0822aii

- 1 The Hot and Tasty Coffee chain conducts a survey of its customers at its location at the Staten Island ferry terminal. After the survey is completed, the statistical consultant states that 70% of customers who took the survey said the most important factor in choosing where to get their coffee is how fast they are served. Based on this result, Hot and Tasty Coffee can infer that
 - most of its customers in New York State 3) care most about being served quickly
 - coffee drinkers care less about taste and more about being served quickly
- most of its customers at the Staten Island ferry terminal care most about being served quickly
- 4) most of its customers at transportation terminals and stations care most about being served quickly
- 2 Given that *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression $(x 2i)^2$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $x^2 + 4$ 3) $x^2 2xi 4$
 - 2) $x^2 4$ 4) $x^2 4xi 4$
- 3 The equation below can be used to model the height of a tide in feet, H(t), on a beach at t hours.

$$H(t) = 4.8 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t+3)\right) + 5.1$$

Using this function, the amplitude of the tide is

- 1) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 3) 3
- 2) 4.8 4) 5.1
- 4 In watching auditions for lead singer in a band, Liem became curious as to whether there is an association between how animated the lead singer is and the amount of applause from the audience. He decided to watch each singer and rate the singer on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is the least animated and 5 is the most animated. He did this for all 5 nights of auditions and found that the more animated singers did receive louder applause. The study Liem conducted would be best described as
 - 1) experimental

3) a sample survey

2) observational

4) a random assignment

5 In the diagram of a unit circle below, point A, $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$, represents the point where the terminal side of θ intersects the unit circle.



3)

4)

135°

150°

What is $m \angle \theta$? 1) 30° 2) 120°

- 6 Consider the function $f(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 18x 9$. Which statement is true?
 - 1) 2x 1 is a factor of f(x). 2) x - 3 is a factor of f(x). 3) $f(3) \neq f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 4) $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$
- 7 Which sketch could represent the function $m(x) = -\log_{100}(x-2)$?



- 8 Which equation has roots of 3 + i and 3 i?
 - 1) $x^{2}-6x+10=0$ 2) $x^{2}+6x-10=0$ 3) $x^{2}-10x+6=0$ 4) $x^{2}+10x-6=0$

9 A local university has a current enrollment of 12,000 students. The enrollment is increasing continuously at a rate of 2.5% each year. Which logarithm is equal to the number of years it will take for the population to increase to 15,000 students?

- 1) $\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.25}$ 2) $\frac{\ln 3000}{0.025}$ 3) $\frac{\ln 1.25}{2.5}$ 4) $\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.025}$
- 10 What is the total number of points of intersection of the graphs of the equations $y = e^x$ and xy = 20?
 - 1) 1 3) 3
 - 2) 2 4) 0

11 The amount of a substance, A(t), in grams, remaining after t days is modeled by $A(t) = 50(0.5)^{\frac{1}{3}}$. Which statement is false?

 $A(t) = 50(2)^{\frac{-t}{3}}.$

- 1) In 20 days, there is no substance remaining.
- 3) The amount of the substance remaining can also be modeled by
- After two half-lives, there is 25% of the 4) substance remaining.

After one week, there is less than 10g of the substance remaining.

12 A parabola that has a vertex at (2,1) and a focus of (2,-3) has an equation of

1)
$$y = \frac{1}{16} (x-2)^2 + 1$$

2) $y = -\frac{1}{16} (x+2)^2 - 1$
3) $y = -\frac{1}{16} (x-2)^2 + 1$
4) $y = -\frac{1}{16} (x-2)^2 - 3$

13 The expression $\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right)$ is equivalent to

- 1) $2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$ 2) 2ab3) $2ab\sqrt[3]{2a^2}$ 4) $2a^2b\sqrt[3]{2b}$
- 14 Given $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$, as $x \to -\infty$ 1) $f(x) \to -1$ 2) $f(x) \to 0$ 3) $f(x) \to 2$ 4) $f(x) \to -\infty$

- 15 For all values of x for which the expression is defined, $\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$ is equivalent to
 - 3) $\frac{3x}{5x+6}$ 1) $1 - \frac{x}{x+2}$ 4) $1 + \frac{1}{2r+6}$ 2) $\frac{x}{x+2}$
- 16 A recursive formula for the sequence $64, 48, 36, \ldots$ is
 - 1) $a_n = 64(0.75)^{n-1}$ 3) $a_n = 64 + (n-1)(-16)$ 4) $a_1 = 64$ 2) $a_1 = 64$ $a_n = a_{n-1} - 16$ $a_n = 0.75a_{n-1}$
- 17 Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{x^3-2}{x-2}$?
 - 3) $x^2 2$ 1) x^2 2) $x^{2} + 2x + 4 + \frac{6}{x-2}$ 4) $x^2 - 2x + 4 - \frac{10}{x - 2}$
- 18 What is the solution set of the equation $\frac{4}{k^2 8k + 12} = \frac{k}{k-2} + \frac{1}{k-6}$? 3) $\{-1\}$ 1) $\{-1,6\}$ 4) {1} 2) $\{1,-6\}$
- 19 Given the polynomial identity $x^6 + y^6 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 x^2y^2 + y^4)$, which equation must also be true for all values of x and y?
 - 1) $x^{6} + v^{6} = x^{2}(x^{4} x^{2}v^{2} + v^{4}) + v^{2}(x^{4} x^{2}v^{2} + v^{4})$ 2) $x^{6} + v^{6} = (x^{2} + v^{2})(x^{2} - v^{2})(x^{2} - v^{2})$ 3) $(x^3 + y^3)^2 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$ 4) $(x^6 + y^6) - (x^2 + y^2) = x^4 - x^2 y^2 + y^4$

20 Given $p(\theta) = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\theta\right)$ on the interval $-\pi < \theta < \pi$, the function p

- 1) decreases, then increases 3) decreases throughout the interval 2)
 - increases, then decreases 4) increases throughout the interval

21 A company fired several employees in order to save money. The amount of money the company saved per year over five years following the loss of employees is shown in the table below.

Year	Amount Saved
	(in dollars)
1	59,000
2	64,900
3	71,390
4	78,529
5	86,381.9

Which expression determines the total amount of money saved by the company over 5 years?

1)
$$\frac{59,000-59,000(1.1)^5}{1-1.1}$$

2) $\frac{59,000-59,000(0.1)^5}{1-0.1}$
3) $\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(1.1)^n$
4) $\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(0.1)^{n-1}$

- 22 A rush-hour commuter train has arrived on time 64 of its first 80 days. As arrivals continue, which equation can be used to find x, the number of consecutive days that the train must arrive on schedule to raise its on-time performance rate to 90%?
 - 1) $\frac{64}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$ 2) $\frac{64+x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$ 4) $\frac{x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$

23 Given $f(x) = -\frac{2}{5}x + 4$, which statement is true of the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$?

- 1) $f^{-1}(x)$ is a line with slope $\frac{5}{2}$. 2) $f^{-1}(x)$ is a line with slope $\frac{2}{5}$. 3) $f^{-1}(x)$ passes through the point (6,-5). 4) $f^{-1}(x)$ has a y-intercept at (0,-4).
- 24 The amount of a substance, A(t), that remains after t days can be given by the equation $A(t) = A_0(0.5)^{\frac{1}{0.0803}}$, where A_0 represents the initial amount of the substance. An equivalent form of this equation is
 - 1) $A(t) = A_0(0.000178)^t$ 3) $A(t) = A_0(0.04015)^t$
 - 2) $A(t) = A_0 (0.945861)^t$ 4) $A(t) = A_0 (1.08361)^t$

25 Determine the average rate of change, in mph, from 2 to 4 hours on the graph shown below.



26 Factor the expression $x^3 - 2x^2 - 9x + 18$ completely.

27 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$

28 Given that
$$\left(\frac{y^{\frac{17}{8}}}{y^{\frac{5}{4}}}\right)^{-4} = y^n$$
, where $y > 0$, determine the value of n .

- 29 Given $\cos A = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ and $\cot A = -3$, determine the value of $\sin A$ in radical form.
- 30 According to a study done at a hospital, the average weight of a newborn baby is 3.39 kg, with a standard deviation of 0.55 kg. The weights of all the newborns in this hospital closely follow a normal distribution. Last year, 9256 babies were born at this hospital. Determine, to the *nearest integer*, approximately how many babies weighed more than 4 kg.
- 31 The table below shows the results of gender and music preference. Based on these data, determine if the events "the person is female" and "the person prefers classic rock" are independent of each other. Justify your answer.

	Rap	Techno	Classic Rock	Classical
Male	39	17	42	12
Female	17	37	36	15

32 Algebraically determine the solution set for the system of equations below.

$$y = 2x^2 - 7x + 4$$
$$y = 11 - 2x$$

33 When observed by researchers under a microscope, a smartphone screen contained approximately 11,000 bacteria per square inch. Bacteria, under normal conditions, double in population every 20 minutes. a) Assuming an initial value of 11,000 bacteria, write a function, p(t), that can be used to model the population of bacteria, p, on a smartphone screen, where t represents the time in minutes after it is first observed under a microscope.

b) Using p(t) from part *a*, determine algebraically, to the *nearest hundredth of a minute*, the amount of time it would take for a smartphone screen that was not touched or cleaned to have a population of 1,000,000 bacteria per square inch.

34 The function v(x) = x(3-x)(x+4) models the volume, in cubic inches, of a rectangular solid for $0 \le x \le 3$. Graph y = v(x) over the domain $0 \le x \le 3$.



To the *nearest tenth of a cubic inch*, what is the maximum volume of the rectangular solid?

35 Given $f(x) = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x - 1$ and g(x) = x - 4, state the quotient and remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$, in the form $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}$. Is x = 4 a root of f(x)? Explain your answer.

36 State officials claim 82% of a community want to repeal the 30 mph speed limit on an expressway. A community organization devises a simulation based on the claim that 82% of the community supports the repeal. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of community members who support the repeal. The graph shows 200 simulated surveys, each of sample size 60.



Based on the simulation, determine an interval containing the middle 95% of plausible proportions. Round your answer to the *nearest thousandth*. The community organization conducted its own sample survey of 60 people and found 70% supported the repeal. Based on the results of the simulation, explain why the organization should question the State officials' claim.

37 A technology company is comparing two plans for speeding up its technical support time. Plan A can be modeled by the function $A(x) = 15.7(0.98)^x$ and plan B can be modeled by the function $B(x) = 11(0.99)^x$ where x is the number of customer service representatives employed by the company and A(x) and B(x) represent the average wait time, in minutes, of each customer. Graph A(x) and B(x) in the interval $0 \le x \le 100$ on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest integer*, solve the equation A(x) = B(x). Determine, to the *nearest minute*, B(100) - A(100). Explain what this value represents in the given context.

0822aii Answer Section

1 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 082201aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type 2 ANS: 4 $(x-2i)(x-2i) = x^{2} - 4xi + 4i^{2} = x^{2} - 4xi - 4$ PTS: 2 REF: 082202aii TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers NAT: N.CN.A.2 3 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 082203aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude NAT: S.IC.B.3 4 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 082204aii TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type 5 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 082205aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Unit Circle 6 ANS: 2 $2x^3 + x^2 - 18x - 9$ $x^{2}(2x+1) - 9(2x+1)$ $(x^2 - 9)(2x + 1)$ (x+3)(x-3)(2x+1)PTS: 2 REF: 082206aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 **TOP:** Remainder Theorem 7 ANS: 4 Translate the parent log function 2 to the right and reflect over the x-axis. PTS: 2 REF: 082207aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Logarithmic Functions 8 ANS: 1 The product of the roots equals $(3+i)(3-i) = 9 - i^2 = 10 = \frac{c}{a}$. OR (x - (3 + i))(x - (3 - i)) = 0(x-3-i)(x-3+i) = 0((x-3)-i)((x-3)+i) = 0 $(x-3)^2 - i^2 = 0$ $x^{2} - 6x + 9 + 1 = 0$ $x^2 - 6x + 10 = 0$

PTS: 2

REF: 082208aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem

ID: A

9 ANS: 4

$$\frac{15000}{12000} = \frac{12000e^{.025t}}{12000}$$

$$1.25 = e^{.025t}$$

$$\ln 1.25 = \ln e^{.025t}$$

$$\ln 1.25 = .025t$$

$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{.025} = t$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082209aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 10 ANS: 1



PTS: 2 REF: 082210aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 11 ANS: 1 1) $A(20) > 0; 2) .5 \times .5 = .25; 3)$ true; 4) $A(7) \approx 9.9$

PTS: 2 REF: 082211aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
12 ANS: 3 The distance from the vertex to the focus, p, is 4. Since the focus is below the vertex, p is negative.

$$y = -\frac{1}{4(4)} \left(x - 2 \right)^2 + 1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082212aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 **TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions 13 ANS: 1 $\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right) = a\sqrt[3]{8a^2b^3} = 2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$ PTS: 2 REF: 082213aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 214 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 082214aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions 15 ANS: 2 $\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = \frac{x(x+3)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$ PTS: 2 REF: 082215aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 **TOP:** Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

2

16 ANS: 4

1) is a correct formula, but not recursive

PTS: 2 REF: 082216aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 17 ANS: 2

$$\begin{array}{r} x^{2} + 2x + 4 \\
 x - 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}} x^{3} - 0x^{2} + 0x - 2 \\
 \underline{x^{3} - 2x^{2}} \\
 2x^{2} + 0x \\
 \underline{2x^{2} - 4x} \\
 4x - 2 \\
 \underline{4x - 8} \\
 6
 \end{array}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082217aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

18 ANS: 3

$$\frac{4}{k^2 - 8k + 12} = \frac{k(k-6) + (k-2)}{k^2 - 8k + 12} \quad k = 6 \text{ is extraneous}$$
$$4 = k^2 - 6k + k - 2$$
$$0 = k^2 - 5k - 6$$
$$0 = (k-6)(k+1)$$
$$k = 6, -1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082218aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 19 ANS: 1

2)
$$(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \neq (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 - y^2);$$
 3) $x^6 + y^6 \neq (x^3 + y^3)^2;$ 4) $\frac{x^6 + y^6}{x^2 + y^2} \neq x^6 + y^6 - (x^2 + y^2)$

	PTS:	2	REF:	082219aii	NAT:	A.APR.C.4	TOP:	Polynomial Identities
20	ANS:	4	PTS:	2	REF:	082220aii	NAT:	F.IF.B.4
	TOP:	Graphing Trig	gonome	tric Functions				
21	ANS:	1	PTS:	2	REF:	082221aii	NAT:	F.BF.B.6
	TOP:	Sigma Notatio	on		KEY:	represent		
22	ANS:	2	PTS:	2	REF:	082222aii	NAT:	A.CED.A.1
	TOP:	Modeling Rati	ionals					

23 ANS: 3 $x = -\frac{2y}{5} + 4$ $y = -\frac{5}{2}(6) + 10 = -5$ 5x = -2y + 202y = -5x + 20 $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 10$ PTS: 2 REF: 082223aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear 24 ANS: 1 $0.5^{\frac{1}{0.0803}} \approx 0.000178$ PTS: 2 REF: 082224aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 25 ANS: $\frac{60-20}{4-2} = \frac{40}{2} = 20$ PTS: 2 REF: 082225aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 26 ANS: $x^{3} - 2x^{2} - 9x + 18 = x^{2}(x - 2) - 9(x - 2) = (x^{2} - 9)(x - 2) = (x + 3)(x - 3)(x - 2)$ REF: 082226aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials PTS: 2 KEY: factoring by grouping 27 ANS: $\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$ 20 is extraneous. $4x + 1 = 121 - 22x + x^2$ $0 = x^2 - 26x + 120$ 0 = (x - 6)(x - 20)x = 6,20

PTS: 2 REF: 082227aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions







$$\cos A = \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}$$
$$-3 = \frac{\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}}{\sin A}$$
$$\sin A = \frac{3}{-3\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082229aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 30 ANS:

 $0.133696 \times 9256 \approx 1237$

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$

PTS: 2	REF: 082230aii	NAT: S.ID.A.4	TOP: Normal Distributions
KEY: predict			

31 ANS:

No, because $P(F / CR) \neq P(F)$

$$\frac{36}{42+36} \neq \frac{17+37+36+15}{39+17+42+12+17+37+36+15}$$
$$\frac{36}{78} \neq \frac{105}{215}$$
$$\frac{6}{13} \neq \frac{21}{43}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082231aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4

TOP: Conditional Probability

32 ANS:

$$2x^{2} - 7x + 4 = 11 - 2x \quad y = 11 - 2\left(\frac{7}{2}\right) = 4 \quad \left\{ \left(\frac{7}{2}, 4\right), (-1, 13) \right\}$$
$$2x^{2} - 5x - 7 = 0 \qquad \qquad y = 11 - 2(-1) = 13$$
$$(2x - 7)(x + 1) = 0 \qquad \qquad x = \frac{7}{2}, -1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082232aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 33 ANS:

a)
$$p(t) = 11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}$$
; b) $\frac{1000000}{11000} = \frac{11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}}{11000}$
 $\log \frac{1000}{11} = \log 2^{\frac{t}{20}}$
 $\log \frac{1000}{11} = \frac{t \cdot \log 2}{20}$
 $\frac{20 \log \frac{1000}{11}}{\log 2} = t$

 $t \approx 130.13$

PTS: 4 REF: 082233aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 34 ANS:



PTS: 4

REF: 082234aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

35 ANS:

$$\frac{3x^{2} + 8x + 34}{3x^{3} - 4x^{2} + 2x - 1} = 3x^{2} + 8x + 34 + \frac{135}{x - 4} \quad x = 4 \text{ is not a root of } f(x) \text{ because } \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \text{ has a remainder.}$$

$$\frac{3x^{3} - 12x^{2}}{8x^{2} + 2x}$$

$$\frac{8x^{2} - 32x}{34x - 1}$$

$$\frac{34x - 136}{135}$$

PTS: 4 REF: 082235aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

36 ANS:

 $.819 \pm 2 \cdot .053 = .713 - .925$. Since .70 does not fall within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4 REF: 082236aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

37 ANS:

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B											
							7		-	+	•
	B	B	B	B	8	8		B	R AL	B	

^o $\frac{1}{100} \frac{1}{100} \approx 2$, which represents the difference of the average wait time when there are 100 CSRs between the plans.

PTS: 6 REF: 082237aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems