$\qquad$

1. Find the value of $x$.

2. Find the value of $x$.

3. Find the value of $x$.

4. Show that it is not possible for the lengths of the segments of the two intersecting chords to be four consecutive integers.

5. Find the value of $x$.

6. Find the value of $x$.

[1] $\frac{12 \frac{1}{2}}{18 \frac{2}{7}}$

If $m$ is the length of a part of one segment, the other part will have to be $m+3$. Then $m(m+3)=(m+1)(m+2)$, or $0=2$, which is
[3] false.
[4] $15 \frac{1}{6}$
[5] $20 \frac{1}{4}$
[6] $14 \frac{2}{5}$

