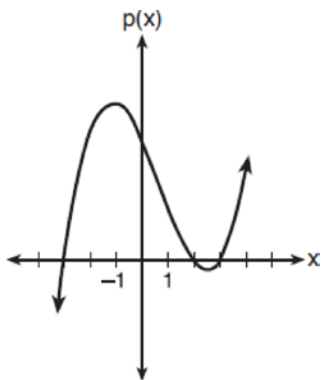


0617aii

- 1 The graph of the function $p(x)$ is sketched below.

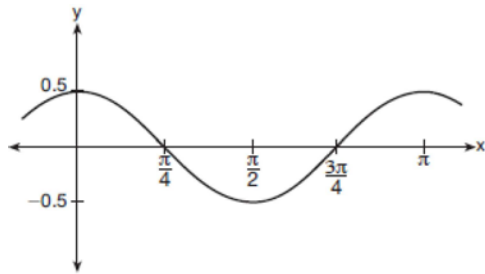


Which equation could represent $p(x)$?

- 1) $p(x) = (x^2 - 9)(x - 2)$
 - 2) $p(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x + 18$
 - 3) $p(x) = (x^2 + 9)(x - 2)$
 - 4) $p(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18$
- 2 What is the solution to $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$?
- 1) $x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$
 - 2) $x = 0$
 - 3) $x = \frac{\ln 48}{\ln 16} - 3$
 - 4) $x = \ln 4 - 3$
- 3 Cheap and Fast gas station is conducting a consumer satisfaction survey. Which method of collecting data would most likely lead to a biased sample?
- 1) interviewing every 5th customer to come into the station
 - 2) interviewing customers chosen at random by a computer at the checkout
 - 3) interviewing customers who call an 800 number posted on the customers' receipts
 - 4) interviewing every customer who comes into the station on a day of the week chosen at random out of a hat

- 4 The expression $6xi^3(-4xi + 5)$ is equivalent to
- 1) $2x - 5i$
 - 2) $-24x^2 - 30xi$
 - 3) $-24x^2 + 30xi - i$
 - 4) $26x - 24x^2i - 5i$
- 5 If $f(x) = 3|x| - 1$ and $g(x) = 0.03x^3 - x + 1$, an approximate solution for the equation $f(x) = g(x)$ is
- 1) 1.96
 - 2) 11.29
 - 3) $(-0.99, 1.96)$
 - 4) $(11.29, 32.87)$
- 6 Given the parent function $p(x) = \cos x$, which phrase best describes the transformation used to obtain the graph of $g(x) = \cos(x + a) - b$, if a and b are positive constants?
- 1) right a units, up b units
 - 2) right a units, down b units
 - 3) left a units, up b units
 - 4) left a units, down b units
- 7 The solution to the equation $4x^2 + 98 = 0$ is
- 1) ± 7
 - 2) $\pm 7i$
 - 3) $\pm \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 - 4) $\pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$

- 8 Which equation is represented by the graph shown below?

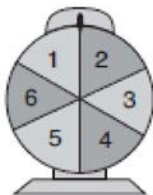


- 1) $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x$
- 2) $y = \cos x$
- 3) $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos x$
- 4) $y = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2}x$

- 9 A manufacturing company has developed a cost model, $C(x) = 0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120$, where x is the number of items sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by $S(x) = 30 - 0.01x$. Therefore, revenue is modeled by $R(x) = x \cdot S(x)$. The company's profit, $P(x) = R(x) - C(x)$, could be modeled by

- 1) $0.15x^3 + 0.02x^2 - 28x + 120$
- 2) $-0.15x^3 - 0.02x^2 + 28x - 120$
- 3) $-0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 - 2.01x - 120$
- 4) $-0.15x^3 + 32x + 120$

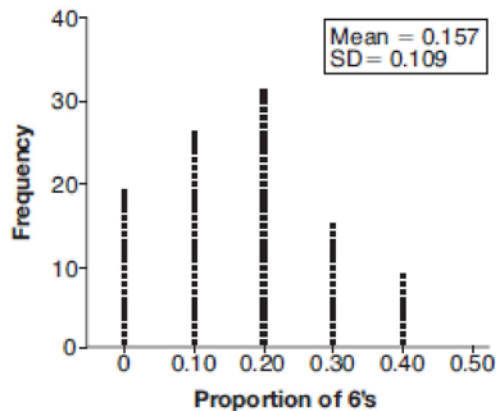
- 10 A game spinner is divided into 6 equally sized regions, as shown in the diagram below.



For Miles to win, the spinner must land on the number 6. After spinning the spinner 10 times, and losing all 10 times, Miles complained that the spinner is unfair. At home, his dad ran 100 simulations of spinning the spinner 10 times,

assuming the probability of winning each spin is $\frac{1}{6}$.

The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Which explanation is appropriate for Miles and his dad to make?

- 1) The spinner was likely unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 2) The spinner was likely unfair, since the spinner should have landed on the number 6 by the sixth spin.
- 3) The spinner was likely not unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 4) The spinner was likely not unfair, since in the output the player wins once or twice in the majority of the simulations.

- 11 Which binomial is a factor of $x^4 - 4x^2 - 4x + 8$?

- 1) $x - 2$
- 2) $x + 2$
- 3) $x - 4$
- 4) $x + 4$

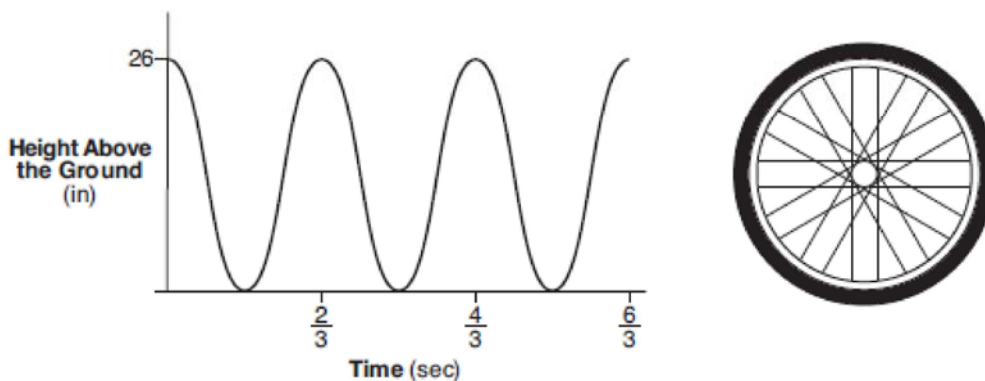
- 12 Given that $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ and $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$, what is a possible value of $\cos \theta$?
- 1) $\frac{5 + \sqrt{2}}{5}$
 - 2) $\frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$
 - 3) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5}$
 - 4) $\frac{\sqrt{35}}{5}$
- 13 A student studying public policy created a model for the population of Detroit, where the population decreased 25% over a decade. He used the model $P = 714(0.75)^d$, where P is the population, in thousands, d decades after 2010. Another student, Suzanne, wants to use a model that would predict the population after y years. Suzanne's model is best represented by
- 1) $P = 714(0.6500)^y$
 - 2) $P = 714(0.8500)^y$
 - 3) $P = 714(0.9716)^y$
 - 4) $P = 714(0.9750)^y$
- 14 The probability that Gary and Jane have a child with blue eyes is 0.25, and the probability that they have a child with blond hair is 0.5. The probability that they have a child with both blue eyes and blond hair is 0.125. Given this information, the events blue eyes and blond hair are
- I: dependent
 II: independent
 III: mutually exclusive
- 1) I, only
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) I and III
 - 4) II and III
- 15 Based on climate data that have been collected in Bar Harbor, Maine, the average monthly temperature, in degrees F, can be modeled by the equation $B(x) = 23.914 \sin(0.508x - 2.116) + 55.300$. The same governmental agency collected average monthly temperature data for Phoenix, Arizona, and found the temperatures could be modeled by the equation $P(x) = 20.238 \sin(0.525x - 2.148) + 86.729$. Which statement can *not* be concluded based on the average monthly temperature models x months after starting data collection?
- 1) The average monthly temperature variation is more in Bar Harbor than in Phoenix.
 - 2) The midline average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is lower than the midline temperature for Phoenix.
 - 3) The maximum average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is 79° F, to the nearest degree.
 - 4) The minimum average monthly temperature for Phoenix is 20° F, to the nearest degree.
- 16 For $x \neq 0$, which expressions are equivalent to one divided by the sixth root of x ?
- I. $\frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$ II. $x^{\frac{1}{6}}$ III. $x^{\frac{-1}{6}}$
- 1) I and II, only
 - 2) I and III, only
 - 3) II and III, only
 - 4) I, II, and III
- 17 A parabola has its focus at (1,2) and its directrix is $y = -2$. The equation of this parabola could be
- 1) $y = 8(x + 1)^2$
 - 2) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x + 1)^2$
 - 3) $y = 8(x - 1)^2$
 - 4) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x - 1)^2$

- 18 The function $p(t) = 110e^{0.03922t}$ models the population of a city, in millions, t years after 2010. As of today, consider the following two statements:
- The current population is 110 million.
 - The population increases continuously by approximately 3.9% per year.
- This model supports
- I, only
 - II, only
 - both I and II
 - neither I nor II
- 19 To solve $\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{11}{x} = \frac{8}{x^2 - 2x}$, Ren multiplied both sides by the least common denominator. Which statement is true?
- 2 is an extraneous solution.
 - $\frac{7}{2}$ is an extraneous solution.
 - 0 and 2 are extraneous solutions.
 - This equation does not contain any extraneous solutions.
- 20 Given $f(9) = -2$, which function can be used to generate the sequence $-8, -7.25, -6.5, -5.75, \dots$?
- $f(n) = -8 + 0.75n$
 - $f(n) = -8 - 0.75(n - 1)$
 - $f(n) = -8.75 + 0.75n$
 - $f(n) = -0.75 + 8(n - 1)$
- 21 The function $f(x) = 2^{-0.25x} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)$ represents a damped sound wave function. What is the average rate of change for this function on the interval $[-7, 7]$, to the nearest hundredth?
- 3.66
 - 0.30
 - 0.26
 - 3.36
- 22 Mallory wants to buy a new window air conditioning unit. The cost for the unit is \$329.99. If she plans to run the unit three months out of the year for an annual operating cost of \$108.78, which function models the cost per year over the lifetime of the unit, $C(n)$, in terms of the number of years, n , that she owns the air conditioner.
- $C(n) = 329.99 + 108.78n$
 - $C(n) = 329.99 + 326.34n$
 - $C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 108.78n}{n}$
 - $C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 326.34n}{n}$
- 23 The expression $\frac{-3x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2}$ can be rewritten as
- $\frac{-3x - 3}{x^2 + 2x}$
 - $\frac{-3x - 1}{x^2}$
 - $-3x^{-1} + 1$
 - $-3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$
- 24 Jasmine decides to put \$100 in a savings account each month. The account pays 3% annual interest, compounded monthly. How much money, S , will Jasmine have after one year?
- $S = 100(1.03)^{12}$
 - $S = \frac{100 - 100(1.0025)^{12}}{1 - 1.0025}$
 - $S = 100(1.0025)^{12}$
 - $S = \frac{100 - 100(1.03)^{12}}{1 - 1.03}$
- 25 Given $r(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x - 6$, find the value of $r(2)$. What does your answer tell you about $x - 2$ as a factor of $r(x)$? Explain.

- 26 The weight of a bag of pears at the local market averages 8 pounds with a standard deviation of 0.5 pound. The weights of all the bags of pears at the market closely follow a normal distribution. Determine what percentage of bags, to the *nearest integer*, weighed *less* than 8.25 pounds.

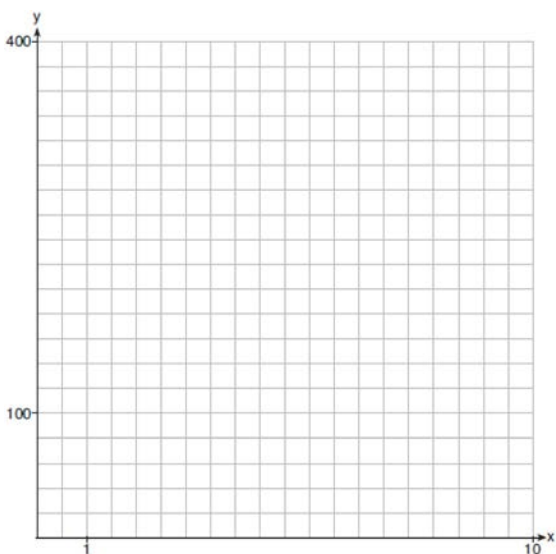
- 27 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $4x^3 - x^2 + 16x - 4$ completely.

- 28 The graph below represents the height above the ground, h , in inches, of a point on a triathlete's bike wheel during a training ride in terms of time, t , in seconds.



Identify the period of the graph and describe what the period represents in this context.

- 29 Graph $y = 400(.85)^{2x} - 6$ on the set of axes below.



- 30 Solve algebraically for all values of x : $\sqrt{x-4} + x = 6$

- 31 Write $\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}$ as a single term with a rational exponent.

- 32 Data collected about jogging from students with two older siblings are shown in the table below.

	Neither Sibling Jogs	One Sibling Jogs	Both Siblings Jogs
Student Does Not Jog	1168	1823	1380
Student Jogs	188	416	400

Using these data, determine whether a student with two older siblings is more likely to jog if one sibling jogs or if both siblings jog. Justify your answer.

- 33 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x , y , and z :

$$x + y + z = 1$$

$$2x + 4y + 6z = 2$$

$$-x + 3y - 5z = 11$$

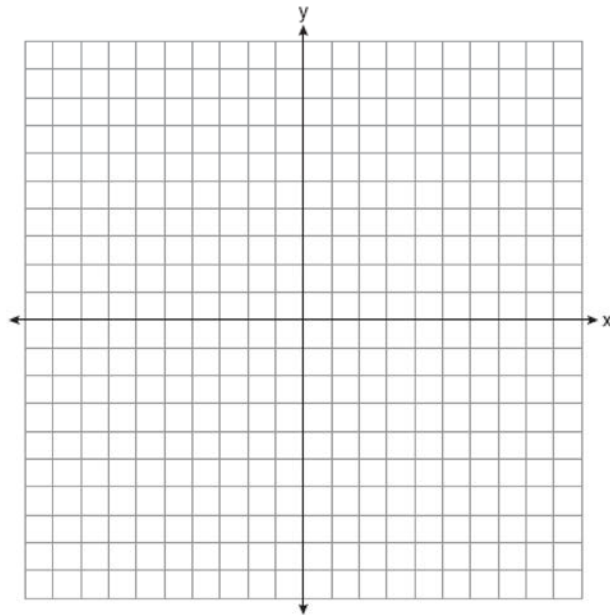
- 34 Jim is looking to buy a vacation home for \$172,600 near his favorite southern beach. The formula to compute a mortgage payment, M , is

$$M = P \bullet \frac{r(1+r)^N}{(1+r)^N - 1}$$

where P is the principal

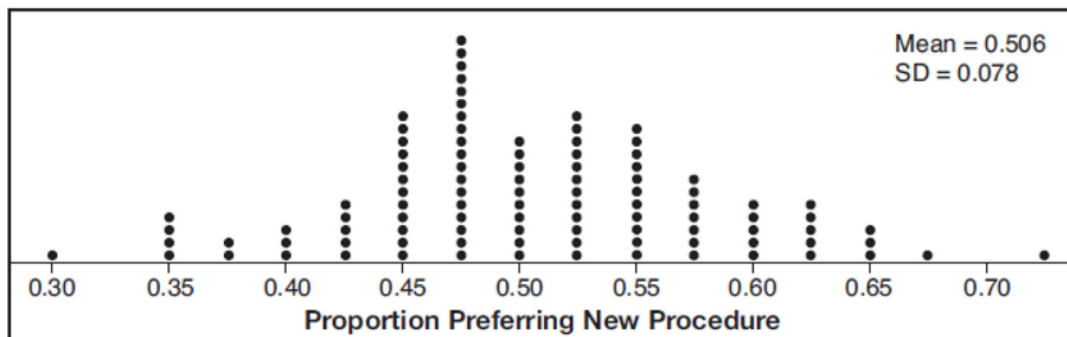
amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate, and N is the number of monthly payments. Jim's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.305% for a 15-year mortgage. With no down payment, determine Jim's mortgage payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*, that Jim needs to make in order for his mortgage payment to be \$1100.

- 35 Graph $y = \log_2(x + 3) - 5$ on the set of axes below. Use an appropriate scale to include *both* intercepts.



Describe the behavior of the given function as x approaches -3 and as x approaches positive infinity.

- 36 Charlie's Automotive Dealership is considering implementing a new check-in procedure for customers who are bringing their vehicles for routine maintenance. The dealership will launch the procedure if 50% or more of the customers give the new procedure a favorable rating when compared to the current procedure. The dealership devises a simulation based on the minimal requirement that 50% of the customers prefer the new procedure. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of the customers who preferred the new check-in procedure, each of sample size 40, simulated 100 times.



Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the dealership wants to be 95% confident of its results. Determine an interval containing the plausible sample values for which the dealership will launch the new procedure. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Forty customers are selected randomly to undergo the new check-in procedure and the proportion of customers who prefer the new procedure is 32.5%. The dealership decides *not* to implement the new check-in procedure based on the results of the study. Use statistical evidence to explain this decision.

- 37 A radioactive substance has a mass of 140 g at 3 p.m. and 100 g at 8 p.m. Write an equation in the form

$$A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{t}{h}}$$

that models this situation, where h is the constant representing the number of hours in the half-life,

A_0 is the initial mass, and A is the mass t hours after 3 p.m. Using this equation, solve for h , to the *nearest ten thousandth*. Determine when the mass of the radioactive substance will be 40 g. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth of an hour*.

0617aii

Answer Section

1 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 061701aii NAT: A.APR.B.3
TOP: Zeros of Polynomials KEY: All

2 ANS: 1
 $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$

$$2^{x+3} = 6$$

$$(x+3)\ln 2 = \ln 6$$

$$x+3 = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061702aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations
KEY: without common base

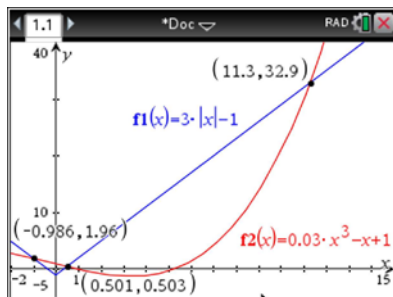
3 ANS: 3
Self selection causes bias.

PTS: 2 REF: 061703aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data
KEY: bias

4 ANS: 2
 $6xi^3(-4xi+5) = -24x^2i^4 + 30xi^3 = -24x^2(1) + 30x(-1) = -24x^2 - 30xi$

PTS: 2 REF: 061704aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

5 ANS: 2



PTS: 2 REF: 061705aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems
KEY: All

6 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 061706aii NAT: F.IF.B.4
TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

7 ANS: 4

$$4x^2 = -98$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{98}{4}$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{49}{2}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{49}{2}} = \pm \frac{7i}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061707aai NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | taking square roots

8 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 061708aai NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: identify

9 ANS: 2

$$\begin{aligned} x(30 - 0.01x) - (0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120) &= 30x - 0.01x^2 - 0.15x^3 - 0.01x^2 - 2x - 120 \\ &= -0.15x^3 - 0.02x^2 + 28x - 120 \end{aligned}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061709aai NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions

10 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 061710aai NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

11 ANS: 1

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} 2 & 1 & 0 & -4 & -4 & 8 \\ & & 2 & 4 & 0 & -8 \\ \hline & 1 & 2 & 0 & -4 & 0 \end{array}$$

Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by $x - 2$, this binomial is a factor.

PTS: 2 REF: 061711aai NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

12 ANS: 2

$$\cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{5}\right)^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{2}{25}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061712aai NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

13 ANS: 3

$$0.75^{\frac{1}{10}} \approx 0.9716$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061713aai NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

KEY: All

14 ANS: 2

The events are independent because $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$.

$$0.125 = 0.5 \cdot 0.25$$

If $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B) = 0.25 + 0.5 - .125 = 0.625$, then the events are not mutually exclusive because $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B)$

$$0.625 \neq 0.5 + 0.25$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061714aai

NAT: S.CP.B.7

TOP: Theoretical Probability

15 ANS: 4

	Bar Harbor	Phoenix
Minimum	31.386	66.491
Midline	55.3	86.729
Maximum	79.214	106.967
Range	47.828	40.476

PTS: 2

REF: 061715aai

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: maximum/minimum

16 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 061716aai

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

17 ANS: 4

The vertex is (1,0) and $p = 2$. $y = \frac{1}{4(2)}(x-1)^2 + 0$

PTS: 2

REF: 061717aai

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

18 ANS: 2

The 2010 population is 110 million.

PTS: 2

REF: 061718aai

NAT: F.LE.B.5

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

19 ANS: 1

$$\frac{2x}{x-2} \left(\frac{x}{x} \right) - \frac{11}{x} \left(\frac{x-2}{x-2} \right) = \frac{8}{x^2 - 2x}$$

$$2x^2 - 11x + 22 = 8$$

$$2x^2 - 11x + 14 = 0$$

$$(2x - 7)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{7}{2}, 2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061719aai

NAT: A.REI.A.2

TOP: Solving Rationals

20 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061720aai

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: All

21 ANS: 3

$$\frac{f(7) - f(-7)}{7 - (-7)} = \frac{2^{-0.25(7)} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(7)\right) - 2^{-0.25(-7)} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(-7)\right)}{14} \approx -0.26$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061721aai NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change
KEY: All

22 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 061722aai NAT: A.CED.A.1
TOP: Modeling Rationals

23 ANS: 4

$$\frac{-3x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2} = \frac{(-3x + 1)(x + 2)}{x^2(x + 2)} = \frac{-3x}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2} = -3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061723aai NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Expressions with Negative Exponents
KEY: variables

24 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 061724aai NAT: A.SSE.B.4
TOP: Series

25 ANS:

$r(2) = -6$. Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by $x - 2$, this binomial is not a factor.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 2 & 1 & -4 & 4 & 6 \\ & & 2 & -4 & 0 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & 0 & -6 \end{array}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061725aai NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

26 ANS:



69

PTS: 2 REF: 061726aai NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions
KEY: percent

27 ANS:

$$x^2(4x - 1) + 4(4x - 1) = (x^2 + 4)(4x - 1)$$

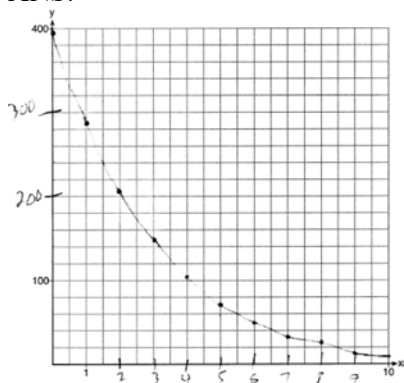
PTS: 2 REF: 061727aai NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials
KEY: factoring by grouping

28 ANS:

period is $\frac{2}{3}$. The wheel rotates once every $\frac{2}{3}$ second.

PTS: 2 REF: 061728aai NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions
KEY: period

29 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 061729aai

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

KEY: All

30 ANS:

$$\sqrt{x-4} = -x+6 \quad \sqrt{x-4} = -8+6 = -2 \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$x-4 = x^2 - 12x + 36$$

$$0 = x^2 - 13x + 40$$

$$0 = (x-8)(x-5)$$

$$x = 5, 8$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061730aai

NAT: A.REI.A.2

TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

31 ANS:

$$\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}} = x^{\frac{3}{6}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{6}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061731aai

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

32 ANS:

A student is more likely to jog if both siblings jog. 1 jogs: $\frac{416}{2239} \approx 0.19$. both jog: $\frac{400}{1780} \approx 0.22$

PTS: 2

REF: 061732aai

NAT: S.CP.A.4

TOP: Conditional Probability

33 ANS:

$$x+y+z=1 \quad 2x+2y+2z=2 \quad -2z-z=3 \quad y-(-1)=3 \quad x+2-1=1$$

$$\underline{-x+3y-5z=11} \quad \underline{2x+4y+6z=2} \quad -3z=3 \quad y=2 \quad x=0$$

$$4y-4z=12 \quad 2y+4z=0 \quad z=-1$$

$$y-z=3 \quad y+2z=0$$

$$y=-2z$$

PTS: 4

REF: 061733aai

NAT: A.REI.C.6

TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

34 ANS:

$$M = 172600 \cdot \frac{0.00305(1 + 0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1 + 0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1} \approx 1247 \quad 1100 = (172600 - x) \cdot \frac{0.00305(1 + 0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1 + 0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1}$$

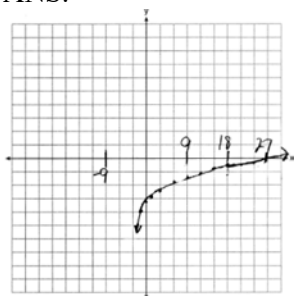
$$1100 \approx (172600 - x) \cdot (0.007228)$$

$$152193 \approx 172600 - x$$

$$20407 \approx x$$

PTS: 4 REF: 061734aai NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series

35 ANS:

As $x \rightarrow -3, y \rightarrow -\infty$. As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$.

PTS: 4 REF: 061735aai NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

36 ANS:

 $0.506 \pm 2 \cdot 0.078 = 0.35 - 0.66$. The 32.5% value falls below the 95% confidence level.

PTS: 4 REF: 061736aai NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

37 ANS:

$$100 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \quad \log \frac{100}{140} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \quad 40 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$

$$\log \frac{5}{7} = \frac{5}{h} \log \frac{1}{2} \quad \log \frac{2}{7} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$

$$h = \frac{5 \log \frac{1}{2}}{\log \frac{5}{7}} \approx 10.3002 \quad \log \frac{2}{7} = \frac{t \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)}{10.3002}$$

$$t = \frac{10.3002 \log \frac{2}{7}}{\log \frac{1}{2}} \approx 18.6$$

PTS: 6 REF: 061737aai NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay