercepts?

[A] $\frac{\pi}{6}$  [B] $\frac{3}{\pi}$  [C] $\frac{6}{\pi}$  [D] $\frac{3}{6}$

500. Kimi wants to determine the radius of a circular pool without getting wet. She is located at point $K$, which is 4 feet from the pool and 12 feet from the point of tangency, as shown in the accompanying diagram.

What is the radius of the pool?

[A] 32 ft  [B] $4\sqrt{10}$ ft  [C] 20 ft  [D] 16 ft

501. An overhead view of a revolving door is shown in the accompanying diagram. Each panel is 1.5 meters wide.

What is the approximate width of $d$, the opening from $B$ to $C$?

[A] 1.50 m  [B] 1.73 m  [C] 3.00 m  [D] 2.12 m

502. In the accompanying diagram of circle $O$, chord $AY$ is parallel to diameter $DOE$, $\overline{AD}$ is drawn, and $m\overline{AD} = 40$.

What is $m\angle DAY$?


503. A toy truck is located within a circular play area. Alex and Dominic are sitting on opposite endpoints of a chord that contains the truck. Alex is 4 feet from the truck, and Dominic is 3 feet from the truck. Meira and Tamara are sitting on opposite endpoints of another chord containing the truck. Meira is 8 feet from the truck. How many feet, to the nearest tenth of a foot, is Tamara from the truck? Draw a diagram to support your answer.

504. The new corporate logo created by the design engineers at Magic Motors is shown in the accompanying diagram.

If chords $\overline{BA}$ and $\overline{BC}$ are congruent and $m\overline{BC} = 140$, what is $m\angle B$?

505. The accompanying diagram shows a child's spin toy that is constructed from two chords intersecting in a circle. The curved edge of the larger shaded section is one-quarter of the circumference of the circle, and the curved edge of the smaller shaded section is one-fifth of the circumference of the circle.

What is the measure of angle \( x \)?


506. The accompanying diagram represents circular pond \( O \) with docks located at points \( A \) and \( B \). From a cabin located at \( C \), two sightings are taken that determine an angle of 30° for tangents \( \overline{CA} \) and \( \overline{CB} \).

What is \( m \angle CAB \)?


507. An architect is designing a park with an entrance represented by point \( C \) and a circular garden with center \( O \), as shown in the accompanying diagram. The architect plans to connect three points on the circumference of the garden, \( A \), \( B \), and \( D \), to the park entrance, \( C \), with walkways so that walkways \( \overline{CA} \) and \( \overline{CB} \) are tangent to the garden, walkway \( \overline{DOEC} \) is a path through the center of the garden, \( m \angle ADB : m \angle AEB = 3 : 2 \), \( BC = 60 \) meters, and \( EC = 43.6 \) meters.

Find the measure of the angle between walkways \( \overline{CA} \) and \( \overline{CB} \).
Find the diameter of the circular garden, to the nearest meter.

508. A small fragment of something brittle, such as pottery, is called a shard. The accompanying diagram represents the outline of a shard from a small round plate that was found at an archaeological dig.

If \( \overline{BC} \) is a tangent to \( \overline{AC} \) at \( B \) and \( m \angle ABC = 45 \), what is the measure of \( \overline{AC} \), the outside edge of the shard?


509. Point \( P \) lies outside circle \( O \), which has a diameter of \( \overline{AOC} \). The angle formed by tangent \( \overline{PA} \) and secant \( \overline{PBC} \) measures 30°. Sketch the conditions given above and find the number of degrees in the measure of minor arc \( CB \).
510. In the accompanying diagram, cabins $B$ and $G$ are located on the shore of a circular lake, and cabin $L$ is located near the lake. Point $D$ is a dock on the lake shore and is collinear with cabins $B$ and $L$. The road between cabins $G$ and $L$ is 8 miles long and is tangent to the lake. The path between cabin $L$ and dock $D$ is 4 miles long.

What is the length, in miles, of $BD$?

511. The accompanying diagram shows a circular machine part that has rods $PT$ and $PAR$ attached at points $T, A$, and $R$, which are located on the circle; $m\angle TA : m\angle AR : m\angle RT = 1 : 3 : 5$; $RA = 12$ centimeters; and $PA = 5$ centimeters.

Find the measure of $\angle P$, in degrees, and find the length of rod $PT$, to the nearest tenth of a centimeter.

512. In the accompanying diagram, $PA$ is tangent to circle $O$ at $A$, secant $PBC$ is drawn, $PB = 4$, and $BC = 12$. Find $PA$.

513. Given circle $O$ with diameter $GOAL$; secants $HUG$ and $HTAM$ intersect at point $H$; $m\angle GM : m\angle ML : m\angle LT = 7 : 3 : 2$; and chord $GU \cong$ chord $UT$. Find the ratio of $m\angle UGL$ to $m\angle H$.

514. The accompanying diagram shows a semicircular arch over a street that has a radius of 14 feet. A banner is attached to the arch at points $A$ and $B$, such that $AE = EB = 5$ feet. How many feet above the ground are these points of attachment for the banner?
CIRCLE PROOFS

515. In the accompanying diagram of circle $O$, $PA$ is drawn tangent to the circle at $A$. Place $B$ on $PA$ anywhere between $P$ and $A$ and draw $OA$, $OP$, and $OB$. Prove that $OB$ is not perpendicular to $PA$.

516. Given: chords $AB$ and $CD$ of circle $O$ intersect at $E$, an interior point of circle $O$; chords $AD$ and $CB$ are drawn.

Prove: $(AE)(EB) = (CE)(ED)$

SIMILARITY

518. The accompanying diagram shows a 24-foot ladder leaning against a building. A steel brace extends from the ladder to the point where the building meets the ground. The brace forms a right angle with the ladder.

If the steel brace is connected to the ladder at a point that is 10 feet from the foot of the ladder, which equation can be used to find the length, $x$, of the steel brace?

[A] $\frac{10}{x} = \frac{x}{24}$

[B] $\frac{10}{x} = \frac{x}{14}$

[C] $10^2 + x^2 = 14^2$

[D] $10^2 + x^2 = 24^2$

TRANSFORMATIONS

IDENTIFYING TRANSFORMATIONS

519. Which transformation of the graph of $y = x^2$ would result in the graph of $y = x^2 + 2$?

[A] $R_{0,90}$  [B] $r_y=2$  [C] $D_2$  [D] $T_{0,2}$
TRANSLATIONS

520. The image of the origin under a certain translation is the point (2, -6). The image of point (-3, -2) under the same translation is the point

[A] (-6, 12)  [B] (-5, 4)
[C] (-1, -8)  [D] (-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3})

521. Two parabolic arches are to be built. The equation of the first arch can be expressed as $y = -x^2 + 9$, with a range of $0 \leq y \leq 9$, and the second arch is created by the transformation $T_{70}$. On the accompanying set of axes, graph the equations of the two arches. Graph the line of symmetry formed by the parabola and its transformation and label it with the proper equation.

DILATIONS

522. In which quadrant would the image of point (5, -3) fall after a dilation using a factor of -3?


523. In the accompanying graph, the shaded region represents set $A$ of all points $(x, y)$ such that $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$. The transformation $T$ maps point $(x, y)$ to point $(2x, 4y)$.

Which graph shows the mapping of set $A$ by the transformation $T$?
524. The graph of the function \( g(x) \) is shown on the accompanying set of axes. On the same set of axes, sketch the image of \( g(x) \) under the transformation \( D_2 \).

![Graph of function g(x)](image)

525. What are the coordinates of point \( P \), the image of point \((3, -4)\) after a reflection in the line \( y = x \)?


526. In the accompanying diagram of square \( ABCD \), \( F \) is the midpoint of \( AB \), \( G \) is the midpoint of \( BC \), \( H \) is the midpoint of \( CD \), and \( E \) is the midpoint of \( DA \).

Find the image of \( \triangle EOA \) after it is reflected in line \( \ell \).
Is this isometry direct or opposite? Explain your answer.

![Diagram of square ABCD with midpoints labeled] (image)

527. The graph below represents \( f(x) \).

![Graph of function f(x)](image)

Which graph best represents \( f(-x) \)?

[A]  [B]  [C]  [D]

528. Which transformation best describes the relationship between the functions \( f(x) = 2^x \) and \( g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x \)?

[A] reflection in the \( x \)-axis  [B] reflection in the \( y \)-axis  [C] reflection in the origin  [D] reflection in the line \( y = x \)

**ISOMETRIES**

529. Which transformation is *not* an isometry?

[A] \( r_{y=x} \)  [B] \( D_2 \)  [C] \( R_{90^\circ} \)  [D] \( T_{2,5} \)

530. Which transformation is *not* an isometry?


531. Which transformation is a direct isometry?

[A] \( D_2 \)  [B] \( D_{-2} \)  [C] \( r_{y-axis} \)  [D] \( T_{2,5} \)

532. Which transformation is an opposite isometry?

533. Which transformation is an example of an opposite isometry?

[A] \((x, y) \rightarrow (y, x)\)  
[B] \((x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y - 6)\)  
[C] \((x, y) \rightarrow (3x, 3y)\)  
[D] \((x, y) \rightarrow (y, -x)\)

534. Which transformation does not preserve orientation?

[A] rotation  
[B] dilation  
[C] translation  
[D] reflection in the \(y\)-axis

**ROTATIONS**

535. Point \(P'\) is the image of point \(P(-3,4)\) after a translation defined by \(T_{7,-1}\). Which other transformation on \(P\) would also produce \(P'\)?

[A] \(r_{y-axis}\)  
[B] \(r_{x=-x}\)  
[C] \(R_{90^\circ}\)  
[D] \(R_{-90^\circ}\)

**COMPOSITIONS OF TRANSFORMATIONS**

536. If the coordinates of point \(A\) are (-2,3), what is the image of \(A\) under \(r_{y-axis} \circ D_{3}\)?

[A] (6,9)  
[B] (9,-6)  
[C] (5,6)  
[D] (-6,-9)

537. What is the image of point (1,1) under \(r_{x-axis} \circ R_{0,90^\circ}\)?

[A] (-1,-1)  
[B] (1,-1)  
[C] (1,1)  
[D] (-1,1)

538. What are the coordinates of point \(A'\), the image of point \(A(-4,1)\) after the composite transformation \(R_{90^\circ} \circ r_{y=x}\) where the origin is the center of rotation?

[A] (4,1)  
[B] (1,4)  
[C] (-4,-1)  
[D] (-1,-4)

539. If \(f(x) = \cos x\), which graph represents \(f(x)\) under the composition \(r_{y-axis} \circ r_{x-axis}\)?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D] 

540. The graph of \(f(x)\) is shown in the accompanying diagram. Which graph represents \(f(x)_{r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y-axis}}\)?

[A]  
[B]  
[C]  
[D]
541. The accompanying graph represents the figure \( \overline{AB} \).

Which graph represents \( \overline{AB} \) after a transformation defined by \( r_{y=x} \circ R_{90^\circ} \)?

[A] [B] [C] [D]

542. a On the accompanying grid, graph the equation \( 2y = 2x^2 - 4 \) in the interval \(-3 \leq x \leq 3\) and label it \( a \).

b On the same grid, sketch the image of \( a \) under \( T_{5,-2} \circ r_{y-axis} \) and label it \( b \).

543. Graph and label the following equations, \( a \) and \( b \), on the accompanying set of coordinate axes.

\[
a: y = x^2 \\
b: y = -(x - 4)^2 + 3
\]

Describe the composition of transformations performed on \( a \) to get \( b \).

544. On the accompanying grid, graph and label \( \overline{AB} \), where \( A \) is \((0,5)\) and \( B \) is \((2,0)\). Under the transformation \( r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y-axis}(\overline{AB}) \), \( A \) maps to \( A'' \) and \( B \) maps to \( B'' \). Graph and label \( A''B'' \). What single transformation would map \( \overline{AB} \) to \( A''B'' \)?