The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

GEOMETRY (Common Core)

Wednesday, August 12, 2015 — 8:30 to 11:30 a.m., only

5:601

Student Name: <u>////</u> School Name: JMA/

The possession or use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you have or use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above.

A separate answer sheet for Part I has been provided to you. Follow the instructions from the proctor for completing the student information on your answer sheet.

This examination has four parts, with a total of 36 questions. You must answer all questions in this examination. Record your answers to the Part I multiple-choice questions on the separate answer sheet. Write your answers to the questions in Parts II, III, and IV directly in this booklet. All work should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale.

The formulas that you may need to answer some questions in this examination are found at the end of the examination. This sheet is perforated so you may remove it from this booklet.

Scrap paper is not permitted for any part of this examination, but you may use the blank spaces in this booklet as scrap paper. A perforated sheet of scrap graph paper is provided at the end of this booklet for any question for which graphing may be helpful but is not required. You may remove this sheet from this booklet. Any work done on this sheet of scrap graph paper will *not* be scored.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed at the end of the answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

Notice...

A graphing calculator, a straightedge (ruler), and a compass must be available for you to use while taking this examination.

DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.

Part I

Answer all 24 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For each statement or question, choose the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question. [48]

1 A parallelogram must be a rectangle when its

(1) diagonals are perpendicular

(2) diagonals are congruent

(3) opposite sides are parallel

(4) opposite sides are congruent

- **2** If $\triangle A'B'C'$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$, under which transformation will the triangles *not* be congruent?
 - (1) reflection over the x-axis
 - (2) translation to the left 5 and down 4

(3) dilation centered at the origin with scale factor 2

(4) rotation of 270° counterclockwise about the origin

3 If the rectangle below is continuously rotated about side w, which solid figure is formed?



4 Which expression is always equivalent to $\sin x$ when $0^{\circ} < x < 90^{\circ}$?

(1) $\cos (90^\circ - x)$ (3) $\cos (2x)$ (2) $\cos (45^\circ - x)$ (4) $\cos x$

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[2]

Use this space for computations.

5 In the diagram below, a square is graphed in the coordinate plane.

Use this space for computations.



A reflection over which line does *not* carry the square onto itself? (1) x = 5 (3) y = x(2) y = 2 (4) x + y = 4

6 The image of $\triangle ABC$ after a dilation of scale factor k centered at point A is $\triangle ADE$, as shown in the diagram below.



Which statement is always true?

(1) 2AB = AD(2) $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{DE}$ (3) AC = CE(4) $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{DE}$ 7 A sequence of transformations maps rectangle ABCD onto rectangle A''B''C''D'', as shown in the diagram below.



Which sequence of transformations maps ABCD onto A'B'C'D' and then maps A'B'C'D' onto A''B''C''D''?

- (1) a reflection followed by a rotation
- (2) a reflection followed by a translation
- (3) a translation followed by a rotation
- (4) a translation followed by a reflection
- 8 In the diagram of parallelogram FRED shown below, \overline{ED} is extended to A, and \overline{AF} is drawn such that $\overline{AF} \cong \overline{DF}$.



If $m \angle R = 124^\circ$, what is $m \angle AFD$? (1) 124° (3) 68°

(1) 124

(2) 112° (4) 56°

Use this space for **9** If $x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 6y - 12 = 0$ is the equation of a circle, the length computations. $(3)_{5} x^{2} + 4x + 4 + y^{2} - 6y + 90 - 25 - 0$ $(4)_{4} (x + 2)^{2} + (y - 5)^{2} = 25 - 0$ $(4)_{4} (x + 2)^{2} + (y - 5)^{2} = 25 - 0$ of the radius is (1) 25(2) 16

10 Given MN shown below, with M(-6,1) and N(3,-5), what is an equation of the line that passes through point P(6,1) and is parallel to \overline{MN} ?



11 Linda is designing a circular piece of stained glass with a diameter of 7 inches. She is going to sketch a square inside the circular region.

To the nearest tenth of an inch, the largest possible length of a side 52+52=72 252 549 55924.524.9 of the square is



12 In the diagram shown below, \overline{AC} is tangent to circle O at A and to circle P at C, \overline{OP} intersects \overline{AC} at B, OA = 4, AB = 5, and PC = 10.

Use this space for computations.



 What is the length of \overline{BC} ?

 (1) 6.4
 (3) 12.5
 5. $\frac{10}{4}$: $\frac{50}{4}$: $\frac{10}{4}$: $\frac{$

13 In the diagram below, which single transformation was used to map triangle A onto triangle B?



14 In the diagram below, $\triangle DEF$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a clockwise rotation of 180° and a dilation where AB = 3, BC = 5.5, AC = 4.5, DE = 6, FD = 9, and EF = 11.



Which relationship must always be true?

(1)	$\frac{\mathrm{m}\angle A}{\mathrm{m}\angle D} =$	$=\frac{1}{2}$	(3))	$\frac{m\angle A}{m\angle C}$	-	<u>m∠F</u> m∠D
		•					

(2) $\frac{\mathrm{m}\angle C}{\mathrm{m}\angle F} = \frac{2}{1}$ (4) $\frac{\mathrm{m}\angle B}{\mathrm{m}\angle F} = \frac{\mathrm{m}\angle C}{\mathrm{m}\angle F}$

15 In the diagram below, quadrilateral ABCD is inscribed in circle P.



Use this space for computations.

16 A hemispherical tank is filled with water and has a diameter of 10 feet. If water weighs 62.4 pounds per cubic foot, what is the total weight of the water in a full tank, to the *nearest pound*?

- (1) 16,336
 (2) 32,673
 - (3) 130,690(4) 261,381



17 In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle ADE$.



Which measurements are justified by this similarity?

- (1) AD = 3, AB = 6, AE = 4, and AC = 12
- (2) AD = 5, AB = 8, AE = 7, and AC = 10(3) AD = 3, AB = 9, AE = 5, and AC = 10
- (4) AD = 2, AB = 6, AE = 5, and AC = 15

18 Triangle FGH is inscribed in circle O, the length of radius \overline{OH} is 6, and $\overline{FH} \cong \overline{OG}$.



What is the area of the sector formed by angle FOH? (1) 2π (3) 6π

(2) $\frac{3}{2}\pi$ (4) 24π

60,671 360 /TT

[8]

19 As shown in the diagram below, AB and CD intersect at E, and $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{BD}.$



Given $\triangle AEC \sim \triangle BED$, which equation is true?

(1)	$\frac{CE}{DE} =$	$\frac{EB}{EA}$	(3)	$\frac{EC}{AE} =$	$\frac{BE}{ED}$
(2)	$\frac{AE}{BE} =$	$\frac{AC}{BD}$	(4)	$\frac{ED}{EC} =$	$\frac{AC}{BD}$

20 A triangle is dilated by a scale factor of 3 with the center of dilation at the origin. Which statement is true?

- (1) The area of the image is nine times the area of the original triangle.
- (2) The perimeter of the image is nine times the perimeter of the original triangle.
- (3) The slope of any side of the image is three times the slope of the corresponding side of the original triangle.
- (4) The measure of each angle in the image is three times the measure of the corresponding angle of the original triangle.
- 21 The Great Pyramid of Giza was constructed as a regular pyramid with a square base. It was built with an approximate volume of 2,592,276 cubic meters and a height of 146.5 meters. What was 2592276= 1 52. 146.5 the length of one side of its base, to the nearest meter?

133

(1) 73

(2) 77

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[9]

230~5

Use this space for

22 A quadrilateral has vertices with coordinates (-3,1), (0,3), (5,2), and (-1,-2). Which type of quadrilateral is this? (1) rhombus (2) rectangle (3) square (4) trapezoid 3-1, 3-2, 3-2, 4-3, 5-1, 4-3, 3-2, 4-3, 3-2, 4-3, 3-2, 3-2, 4-3, 3-2, 3-2, 4-3, 3-2

23 In the diagram below, $\triangle ABE$ is the image of $\triangle ACD$ after a dilation centered at the origin. The coordinates of the vertices are A(0,0), B(3,0), C(4.5,0), D(0,6), and E(0,4).



24 Line y = 3x - 1 is transformed by a dilation with a scale factor of 2 is image is (3) y = 3x - 2(4) y = 3x - 1 the center of dilation, the y-intercept is unchanged and centered at (3,8). The line's image is (1) y = 3x - 8(2) y = 3x - 4

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Part II

Answer all 7 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [14]

25 A wooden cube has an edge length of 6 centimeters and a mass of 137.8 grams. Determine the density of the cube, to the *nearest thousandth*.

State which type of wood the cube is made of, using the density table below.

	Type of Wood	Density (g/cm ³)			
	Pine	0.373			
	Hemlock	0.431			
	Elm	0.554			
	Birch	0.601			
	Ash	0.638			
	Maple	0.676			
	Oak	0.711			

 $\frac{51.8}{1^3} \approx .638$



27 To find the distance across a pond from point B to point C, a surveyor drew the diagram below. The measurements he made are indicated on his diagram.



Use the surveyor's information to determine and state the distance from point B to point C, to the *nearest yard*.

$$\frac{120}{230} \cdot \frac{X}{315}$$
$$X \approx 164$$

28 In parallelogram ABCD shown below, diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} intersect at E. С F В Prove: $\angle ACD \cong \angle CAB$ Statement leason 1) Parallelogram ABCD, diagonals AC4 BD intersect at E. DOpposite sides of a parallelogram are parallel DE IL AB, GALLEB 3 Alternate interior angles Formed by parallel lives & a transversal are LACD = LCAB Congruent. [14]Geometry (Common Core) - Aug. '15

29 Triangles *RST* and *XYZ* are drawn below. If RS = 6, ST = 14, XY = 9, YZ = 21, and $\angle S \cong \angle Y$, is $\triangle RST$ similar to $\triangle XYZ$? Justify your answer.





30 In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle XYZ$ are graphed.



Use the properties of rigid motions to explain why $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle XYZ$.

the transformation is a rotation, & rotation is a rigid motion a

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31 The endpoints of \overline{DEF} are D(1,4) and F(16,14). Determine and state the coordinates of point *E*, if DE:EF = 2:3.

2. (16-1) . G 2. (14-4) . 4 8)

5

Part III

Answer all 3 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 4 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [12]

32 As shown in the diagram below, a ship is heading directly toward a lighthouse whose beacon is 125 feet above sea level. At the first sighting, point A, the angle of elevation from the ship to the light was 7°. A short time later, at point D, the angle of elevation was 16°.



To the *nearest foot*, determine and state how far the ship traveled from point A to point D.



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[19]



Part IV

Answer the 2 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 6 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [12]

35 In the diagram of parallelogram ABCD below, $\overline{BE} \perp \overline{CED}$, $\overline{DF} \perp \overline{BFC}$, and $\overline{CE} \cong \overline{CF}$. Prove ABCD is a rhombus. 1 leason Statement DParallelogram ABCD, BELCED, DELBEC, DGiven D Perpendicular lines Form right angles, which are congruent D Reflexive property J LBEC = L DFC 12 FCD = LBCE D A BEC = △ DFC ASA CPUTC BC = CD O A parallelogram with consecutive congruent sides ABCD is a vhombus is a rhombus

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[21]

36 Walter wants to make 100 candles in the shape of a cone for his new candle business. The mold shown below will be used to make the candles. Each mold will have a height of 8 inches and a diameter of 3 inches. To the *nearest cubic inch*, what will be the total volume of 100 candles?



Walter goes to a hobby store to buy the wax for his candles. The wax costs \$0.10 per ounce. If the weight of the wax is 0.52 ounce per cubic inch, how much will it cost Walter to buy the wax for 100 candles?

1885 12 - 05202, \$ 0.10 - \$98.02

If Walter spent a total of \$37.83 for the molds and charges \$1.95 for each candle, what is Walter's profit after selling 100 candles?

1.95(100) - (37.83 + 98.02) \$59.15