0823aii

- 1 A group of high school students wanted to collect information on how many times per week students exercised. If they want the *least* biased results they should survey every fifth student at the school who is
 - 1) entering the gym
- 3) entering the library
- entering the building 2) in the junior class 4)
- 2 Given $x \neq -3$, which expression is equivalent to $\frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 4x + 5}{x + 3}$? 1) $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 23x + 74$ 3) $2x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 10$ 4) $2x^2 + 9x + 23 + \frac{74}{x+3}$ 2) $2x^2 - 3x + 5 - \frac{10}{r+3}$
- 3 The table below shows the food preferences of sports fans whose favorite sport is football or baseball.

Favorite Food to Eat while watching Sports							
	Wings	Pizza	Hot Dogs				
Football	14	20	6				
Baseball	6	12	42				

ita Food ta Fat While Watching Sport

The probability that a fan prefers pizza given that the fan prefers football is

- 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ 3) $\frac{5}{8}$ 4) $\frac{13}{25}$ 2) $\frac{1}{5}$
- 4 If f(x) = 12x 4, then the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$ is
 - 1) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{3}$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{12}$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{3} + 1$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{12} + 4$

5 The graph of a quadratic function is shown below.



When the graph of x + y = 4 is drawn on the same axes, one solution to this system is

- 1) (4,0)
- 2) (1,5) 4) (3,1)
- 6 What is the solution of $2(3^{x+4}) = 56$? 1) $x = \log_3(28) - 4$ 2) x = -13) $x = \log(25) - 4$ 4) $x = \frac{\log(56)}{\log(6)} - 4$
- 7 In a survey of people who recently bought a laptop, 45% said they were looking for a large screen, 31% said they were looking for a fast processor, and 58% said they wanted a large screen or a fast processor. If a survey respondent is selected at random, what is the probability that the respondent wanted both a large screen and a fast processor?

(2,2)

3)

- 1)
 76%
 3)
 77%

 2)
 14%
 3)
 12%
- 2) 14% 4) 18%

8 In the quadratic formula, $b^2 - 4ac$ is called the discriminant. The function f(x) has a discriminant value of 8, and g(x) has a discriminant value of -16. The quadratic graphs, h(x) and j(x), are shown below.



Which quadratic functions have imaginary roots?

- 1) g(x) and h(x) 3) f(x) and h(x)
- 2) g(x) and j(x) 4) f(x) and j(x)
- 9 The element Americium has a half-life of 25 minutes. Given an initial amount, A_0 , which expression could be used to determine the amount of Americium remaining after *t* minutes?

1)
$$A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{25}}$$

2) $A_0 (25)^{\frac{t}{2}}$
3) $25 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^t$
4) $A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{25t}$

10 Which function has the greatest *y*-intercept?

- 1) $f(x) = 4\sin(2x)$ 2) $g(x) = 3x^4 + 2x^3 + 7$ 3) $h(x) = 5e^{2x} + 3$ 4) $j(x) = 6\log_2(3x + 4)$
- 11 According to the USGS, an agency within the Department of Interior of the United States, the frog population in the U.S. is decreasing at the rate of 3.79% per year. A student created a model, $P = 12,150(0.962)^t$, to estimate the population in a pond after *t* years. The student then created a model that would predict the population after *d* decades. This model is best represented by

1)
$$P = 12,150(0.461)^d$$
3) $P = 12,150(0.996)^d$ 2) $P = 12,150(0.679)^d$ 4) $P = 12,150(0.998)^d$

12 What is the value of $\tan \theta$ when $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{5}$ and θ is in quadrant II?

1)
$$\frac{-\sqrt{21}}{5}$$

2) $\frac{-\sqrt{21}}{2}$
3) $\frac{-2}{\sqrt{21}}$
4) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$

- 13 A population is normally distributed with a mean of 23 and a standard deviation of 1.2. The percentage of the population that falls below 21, to the *nearest hundredth*, is
 - 1) 0.05 3) 8.29
 - 2) 4.78 4) 91.30

14 Audra is interested in studying the number of students entering kindergarten in the Ahlville Central School District over the next several years. Using data dating back to 2015, she determines that the number of kindergarteners is decreasing at an exponential rate. She creates a formula to model this situation y = a(b)^x, where x is the number of years since 2015 and y is the number of students entering kindergarten. If there were 105 students entering kindergarten in Ahlville in 2015, which statement about Audra's formula is true?
1) a is positive and b is negative.
3) Both a and b are positive.

2) *a* is negative and *b* is positive.
3) Both *a* and *b* are positive.
4) Both *a* and *b* are negative.

15 The solution set for the equation
$$\sqrt{3(x+6)} = x$$
 is

- 1) $\{6,-3\}$ 3) $\{6\}$
- 2) $\{-6,3\}$ 4) $\{-3\}$
- 16 The George family would like to borrow \$45,000 to purchase a new boat. They qualified for a loan with an annual interest rate of 6.75%. The monthly loan payment can be found using the formula below.

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = number of monthly payments

What is the monthly payment if they would like to pay off the loan in five years?

- 1) \$262.99 3) \$915.24
- 2) \$252.13 4) \$885.76

- 17 A retailer advertises that items will be discounted by 10% every Monday until they are sold. In how many weeks will an item costing \$50 first be sold for under half price?
 - 1)
 7
 3)
 5

 2)
 6
 4)
 4
- 18 The graph of the function f(x) is shown below.



In which interval is f(x) always positive?

19 If $f(x) = (x^2 + 3x + 2)(x^2 - 4x + 3)$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 9$, then how many real solutions are there to the equation f(x) = g(x)?

 1)
 1
 3)
 6

 2)
 2
 4)
 4

20 Which expression is a factor of $x^4 - x^3 - 11x^2 + 5x + 30$? 1) x + 22) x - 23) x + 54) x - 5



22 Stone Manufacturing has developed a cost model, $C(x) = 0.18x^3 + 0.02x^2 + 4x + 180$, where x is the number of sprockets sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by S(x) = 95.4 - 6x and the company's revenue by $R(x) = x \bullet S(x)$. The company's profits, R(x) - C(x), could be modeled by

- 1) $0.18x^3 + 6.02x^2 + 91.4x + 180$ 3) $-0.18x^3 - 6.02x^2 + 91.4x - 180$ 2)
 - $0.18x^3 5.98x^2 91.4x + 180$ 4) $0.18x^3 + 5.98x^2 + 99.4x + 180$
- 23 Which function is even?

1)
$$f(x) = x^3 + 2$$
3) $f(x) = |x + 2|$ 2) $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ 4) $f(x) = \sin(2x)$

24 The graph of a cubic polynomial function p(x) is shown below.



If p(x) is written as a product of linear factors, which factor would appear twice? 1) x - 23) *x*-3 4) *x*+3 2) *x*+2

25 Factor the expression $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 18x + 27$ completely.

26 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below: $y = x^2 + 8x - 5$ v = 8x - 4

27 Solve the equation $3x^2 + 5x + 8 = 0$. Write your solution in a + bi form.

28 On the coordinate plane below, sketch *at least one cycle* of a cosine function with a midline at y = -2, an amplitude of 3, and a period of $\frac{\pi}{2}$.



- 29 Given *i* is the imaginary unit, simplify $(5xi^3 4i)^2$ as a polynomial in standard form.
- 30 Consider the parabola given by $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2 + x + 8$ with vertex (-2,7) and focus (-2,8). Use this information to explain how to determine the equation of the directrix.
- 31 Write $\frac{x\sqrt{x^3}}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}}$ as a single term in simplest form, with a rational exponent.
- 32 A fruit fly population can be modeled by the equation $P = 10(1.27)^t$, where P represents the number of fruit flies after t days. What is the average rate of change of the population, rounded to the *nearest hundredth*, over the interval [0,10.5]? Include appropriate units in your answer.

33 Sketch $p(x) = -\log_2(x+3) + 2$ on the axes below.



Describe the end behavior of p(x) as $x \to -3$. Describe the end behavior of p(x) as $x \to \infty$

- 34 Solve for x algebraically: $\frac{1}{x-6} + \frac{x}{x-2} = \frac{4}{x^2 8x + 12}$
- 35 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for x, y, and z. 2x + 4y - 3z = 123x - 2y + 2z = -9

$$3x - 2y + 2z = -3$$
$$-x + y - 3z = 0$$

36 Two classes of students were entered into an experiment to see whether using an interactive whiteboard leads to better grades. It was observed that the mean grade of students in the class with the interactive whiteboard was 0.6 points higher than the class without it. To determine if the observed difference is statistically significant, the classes were rerandomized 5000 times to study these random differences in the mean grades. The output of the simulation is summarized in the histogram below.



Determine an interval containing the middle 95% of the simulation results. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Does the interval indicate that the difference between the classes' grades is significant? Explain.

37 The Manford family started savings accounts for their twins, Abby and Brett, on the day they were born. They invested \$8000 in an account for each child. Abby's account pays 4.2% annual interest compounded quarterly. Brett's account pays 3.9% annual interest compounded continuously. Write a function, A(t), for Abby's account and a function, B(t), for Brett's account that calculates the value of each account after t years. Determine who will have more money in their account when the twins turn 18 years old, and find the difference in the amounts in the accounts to the *nearest cent*. Algebraically determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it takes for Brett's account to triple in value.

0823aii Answer Section

1	ANS: 4 TOP: Analysis	PTS: 2 of Data	REF: 082301ai	i NAT: S.IC.B.3	
2	$\frac{2x^2}{x+3} \frac{2x^2}{2x^3+3x^2}$	$\frac{-3x+5}{-4x+5}$			
	$\frac{2x^3 + 6x^2}{2x^3 + 6x^2}$				
	$-3x^{2}$	-4x			
	$-3x^2$	-9x			
		5x + 5			
		5x + 15			
		- 10			
3	PTS: 2 KEY: division ANS: 1 $\frac{20}{14+20+6} = \frac{1}{2}$	REF: 082302a	aii NAT: A.APR.D	9.6 TOP: Rational Expres	ssions
4	PTS: 2 ANS: 3 x = 12y - 4 x + 4 = 12y x + 4	REF: 082303a	aii NAT: S.CP.A.4	TOP: Conditional Pro	bability
	$\frac{x+4}{12} = y$				
5	PTS: 2 KEY: linear ANS: 4 y = -(x - 1)	REF: $082304a$ $(1)^2 + 5$ $3 + y = 4$	aii NAT: F.BF.B.4	TOP: Inverse of Func	tions
	$4 - x = -x^2 + x^2 + x$	$2x - 1 + 5 \qquad y = 1$			
	$x^2 - 3x = 0$				
	x(x-3)=0				
	<i>x</i> = 0,3				
	PTS: 2	REF: 082305a	aii NAT: A.REI.C.	7 TOP: Quadratic-Line	ar Systems

6	ANS: 1					
	$\log 3^{x+4} = \log 28$					
	$\frac{(x+4)\log 3}{\log 3} = \frac{\log 28}{\log 3}$					
	$x+4 = \frac{\log 28}{\log 3}$					
	$x = \log_3 28$	-4				
7	PTS: 2 KEY: without comm ANS: 4 45% + 31% - 58% = -	REF: 082 non base	2306aii NA	AT: A.CED.A.	I TOP:	Exponential Equations
8	PTS: 2 ANS: 2	REF: 082 PTS: 2	2307aii NA RE	AT: S.CP.B.7 EF: 082308aii	TOP: NAT:	Theoretical Probability A.REI.B.4
9	TOP:Using the DiscANS:1TOP:Modeling Exp	criminant PTS: 2 ponential Fu	KE RE unctions	EY: determine EF: 082309aii	nature of ro NAT:	oots given equation, graph, table F.BF.A.1
10	ANS: 4 $f(0) = 4\sin(2(0)) = 0;$; $g(0) = 3(0)$	$(0)^4 + 2(0)^3 + 7 =$	$= 7; h(0) = 5e^{2}$	(0) + 3 = 8;	$j(0) = 6\log_2(3(0) + 4) = 12$
11	PTS: 2 ANS: 2 $.962^{10} \approx .679$	REF: 08/	2310aii NA	AT: F.IF.C.9	TOP:	Comparing Functions
12	PTS: 2 ANS: 3 $\frac{-2}{\sqrt{5^2 - 2^2}} = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{21}}$	REF: 082	2311aii NA	AT: A.SSE.B.3	TOP:	Modeling Exponential Functions
13 14	PTS: 2 ANS: 2 TOP: Normal Distri ANS: 3 a = 105, 0 < b < 1	REF: 08 PTS: 2 butions	2312aii NA RE KE	AT: F.TF.C.8 EF: 082313aii EY: percent	TOP: NAT:	Determining Trigonometric Functions S.ID.A.4
	PTS: 2	REF: 082	2314aii NA	AT: F.BF.A.1	TOP:	Modeling Exponential Functions

15 ANS: 3 $\sqrt{3x+18} = x$ -3 is extraneous. $3x + 18 = x^2$ $x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$ (x-6)(x+3) = 0x = 6, -3PTS: 2 REF: 082315aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals **KEY:** extraneous solutions 16 ANS: 4 $M = \frac{45000 \left(\frac{6.75\%}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{6.75\%}{12}\right)^{5 \times 12}}{\left(1 + \frac{6.75\%}{12}\right)^{5 \times 12} - 1} \approx 885.76$ PTS: 2 REF: 082316aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 17 ANS: 1 $50(.9)^t = 25$ $t \approx 6.57$ PTS: 2 REF: 082317aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 18 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 082318aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 19 ANS: 2 🔊 💵 Scratchpad DEG 🚺 🗙 f1(x)=g(x) $f_2(x)=f(x)$ PTS: 2 REF: 082319aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

20 ANS: 1

Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by x + 2, this binomial is a factor.

PTS: 2 REF: 082320aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems

21 ANS: 4 $\frac{x^2+6}{x^2+4} = \frac{x^2+4}{x^2+4} + \frac{2}{x^2+4} = 1 + \frac{2}{x^2+4}$ PTS: 2 REF: 082321aii TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals NAT: A.APR.D.7 22 ANS: 3 $95.4x - 6x^2 - (0.18x^3 + 0.02x^2 + 4x + 180)$ PTS: 2 REF: 082322aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Operations with Functions 23 ANS: 2 f(x) = f(-x) $x^{2} + 1 = (-x)^{2} + 1$ $x^{2} + 1 = x^{2} + 1$ PTS: 2 REF: 082323aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 24 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 082324aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 25 ANS: $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 18x + 27$ $x^{2}(2x-3)-9(2x-3)$ $(x^2 - 9)(2x - 3)$ (x+3)(x-3)(2x-3)PTS: 2 REF: 082325aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials 26 ANS: $x^{2} + 8x - 5 = 8x - 4$ $x^2 - 1 = 0$ $x = \pm 1$ PTS: 2 REF: 082326aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 27 ANS: $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(3)(8)}}{2(3)} = -\frac{5}{6} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{71}}{6}$ PTS: 2 REF: 082327aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 **TOP:** Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

ID: A



5

34 ANS:

$$\frac{x-2}{(x-6)(x-2)} + \frac{x(x-6)}{(x-6)(x-2)} = \frac{4}{(x-6)(x-2)}.$$
 6 is extraneous.
$$x-2+x^2-6x = 4$$
$$x^2-5x-6=0$$
$$(x-6)(x+1) = 0$$
$$x = 6,-1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082334aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 35 ANS:

 $2x + 4y - 3z = 12 \qquad 2x + 4y - 3z = 12 \qquad 8x + z = -6 \qquad 32x + 4z = -24 \qquad 8(-1) + z = -6 \qquad -(-1) + y - 3(2) = 0$ $2(3x - 2y + 2z = -9) \qquad 6x - 4y + 4z = -18 \qquad 2x - 8z = -18 \qquad \underline{x - 4z = -9} \qquad z = 2 \qquad y = 5$ $4(-x + y - 3z = 0) \qquad -4x + 4y - 12z = 0 \qquad 33x = -33$ x = -1

PTS: 4 REF: 082335aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

36 ANS:

 $0.01 \pm 2 \cdot 0.38 = -0.75 - 0.77$. No, since 0.6 falls within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4 REF: 082336aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 37 ANS:

 $A(t) = 8000 \left(1 + \frac{.042}{4}\right)^{4t} \quad A(18) = 16970.900 \quad 24000 = 8000e^{.039t}$ $B(18) = \frac{16142.274}{828.63} \qquad \ln 3 = \ln e^{.039t}$ $h = 16142.274 \qquad \ln 3 = \ln e^{.039t}$ $h = 16142.274 \qquad \ln 3 = \ln e^{.039t}$ $h = 16142.274 \qquad \ln 3 = \ln e^{.039t}$ $t \approx 28.2$

PTS: 6 REF: 082337aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth