

**A.SSE.A.2: Factoring the Difference of Perfect Squares 1a**

- 1 The expression  $x^2 - 16$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $(x + 2)(x - 8)$
  - 2)  $(x - 2)(x + 8)$
  - 3)  $(x + 4)(x - 4)$
  - 4)  $(x + 8)(x - 8)$
- 2 Which expression is equivalent to  $64 - x^2$ ?
  - 1)  $(8 - x)(8 - x)$
  - 2)  $(8 - x)(8 + x)$
  - 3)  $(x - 8)(x - 8)$
  - 4)  $(x - 8)(x + 8)$
- 3 Which expression is equivalent to  $121 - x^2$ ?
  - 1)  $(x - 11)(x - 11)$
  - 2)  $(x + 11)(x - 11)$
  - 3)  $(11 - x)(11 + x)$
  - 4)  $(11 - x)(11 - x)$
- 4 One of the factors of  $4x^2 - 9$  is
  - 1)  $(x + 3)$
  - 2)  $(2x + 3)$
  - 3)  $(4x - 3)$
  - 4)  $(x - 3)$
- 5 The expression  $9x^2 - 100$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $(9x - 10)(x + 10)$
  - 2)  $(3x - 10)(3x + 10)$
  - 3)  $(3x - 100)(3x - 1)$
  - 4)  $(9x - 100)(x + 1)$
- 6 Which expression is equivalent to  $9x^2 - 16$ ?
  - 1)  $(3x + 4)(3x - 4)$
  - 2)  $(3x - 4)(3x - 4)$
  - 3)  $(3x + 8)(3x - 8)$
  - 4)  $(3x - 8)(3x - 8)$
- 7 The expression  $49x^2 - 36$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $(7x - 6)^2$
  - 2)  $(24.5x - 18)^2$
  - 3)  $(7x - 6)(7x + 6)$
  - 4)  $(24.5x - 18)(24.5x + 18)$
- 8 The expression  $100n^2 - 1$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $(10n + 1)(10n - 1)$
  - 2)  $(10n - 1)(10n - 1)$
  - 3)  $(50n + 1)(50n - 1)$
  - 4)  $(50n - 1)(50n - 1)$
- 9 Factor completely:  $3x^2 - 27$ 
  - 1)  $3(x - 3)^2$
  - 2)  $3(x^2 - 27)$
  - 3)  $3(x + 3)(x - 3)$
  - 4)  $(3x + 3)(x - 9)$

## A.SSE.A.2: Factoring the Difference of Perfect Squares 1a

www.jmap.org

- 10 Written in simplest factored form, the binomial  $2x^2 - 50$  can be expressed as
- 1)  $2(x - 5)(x - 5)$
  - 2)  $2(x - 5)(x + 5)$
  - 3)  $(x - 5)(x + 5)$
  - 4)  $2x(x - 50)$
- 11 Which expression is equivalent to  $36x^2 - 100$ ?
- 1)  $4(3x - 5)(3x - 5)$
  - 2)  $4(3x + 5)(3x - 5)$
  - 3)  $2(9x - 25)(9x - 25)$
  - 4)  $2(9x + 25)(9x - 25)$
- 12 Which expression is equivalent to  $16x^2 - 36$ ?
- 1)  $4(2x - 3)(2x - 3)$
  - 2)  $4(2x + 3)(2x - 3)$
  - 3)  $(4x - 6)(4x - 6)$
  - 4)  $(4x + 6)(4x + 6)$
- 13 Which expression is equivalent to  $81 - 16x^2$ ?
- 1)  $(9 - 8x)(9 + 8x)$
  - 2)  $(9 - 8x)(9 + 2x)$
  - 3)  $(9 - 4x)(9 + 4x)$
  - 4)  $(9 - 4x)(9 - 4x)$
- 14 When  $9x^2 - 100$  is factored, it is equivalent to  $(3x - b)(3x + b)$ . What is a value for  $b$ ?
- 1) 50
  - 2) 10
  - 3) 3
  - 4) 100
- 15 What is a common factor of  $x^2 - 9$  and  $x^2 - 5x + 6$ ?
- 1)  $x + 3$
  - 2)  $x - 3$
  - 3)  $x - 2$
  - 4)  $x^2$
- 16 Factor:  $x^2 - 36$
- 17 Factor:  $9 - x^2$
- 18 Factor:  $16x^2 - 9$
- 19 Factor:  $9x^2 - \frac{4}{9}$
- 20 Factor:  $3a^2 - 3$
- 21 Factor completely:  $5n^2 - 80$

## A.SSE.A.2: Factoring the Difference of Perfect Squares 1a

### Answer Section

1 ANS: 3 REF: fall0706ia

2 ANS: 2 REF: 011201ia

3 ANS: 3 REF: 081008ia

4 ANS: 2 REF: 010105a

5 ANS: 2 REF: 010909ia

6 ANS: 1 REF: 080902ia

7 ANS: 3 REF: 081703ai

8 ANS: 1 REF: 011306ia

9 ANS: 3

$$3x^2 - 27 = 3(x^2 - 9) = 3(x + 3)(x - 3)$$

REF: 060109a

10 ANS: 2

$$2x^2 - 50 = 2(x^2 - 25) = 2(x + 5)(x - 5)$$

REF: 080103a

11 ANS: 2

$$36x^2 - 100 = 4(9x^2 - 25) = 4(3x + 5)(3x - 5)$$

REF: 081608ai

12 ANS: 2

$$16x^2 - 36 = 4(2x + 3)(2x - 3)$$

REF: 011701ai

13 ANS: 3 REF: 061506ia

14 ANS: 2 REF: 081403ia

15 ANS: 2 REF: 010414a

16 ANS:

$$(x + 6)(x - 6)$$

REF: 019604al

17 ANS:

$$-(x + 3)(x - 3)$$

REF: 119404al

18 ANS:

$$(4x + 3)(4x - 3)$$

REF: 039404al

19 ANS:

$$(3x + \frac{2}{3})(3x - \frac{2}{3})$$

REF: 089703al

20 ANS:

$$3(a + 1)(a - 1)$$

REF: 030501al

21 ANS:

$$5(n + 4)(n - 4). \quad 5n^2 - 80 = 5(n^2 - 16) = 5(n + 4)(n - 4)$$

REF: 080533a