

Calculus Practice: Average Rate of Change 1b**For each problem, find the average rate of change of the function over the given interval.**

1) $y = -x^2 + 1; [-1, 1]$

2) $y = -x^2 + 1; [-2, 1]$

3) $y = x^2 + 2; [-2, 0]$

4) $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1; [0, 1]$

5) $f(x) = -2x^2 + 1; [-1, 2]$

6) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}; [-5, -2]$

7) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}; [-5, -3]$

8) $y = \frac{1}{x}; [2, 3]$

9) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x+2}; [0, 1]$

10) $y = -\frac{1}{x}; [1, 3]$

For each problem, find the equation of the secant line that intersects the given points on the function.

11) $y = x^2 + 2x - 2$; $(-3, 1), (0, -2)$

12) $f(x) = x^2 + x + 2$; $(-2, 4), (1, 4)$

13) $y = 2x^2 + 2$; $(0, 2), (1, 4)$

14) $y = x^2 + 2$; $(-2, 6), (-1, 3)$

15) $f(x) = -2x^2 - 2$; $(-1, -4), (0, -2)$

16) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x-2}$; $\left(-4, \frac{1}{6}\right), \left(-3, \frac{1}{5}\right)$

17) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x-2}$; $\left(-2, \frac{1}{4}\right), \left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

18) $y = -\frac{1}{x+2}$; $(-1, -1), \left(2, -\frac{1}{4}\right)$

19) $y = -\frac{1}{x+1}$; $(0, -1), \left(1, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

20) $y = \frac{1}{x+3}$; $(-2, 1), \left(-1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

Calculus Practice: Average Rate of Change 1b**For each problem, find the average rate of change of the function over the given interval.**

1) $y = -x^2 + 1; [-1, 1]$

0

2) $y = -x^2 + 1; [-2, 1]$

1

3) $y = x^2 + 2; [-2, 0]$

-2

4) $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1; [0, 1]$

2

5) $f(x) = -2x^2 + 1; [-1, 2]$

-2

6) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}; [-5, -2]$

- $\frac{1}{18}$

7) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}; [-5, -3]$

- $\frac{1}{24}$

8) $y = \frac{1}{x}; [2, 3]$

- $\frac{1}{6}$

9) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x+2}; [0, 1]$

 $\frac{1}{6}$

10) $y = -\frac{1}{x}; [1, 3]$

 $\frac{1}{3}$

For each problem, find the equation of the secant line that intersects the given points on the function.

11) $y = x^2 + 2x - 2$; $(-3, 1), (0, -2)$

$y = -x - 2$

12) $f(x) = x^2 + x + 2$; $(-2, 4), (1, 4)$

$y = 4$

13) $y = 2x^2 + 2$; $(0, 2), (1, 4)$

$y = 2x + 2$

14) $y = x^2 + 2$; $(-2, 6), (-1, 3)$

$y = -3x$

15) $f(x) = -2x^2 - 2$; $(-1, -4), (0, -2)$

$y = 2x - 2$

16) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x-2}$; $\left(-4, \frac{1}{6}\right), \left(-3, \frac{1}{5}\right)$

$y = \frac{1}{30}x + \frac{3}{10}$

17) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x-2}$; $\left(-2, \frac{1}{4}\right), \left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

$y = \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{1}{2}$

18) $y = -\frac{1}{x+2}$; $(-1, -1), \left(2, -\frac{1}{4}\right)$

$y = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{4}$

19) $y = -\frac{1}{x+1}$; $(0, -1), \left(1, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

20) $y = \frac{1}{x+3}$; $(-2, 1), \left(-1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$