# Wednesday, January 24, $2024-1: 15$ to $4: 15$ p.m., only 



The possession or use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you have or use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above.
A separate answer sheet for Part I has been provided to you. Follow the instructions from the proctor for completing the student information on your answer sheet.

This examination has four parts, with a total of 37 questions. You must answer all questions in this examination. Record your answers to the Part I multiple-choice questions on the separate answer sheet. Write your answers to the questions in Parts II, III, and IV directly in this booklet. All work should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale.

The formulas that you may need to answer some questions in this examination are found at the end of the examination. This sheet is perforated so you may remove it from this booklet.

Scrap paper is not permitted for any part of this examination, but you may use the blank spaces in this booklet as scrap paper. A perforated sheet of scrap graph paper is provided at the end of this booklet for any question for which graphing may be helpful but is not required. You may remove this sheet from this booklet. Any work done on this sheet of scrap graph paper will not be scored.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed at the end of the answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

Notice ...
A graphing calculator and a straightedge (ruler) must be available for you to use while taking this examination.

## Part I

Answer all 24 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For each statement or question, choose the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question. Record your answers on your separate answer sheet. [48]

1 The graph below represents a dog walker's speed during his 30 -minute walk around the neighborhood.

## Use this space for computations.



Which statement best describes what the dog walker was doing during the 12-18 minute interval of his walk?

He was walking at a constant rate. - speed was 1.5 mph
(2) He was increasing his speed. - no - speed did
(3) He was decreasing his speed. - no - speed did
(4) He was standing still. - no - speed was not zero

2 Given the relation: $\{(0,4),(2,6),(4,8),(x, 7)\}$
Which value of $x$ will make this relation a function?
(1) $0 \quad n o$
$(0,4)$
(3) yes
(4) 4 no( 4,8$)$

A function has one, and only one, valve of $y$ for every value of $x$ -

3 The Speedy Jet Ski Rental Company charges an insurance fee and

## Use this space for computations.

 an hourly rental rate. The total cost is modeled by the function $R(x)=30+40 x$. Based on this model, which statements are true?I. $R(x)$ represents the total cost. Yes
I. $R(x)$ represents the total cost. Yes
II. $x$ is the number of hours rented. Yes
III. $\$ 40$ is the insurance fee. No
IV. $\$ 30$ is the hourly rental rate. No
(1) I, only
(3) I, III, and IV, only
(4) I, II, III, and IV
I and II, only
(3) I, III, and IV, only
(4) I, II, III, and IV
$\qquad$

## R

 $\frac{\text { From Formula Page }}{a_{n}=a_{1} r^{n-r}}$4 The eleventh term of the sequence $3,-6,12,-24, \ldots$, is $a_{n}=Q_{1}$
(1) -3072

- 3072
(2) -6144
(4) 6144

$$
\text { 4) } 6144
$$

5 Which situation represents exponential growth?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a_{n}=a_{1} \\
& a_{11}=3(-2)^{11-1} \\
& a_{11}=3(-2)^{10} \\
& a_{11}=3(1024) \\
& a_{11}=3072 .
\end{aligned}
$$

(1) Adan adds $\$ 10$ to a jar each week.
(2) A pine tree grows 1.5 feet per year.
(3) Ella earns $\$ 20$ per hour babysitting.
(a) The number of people majoring in computer science doubles every 5 years.

6 The expression $\left(-x^{2}+3 x-7\right)-\left(4 x^{2}+5 x-2\right)$ is equivalent to
(1) $-5 x^{2}-2 x-9$
(3) $-5 x^{2}+8 x-9$
(3) $-5 x^{2}-2 x-5$
(4) $-5 x^{2}+8 x-5$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-x^{2}+3 x-7 \\
-4 x^{2}-5 x+2 \\
\hline-5 x^{2}-2 x-5
\end{array}
$$

Use this space for
7 If $f(x)=x^{2}$, which function is the result of shifting $f(x) 3$ units left and 2 units down?
(1) $g(x)=(x+2)^{2}>3$
(0) $j(x)=(x+3)^{2}-2$
(2) $h(x)=(x-2)^{2}$
(4) $k(x)=(x-3)^{2}+2$

8 An equation used to find the velocity of an object is given as $v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s$, where $u$ is the initial velocity, $v$ is the final velocity, $a$ is the acceleration of the object, and $s$ is the distance traveled.

When this equation is solved for $a$, the result is
(1) $a=\frac{v^{2} u^{2}}{2 s}$
(3) $a=v^{2}-u^{2}-2 s$

$$
v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s
$$

$a=\frac{v^{2}-u^{2}}{2 s}$
(4) $a=2 s\left(v^{2}-u^{2}\right)$ computations.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
f(1)=4 & g(3)=14 \\
f(1)=(1)^{2}+2(1)+1 & g(3)=3(3)+5
\end{array}
$$

Use this space for
10 If $f(x)=x^{2}+2 x+1$ and $g(x)=3 x+5$, then what is the value of computations. $f(1)-g(3)$ ?
(1) 10
(1) -10
(2) 8
(4) -8

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(1)-g(3)= \\
& 4-10=-10
\end{aligned}
$$

11 Which function has the largest $y$-intercept?

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
f(x)=-4 x-1 & g(x)=|x|+3 \\
\text { (1) }-1 &
\end{array}
$$

| $x$ | $h(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -1 | 1.5 |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 2 | .5 |

(2)

(4)

12 Two texting plans are advertised. Plan A has a monthly fee of \$15 with a charge of $\$ 0.08$ per text. Plan $B$ has a monthly fee of $\$ 3$ with a charge of $\$ 0.12$ per text. If $t$ represents the number of text messages in a month, which inequality should be used to show that the cost of Plan $A$ is less than the cost of Plan $B$ ?
$15+0.08 t<3+0.12 t$
(3) $15 t+0.08<3 t+0.12$
(2) $15+0.08 t>3+0.12 t$
(4) $15 t+0.08>3 t+0.12$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Plan } A=15+.08 t \\
& \text { Plan } B=3+.12 t
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Show that } A \text { is less than } B
$$

13 The function $f(x)$ is graphed on the set of axes below.


What is the equation of the axis of symmetry for $f(x)$ ?
i) $x=-1$.
(3) $y=-1$
(2) $x=-3$
(4) $y=-3$

Use this space for computations.

17 If $f(x)=2 x+6$ and $g(x)=|x|$ are graphed on the same coordinate computations. plane, for which value of $x$ is $f(x)=g(x)$ ?
(1) 6
(3) -2
(2) 2
(4) -6

Use graphing calculator.

18 What is the solution to the inequality $2 x-7>2.5 x+3$ ?
(1) $x>-5$
(3) $x>-20$
(2) $x<-5$
(4) $x<-20$

19 Three expressions are written below.
A. $\left(2 x y^{2}\right)^{3}$ yes
B. $(2 x)^{3} y^{6}$ yes
A. $\left(2 x y^{2}\right)^{3}$ yes
B. $(2 x)^{3} y^{6}$ yes
$2 x-7>2.5 x+3$ $-3$
$\qquad$
$-3$

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
2 x-10>2.5 x \\
-2 x & -2 x
\end{array}
$$

C. $\left(2 x^{2} y^{2}\right)\left(4 x y^{3}\right) 8 x^{3} y^{5} N_{0}$

Which expressions are equivalent to $8 x^{3} y^{6}$ ?
A A and $B$, only
(3) A and C, only
(2) $B$ and $C$, only
(4) $A, B$, and $C$

20 Joe deposits $\$ 4000$ into a certificate of deposit (CD) at his local bank. The CD earns $3 \%$ interest, compounded annually. The value of the CD in $x$ years can be found using the function
(1) $f(x)=4000+0.3 x$
(3) $f(x)=4000(1.3)^{x}$
(2) $f(x)=4000+0.03 x$
a) $f(x)=4000(1.03)^{x}$ $A=p L^{t \rightarrow \text { \# of times compound el }}=$

21 When factored completely, $-x^{3}+10 x^{2}+24 x$ is
(1) $-x(x+4)(x-6)$
6. $-x(x+2)(x-12)$
(2) $-x(x-4)(x-6)$
(4) $-x(x-2)(x+12)$

Use this space for computations.

22 When the temperature is $59^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, the speed of sound at sea level is 1225 kilometers per hour. Which process could be used to convert this speed into feet per second?
(1) $\frac{1225 \mathrm{~km}}{1 \mathrm{hr}} \cdot \frac{0.62 \mathrm{mi}}{1 \mathrm{~km}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{hr}}{60 \mathrm{~min}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{mi}}{5280 \mathrm{ft}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{~min}}{60 \mathrm{sec}}$

$$
\frac{\text { kilomites }}{\text { hour }} \Rightarrow \frac{f_{\text {eat }}}{\text { second }}
$$

$\frac{1225 \mathrm{~km}}{1 \mathrm{hr}} \cdot \frac{0.62 \mathrm{mit}}{1 \mathrm{kmI}} \cdot \frac{5280 \mathrm{ft}}{1 \mathrm{mi}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{hr}}{60 \min } \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{~min}}{60 \mathrm{sec}}$
(3) $\frac{1225 \mathrm{~km}}{1 \mathrm{hr}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{~km}}{0.62 \mathrm{mi}} \cdot \frac{5280 \mathrm{ft}}{1 \mathrm{mi}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{hr}}{60 \text { min }} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{~min}}{60 \mathrm{sec}}$

$$
\frac{f t}{s e c}
$$

(4) $\frac{1225 \mathrm{~km}}{1 \mathrm{hr}} \cdot \frac{0.62 \mathrm{mr}^{2}}{1 \mathrm{~km}} \cdot \frac{5280 \mathrm{ft}}{1 \mathrm{mi}} \cdot \frac{60 \mathrm{~min}}{1 \mathrm{hr}} \cdot \frac{1 \mathrm{~min}}{60 \mathrm{sec}}$

23 The zeros of a polynomial function are $-2,4$, and 0 . What are all the factors of this function?
(1) $(x+2)$ and $(x-4)$
(4) $x,(x+2)$, and $(x-4)$

Zeros

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=-2 \\
& x=4 \\
& x=0
\end{aligned}
$$

24 What is the range of the function $f(x)=(x-4)^{2}+1$ ?
(1) $x>4$
(3) $f(x)>1$
(2) $x \geq 4$
$f(x) \geq 1$

$$
\text { input } f(x)=(x-4)^{2}+1 \text { into }
$$

calculator Inspect
domain of $x$

graphing graph and table.

Answer all 8 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [16]

25 Student scores on a recent test are shown in the table below.

| 85 | 96 | 92 | 82 | 90 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 90 | 88 | 95 | 85 | 88 |
| 90 | 87 | 96 | 82 | 85 |
| 92 | 96 | 85 | 92 | 87 |

On the number line below, create a dot plot to model the data.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { median }=\frac{88+90}{2}=\frac{178}{2}=89 \\
& \text { core for the data set. } \\
& \frac{Q Q}{Q} \quad
\end{aligned}
$$

26 State whether $2 \sqrt{3}+6$ is rational or irrational. Explain your answer.
Irrational because $2 \sqrt{3}$ is irrational and has a never ending, never repeating decimal representation, which begins with 3.464101615 ... If you add 6 to $2 \sqrt{3}$, it becomes

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { mes } \begin{array}{l}
3.464101615 \ldots \\
+\quad 6
\end{array} \\
& \hline 9.464101615 \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

The never ending, never repeating decimal part of $2 \sqrt{3}$ just keeps on coming, which means that the sum of $2 \sqrt[3]{3}$ plus 6 will be irrational.

27 The table below shows data from a recent car trip for the Burke family.

| Hours After Leaving $(\mathrm{x})$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miles from Home $(\mathrm{y})$ | 45 | 112 | 178 | 238 | 305 |

State the average rate of change for the distance traveled between hours 2 and 4. Include appropriate units.


$$
\Delta \text { hours }=4 \cdot 2=2 \text { hours }
$$

$$
\Delta \text { miles }=258-112=126 \text { miles }
$$

The Burkes went 126 miles in 2 hows

$$
\frac{\text { Miles }}{\text { Hours }}=\frac{126}{2}=\frac{63}{1}=63 \text { milespechare }
$$

28 On the set of axes below, graph the equation $3 y+2 x=15$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 y+2 x & =15 \\
3 y & =-2 x+15 \\
y & =\frac{-2}{3} x+5 \\
\text { Graph } \rightarrow y & =\frac{-2}{3} x+5
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
(6,9) \quad y=\frac{-2}{3} x+5
$$

$$
\pi
$$

Explain why $(-6,9)$ is a solution to the equation.
$(-6,9)$ is a solution because:.

1) it falls on the line, and
2) it satisfies the equation $3 y+2 x=15$

29 Using the quadratic formula, solve $3 x^{2}-2 x-6=0$ for all values of $x$.
Round your answers to the nearest hundredth.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a} \\
3 x^{2}-2 x-6=0 \\
a=3 \quad b=-2 \quad c=-6 \\
x=\frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^{2}-4(3)(-6)}}{2(3)} \\
x=\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+72}}{6} \\
x=\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{76}}{6} \\
x=\frac{2 \pm 8.7178}{6}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
x=\frac{2+8.7178}{6}=\frac{10.7178}{6} \approx 1.79
$$

$$
x=\frac{2-8.7178}{6}=\frac{-6.7178}{6} \approx-1.12
$$

30 The piecewise function $f(x)$ is given below.

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}2 x-3, & x>3 \\ -x^{2}+15, & x \leq 3\end{cases}
$$

State the value of $f(3)$.
Justify your answer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(3)=-x^{2}+15 \\
& f(3)=-(3)^{2}+15 \\
& f(3)=-9+15 \\
& f(3)=6
\end{aligned}
$$

31 Express the equation $x^{2}-8 x=-41$ in the form $(x-p)^{2}=q$.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
x^{2}-8 x=-41 \\
x^{2}-8 x+\left(\frac{8}{2}\right)^{2}=-41+\left(\frac{8}{2}\right)^{2} \\
x^{2}-8 x+(4)^{2} & =-41+4^{2} \\
x^{2}-8 x+16 & =-41+16 \\
(x-4)^{2} & =-25
\end{array}
$$

32 Factor $36-4 x^{2}$ completely.


$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& a^{2}-b^{2}= \\
& (a+b)(a-b)
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

Answer all 4 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 4 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [16]

33 While playing golf, Laura hit her ball from the ground. The height, in feet, of her golf ball can be modeled by $h(t)=-16 t^{2}+48 t$, where $t$ is the time in seconds.
Graph $h(t)$ on the set of axes below. input into graphing calculator



What is the maximum height, in feet, that the golf ball reaches on this hit?

$$
36 \text { feet }
$$

How many seconds does it take the golf ball to hit the ground?

$$
3 \cdot \operatorname{second} 5
$$

34 The table below shows the number of SAT prep classes five students attended and the scores they received on the test.

| Number of Prep <br> Classes Attended <br> $(x)$ | 3 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math SAT Score <br> $(y)$ | 500 | 410 | 620 | 720 | 500 |

State the linear regression equation for this data set, rounding all values to the nearest hundredth. use graphing calculator

$$
y=40.48 x+363.81
$$

State the correlation coefficient, rounded to the nearest hundredth.
Thin diagnostics on.
0.84

State what this correlation coefficient indicates about the linear fit of the data.
There is a strong positive correlation between attendance at SAT prep classes and Math SAT scores.

$$
\text { Julie }=2 x+4 \quad \text { kelly }=x
$$

35 Julia is 4 years older than twice Kelly's age, $x$. The product of their ages is 96 .
Write an equation that models this situation.
Solution \#2 (easier)

$$
x(2 x+4)=96
$$

$$
x(2 x+4)=96
$$

$$
2 x^{2}+4 x=96
$$

$$
2 x^{2}+4 x-96=0
$$

Determine Kelly's age algebraically.

$$
x^{2}+2 x-48=0
$$

$$
\begin{array}{l|}
\text { Solution Strategy }=1 \\
\\
2 x^{2}+4 x=96 \\
\\
2 x^{2}+4 x-96=0 \\
a=2 \quad b=4 \quad c=-96 \\
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 c c}}{2 a} \\
x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-4(2)(-96)}}{4} \\
x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16+768}}{4}
\end{array} \begin{gathered}
(x-6)(x+8)=0 \\
x=6 \\
x=-8
\end{gathered} \quad \begin{aligned}
& x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{784}}{4} \\
& x=\frac{-4 \pm 28}{4} \\
& x=\frac{24}{4}=6 \\
& \text { Kelly is } 6 \text { years old }
\end{aligned}
$$

State the difference between Julia's and Kelly's ages, in years.
Julie is $(2(6)+4$ years 012 .
Julie is 16 years old.
The diffence between Julia's and kelly's ages is 10 years.

Label the solution set $S$.
36 On the set of axes below, graph the following system of inequalities:

$$
\begin{array}{l|l|l}
\text { lowing system of inequalities: } & \text { Form } \\
2 x-y>4 & -y>-2 x+4 & y<2 x-4 \\
x+3 y>6 & 3 y>-x+6 & y>-\frac{1}{3} x+2 \\
& &
\end{array}
$$

Both have dotted lines.


Is $(4,2)$ a solution to this system? Justify your answer.

$$
\text { Yes }(4,2) \text { is in the solution set. of graph. }
$$

$(4,2)$ also solves both inequalities algebraically.

Algebra I - Jan. ${ }^{2} 24$

Part IV
Answer the question in this part. A correct answer will receive $\mathbf{6}$ credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. A correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [6]

37 Jim had a bag of coins. The number of nickels, $n$, and the number of quarters, $q$, totaled 28 coins. The combined value of the coins was $\$ 4$.

Write a system of equations that models this situation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
5 n+25 q & =400 \\
n+q & =28
\end{aligned}
$$

Use your system of equations to algebraically determine both the number of quarters, $q$, and the number of nickels, $n$, that Jim had in the bag.

Jim was given an additional $\$ 3.00$ that was made up of equal numbers of nickels and quarters. How many of each coin was he given? Justify your answer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 25 n+5 n=300 \\
& 30 n=30
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
n=10
$$

Jim received

10 more quarters 10 more nickels

Algebra I - Jan. '24

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{aligned}
5 n+25 q & =400 \\
n+q^{2} & =28
\end{aligned} \\
& =28-q \\
& 5(28-q)+25 q=400 \\
& \begin{aligned}
140-5 q+25 q & =400 \\
202 & =160 \\
q & =13
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

