

**Calculus Practice: Use Derivatives to Analyze Functions 6a****For each problem, find the x-coordinates of all points of inflection.**

1)  $f(x) = x^5 - 3x^3 + 3$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{6\sqrt{10}}{5}, 4, \frac{6\sqrt{10}}{5}$   
 B) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$   
 C) No inflection points exist.  
 D) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}, 0, \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}$

2)  $f(x) = x^3 + 14x^2 + 60x + 77$

- A) No inflection points exist.      B) Inflection point at:  $x = -\frac{56}{3}$   
 C) Inflection point at:  $x = -\frac{14}{3}$       D) Inflection point at:  $x = -\frac{14}{9}$

3)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 6$

- A) Inflection point at:  $x = 1$       B) Inflection point at:  $x = 4$   
 C) Inflection point at:  $x = \frac{1}{3}$       D) No inflection points exist.

4)  $y = -x^5 + 2x^3 + 2$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}, 0, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}$   
 B) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}, 4, \frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}$   
 C) No inflection points exist.  
 D) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}$

5)  $f(x) = -x^4 + x^2 - 2$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{18}, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{18}$       B) No inflection points exist.  
 C) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$       D) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}, \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}$

6)  $y = -x^3 + 3x^2 - 4$

- A) Inflection point at:  $x = 1$       B) Inflection point at:  $x = \frac{1}{3}$   
 C) No inflection points exist.      D) Inflection point at:  $x = 4$

7)  $y = -x^5 + 2x^3 + 1$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}$
- B) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}, 0, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}$
- C) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}, 4, \frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}$
- D) No inflection points exist.

8)  $y = x^4 - 4x^3 + 5x^2 - 2x - 3$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = \frac{12 - 2\sqrt{6}}{3}, \frac{12 + 2\sqrt{6}}{3}$
- B) Inflection points at:  $x = \frac{6 - \sqrt{6}}{6}, \frac{6 + \sqrt{6}}{6}$
- C) No inflection points exist.
- D) Inflection points at:  $x = \frac{6 - \sqrt{6}}{18}, \frac{6 + \sqrt{6}}{18}$

9)  $y = -x^4 - x^3 + 3x^2 + 1$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -4, 2$
- B) No inflection points exist.
- C) Inflection points at:  $x = -1, \frac{1}{2}$
- D) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}$

10)  $f(x) = x^5 - 2x^3 + 1$

- A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}, 4, \frac{4\sqrt{15}}{5}$
- B) No inflection points exist.
- C) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}, 0, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}$
- D) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}$

11)  $y = \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + 2$

- A) Inflection point at:  $x = 3$
- B) Inflection point at:  $x = 4$
- C) No inflection points exist.
- D) Inflection point at:  $x = 2$

12)  $y = -\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + 2$

- A) No inflection points exist.
- B) Inflection point at:  $x = 2$
- C) Inflection point at:  $x = 3$
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C) No inflection points exist.

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5)  $f(x) = -x^4 + x^2 - 2$

A) Inflection points at:  $x = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{18}, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{18}$ 

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