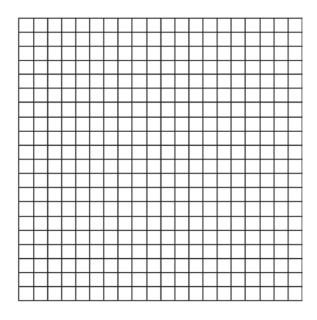
#### G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 3

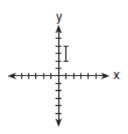
- 1 What is the image of point A(4,2) after the composition of transformations defined by  $R_{90^{\circ}} \circ r_{y=x}$ ?
  - 1) (-4,2)
  - (4,-2)
  - 3) (-4,-2)
  - 4) (2,-4)
- 2 What is the image of point (1,1) under

$$r_{x-\mathrm{axis}} \circ R_{0.90^{\circ}}$$
?

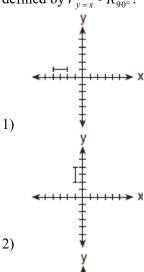
- 1) (1,1)
- (1,-1)
- (-1,1)
- 4) (-1,-1)
- 3 What are the coordinates of point A', the image of point A(-4,1) after the composite transformation  $R_{90^{\circ}} \circ r_{y=x}$  where the origin is the center of rotation?
  - 1) (-1,-4)
  - (-4,-1)
  - 3) (1,4)
  - 4) (4,1)
- 4 Given point A(-2,3). State the coordinates of the image of A under the composition  $T_{(-3,-4)} \circ r_{x-\text{axis}}$ . [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

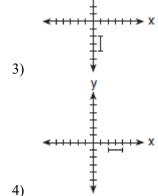


5 The accompanying graph represents the figure 1.



Which graph represents  $\mathbf{I}$  after a transformation defined by  $r_{y=x} \circ R_{90^{\circ}}$ ?

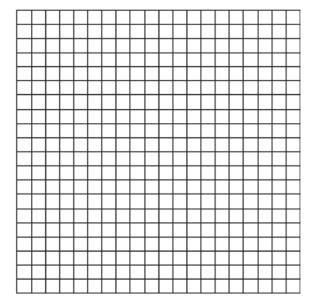




#### Regents Exam Questions

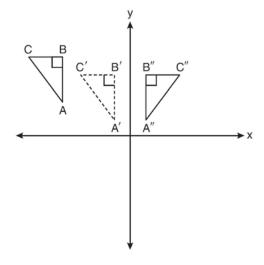
G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 3 www.jmap.org

6 On the accompanying grid, graph and label  $\overline{AB}$ , where A is (0,5) and B is (2,0). Under the transformation  $r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y-axis}(\overline{AB})$ , A maps to A'', and B maps to B''. Graph and label  $\overline{A''B''}$ . What single transformation would map  $\overline{AB}$  to  $\overline{A''B''}$ ?



Name:

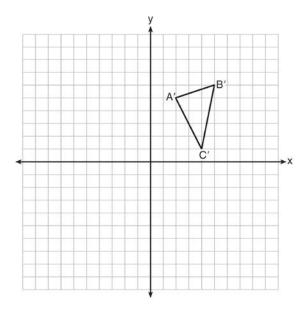
7 In the diagram below,  $\triangle A'B'C'$  is a transformation of  $\triangle ABC$ , and  $\triangle A''B''C''$  is a transformation of  $\triangle A'B'C'$ .



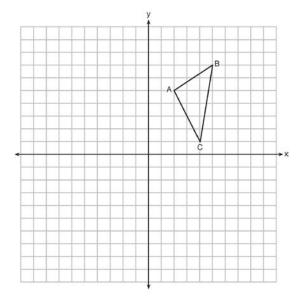
The composite transformation of  $\triangle ABC$  to  $\triangle A''B''C''$  is an example of a

- 1) reflection followed by a rotation
- 2) reflection followed by a translation
- 3) translation followed by a rotation
- 4) translation followed by a reflection
- 8 The coordinates of  $\triangle JRB$  are J(1,-2), R(-3,6), and B(4,5). What are the coordinates of the vertices of its image after the transformation  $T_{2,-1} \circ r_{y-\text{axis}}$ ?
  - 1) (3,1),(-1,-7),(6,-6)
  - (3,-3),(-1,5),(6,4)
  - (1,-3),(5,5),(-2,4)
  - 4) (-1,-2),(3,6),(-4,5)

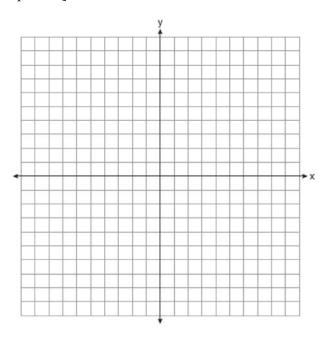
9 The graph below shows  $\triangle A'B'C'$ , the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after it was reflected over the *y*-axis. Graph and label  $\triangle ABC$ , the pre-image of  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . Graph and label  $\triangle A''B''C''$ , the image of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  after it is reflected through the origin. State a single transformation that will map  $\triangle ABC$  onto  $\triangle A''B''C''$ .



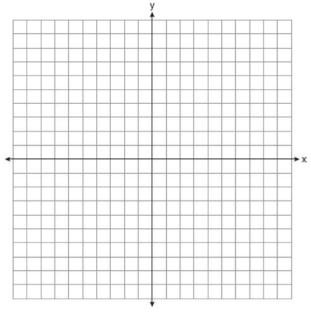
10 The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$ , shown on the graph below, are A(2,5), B(5,7), and C(4,1). Graph and label  $\triangle A'B'C'$ , the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after it is reflected over the *y*-axis. Graph and label  $\triangle A''B''C''$ , the image of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  after it is reflected over the *x*-axis. State a single transformation that will map  $\triangle ABC$  onto  $\triangle A''B''C''$ .



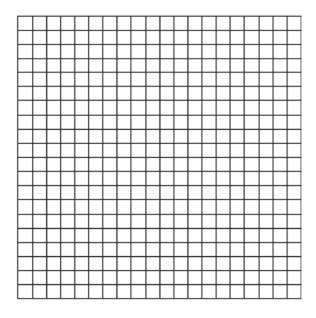
11 The vertices of  $\triangle RST$  are R(-6,5), S(-7,-2), and T(1,4). The image of  $\triangle RST$  after the composition  $T_{-2,3} \circ r_{y=x}$  is  $\triangle R"S"T"$ . State the coordinates of  $\triangle R"S"T"$ . [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



12 The coordinates of the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$  are A(-6,5), B(-4,8), and C(1,6). State and label the coordinates of the vertices of  $\triangle A''B''C''$ , the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after the composition of transformations  $T_{(4,-5)} \circ r_{y\text{-axis}}$ . [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



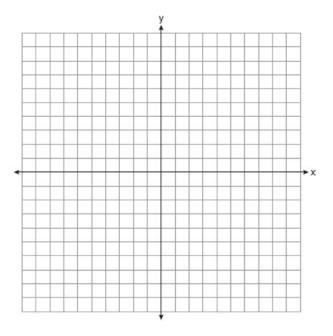
13 On the accompanying grid, graph and label  $\triangle ABC$  with vertices A(3,1), B(0,4), and C(-5,3). On the same grid, graph and label  $\triangle A''B''C''$ . the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after the transformation  $r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y=x}$ .



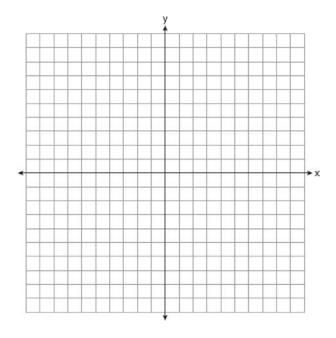
Regents Exam Questions G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 3 www.jmap.org

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14 Quadrilateral *MATH* has coordinates M(-6,-3), A(-1,-3), T(-2,-1), and H(-4,-1). The image of quadrilateral *MATH* after the composition  $r_{x\text{-axis}} \circ T_{7,5}$  is quadrilateral M"A"T"H". State and label the coordinates of M"A"T"H". [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]

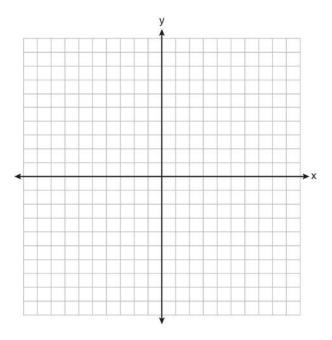


15 Quadrilateral *HYPE* has vertices H(2,3), Y(1,7), P(-2,7), and E(-2,4). State and label the coordinates of the vertices of H"Y"P"E" after the composition of transformations  $r_{x-axis} \circ T_{5,-3}$ . [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]

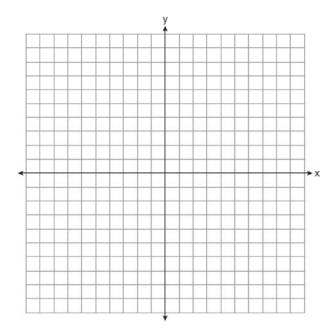


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16 The coordinates of the vertices of parallelogram ABCD are A(-2,2), B(3,5), C(4,2), and D(-1,-1). State the coordinates of the vertices of parallelogram A''B''C''D'' that result from the transformation  $r_{y-\mathrm{axis}} \circ T_{2,-3}$ . [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]

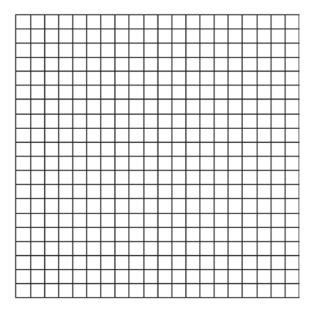


17 The coordinates of trapezoid ABCD are A(-4,5), B(1,5), C(1,2), and D(-6,2). Trapezoid A''B''C''D'' is the image after the composition  $r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y=x}$  is performed on trapezoid ABCD. State the coordinates of trapezoid A''B''C''D''. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



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18 A shape to be used in a computer game is placed on a Cartesian coordinate plane. The equation of the shape is  $(x-4)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 4$ . On the accompanying grid, graph the shape and label it a. In the game, the shape is moved under the composition  $T_{2,3} \circ r_{y\text{-axis}}$ . Draw this image, label it b, and state its equation.



# G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 3 Answer Section

1 ANS: 1 A'(2,4)

REF: 011026ge

2 ANS: 4

After the rotation, the coordinates are (-1,1). After the reflection, the coordinates are (-1,-1).

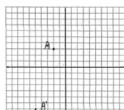
REF: 080413b

3 ANS: 4

After the reflection, the coordinates of point A are (1,-4). After the rotation, the coordinates of point A' are (4,1).

REF: 010618b

4 ANS:

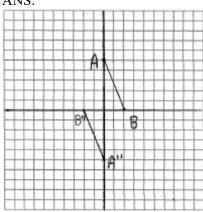


(-5,-7). The coordinates of the image of A after the reflection are (-2,-3). After the translation, the coordinates of the image of A are (-5,-7).

REF: 080626b

5 ANS: 3 REF: 080219b

6 ANS:



Single transformations include  $R_{180^{\circ}}$ ,  $R_{-180^{\circ}}$ , and  $r_{(0,0)}$ .

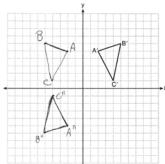
REF: 080327b

7 ANS: 4 REF: 061103ge

After the reflection, the coordinates are J'(-1,-2), R'(3,6) and B'(-4,5). After the translation, the coordinates are J''(1,-3), R''(5,5) and B''(-2,4).

REF: 080715b

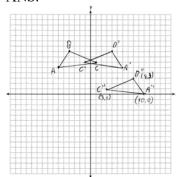
9 ANS:



 $r_{x-axis}$ 

REF: 061435ge

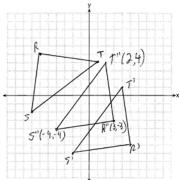
10 ANS:



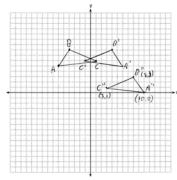
 $R_{1900}$ 

REF: 011635ge

11 ANS:

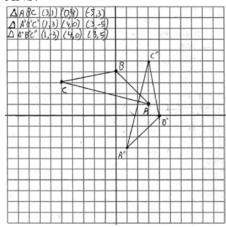


REF: 081236ge



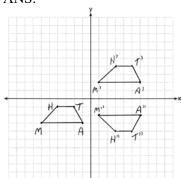
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13 ANS:



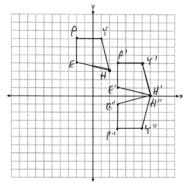
REF: 060928b

14 ANS:



M''(1,-2), A''(6,-2), T''(5,-4), H''(3,-4)

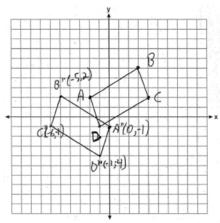
REF: 081336ge



*H*'(7,0), *Y*'(6,4), *P*'(3,4), *E*'(3,1) *H*''(7,0), *Y*''(6,-4), *P*''(3,-4), *E*''(3,-1)

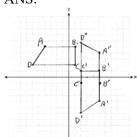
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#### 16 ANS:



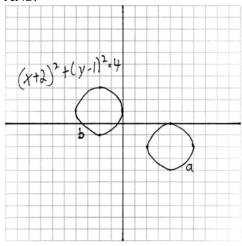
REF: 060937ge

### 17 ANS:



A'(5,-4), B'(5,1), C'(2,1), D'(2,-6); A''(5,4), B''(5,-1), C''(2,-1), D''(2,6)

REF: 061236ge



REF: 061029b