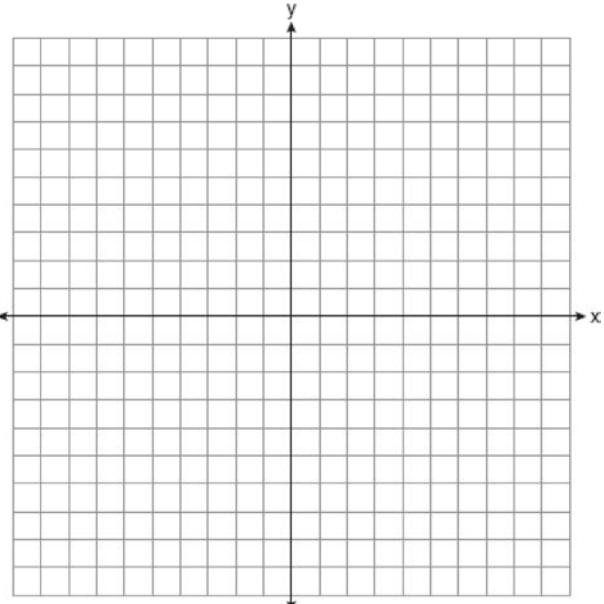


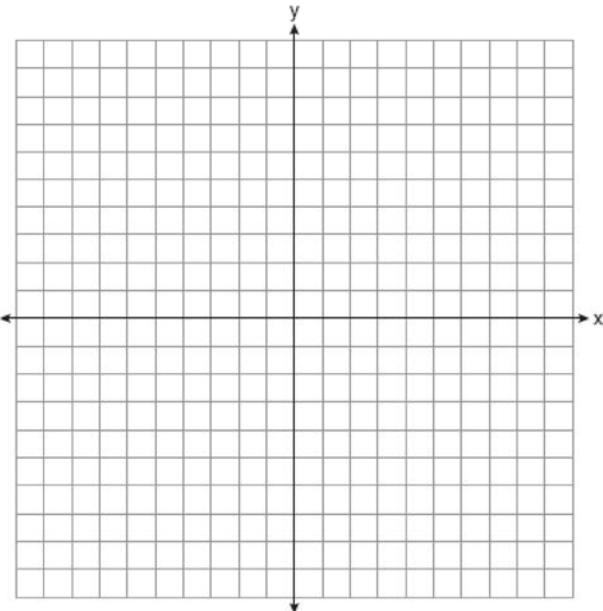
G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 4

- 1 If the coordinates of point P are $(2, -3)$, then $(R_{90^\circ} \circ R_{180^\circ})(P)$ is
- $(-2, 3)$
 - $(-2, -3)$
 - $(3, -2)$
 - $(-3, -2)$
- 2 Which transformation is equivalent to the composite line reflections $r_{y\text{-axis}} \circ r_{y=x}(\overline{AB})$?
- a rotation
 - a dilation
 - a translation
 - a glide reflection
- 3 Write a single translation that is equivalent to $T_{3,-1}$ followed by $T_{-5,5}$.
- 4 Find the coordinates of $r_{y\text{-axis}} \circ r_{y=x}(A)$ if the coordinates of A are $(6, 1)$.
- 5 Find the coordinates of the image of $(2, 4)$ under the transformation $r_{y\text{-axis}} \circ T_{3,-5}$.
- 6 What is the image that results from this composition of transformations?
 $r_{x\text{-axis}} \circ R_{0,90^\circ}(-3, 0)$
- 7 Find the coordinates of point $N(-1, 3)$ under the composite $r_{y\text{-axis}} \circ R_{90^\circ}$.
- 8 If the coordinates of A are $(2, -3)$, what are the coordinates of A' , the image of A after $R_{90^\circ} \circ r_{y\text{-axis}}(A)$?
- 9 If the coordinates of B are $(1, -5)$, what are the coordinates of B' , the image of B after $R_{90^\circ} \circ r_{x\text{-axis}}(B)$?
- 10 Find the image of point $A(3, -2)$ under the composition of translations $T_{2,1} \circ T_{-6,-4}$.
- 11 Given $\triangle ABC$ with points $A(4, 3)$, $B(4, -2)$, and $C(2, 3)$. On the grid below, sketch $\triangle ABC$. On the same set of axes, graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a reflection in the line $y = x$. On the same set of axes, graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle A'B'C'$ after the translation $T_{-4,3}$.



- 12 Triangle ABC has coordinates $A(-1, 2)$, $B(6, 2)$, and $C(3, 4)$.

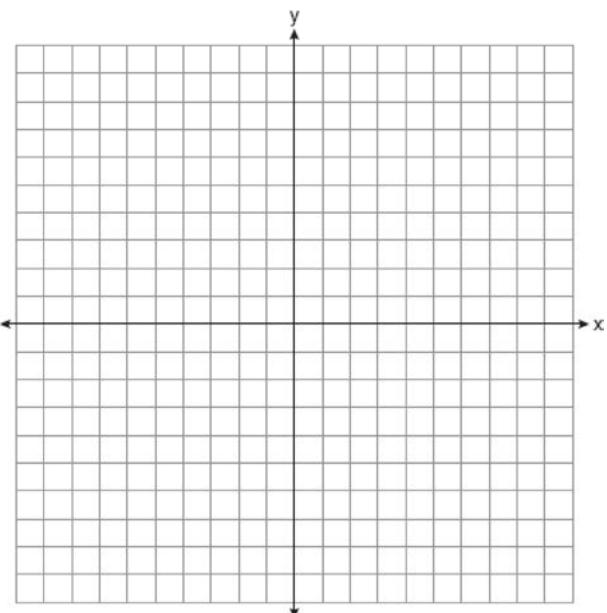
- On the grid below, draw and label $\triangle ABC$.
- Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after the composition $R_{90^\circ} \circ r_{x\text{-axis}}$.
- Write a transformation equivalent to $R_{90^\circ} \circ r_{x\text{-axis}}$.



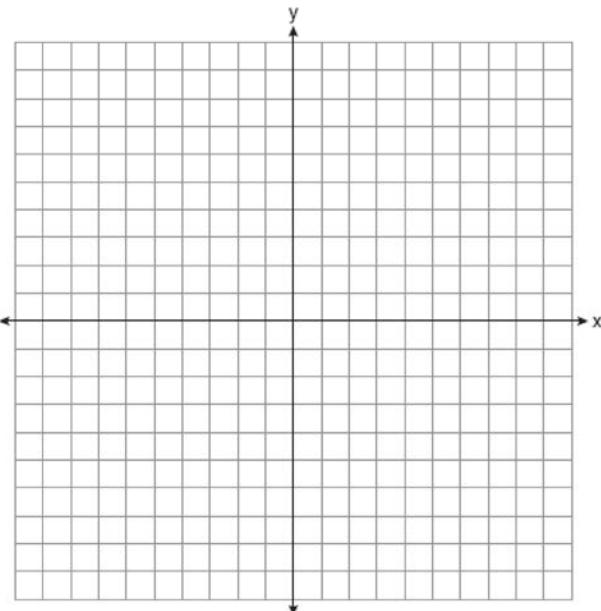
- 13 On the graph below, draw and label $\triangle PQR$, whose vertices are $P(3, 5)$, $Q(9, 5)$, and $R(7, 7)$. On the same set of axes, graph and state the coordinates of

- $\triangle P'Q'R'$, the image of $\triangle PQR$ after R_{90° .
- $\triangle P''Q''R''$, the image of $\triangle P'Q'R'$ after $r_{x\text{-axis}}$.
- $\triangle P'''Q'''R'''$, the image of $\triangle P''Q''R''$ after $r_{y\text{-axis}}$.

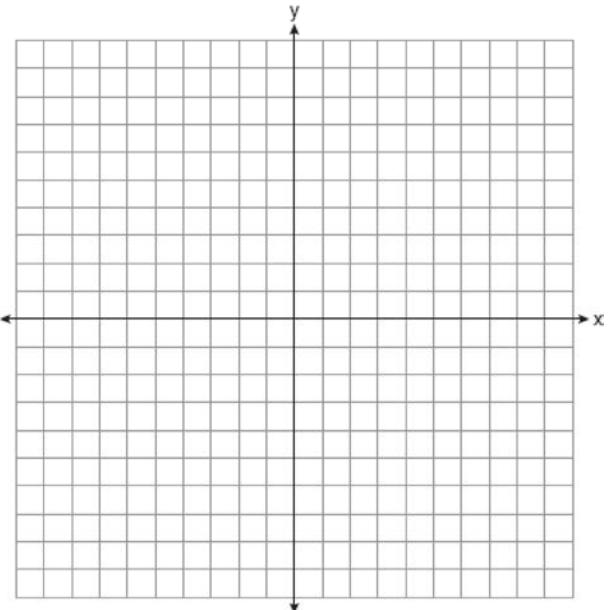
Based upon these graphs, write a single transformation that shows the composition $r_{y\text{-axis}} \circ r_{x\text{-axis}} \circ R_{90^\circ}$.



- 14 Given triangle ABC with coordinates $A(-1, -2)$, $B(0, -4)$, and $C(3, -1)$.
- On the graph below, draw and label $\triangle ABC$.
 - Graph and label $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after translation $T_{4, -3}$.
 - Graph and label $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle A'B'C'$ after a reflection in the origin.
 - Graph and label $\triangle A'''B'''C'''$, the image of $\triangle A''B''C''$ after a reflection in the line $y = -x$.

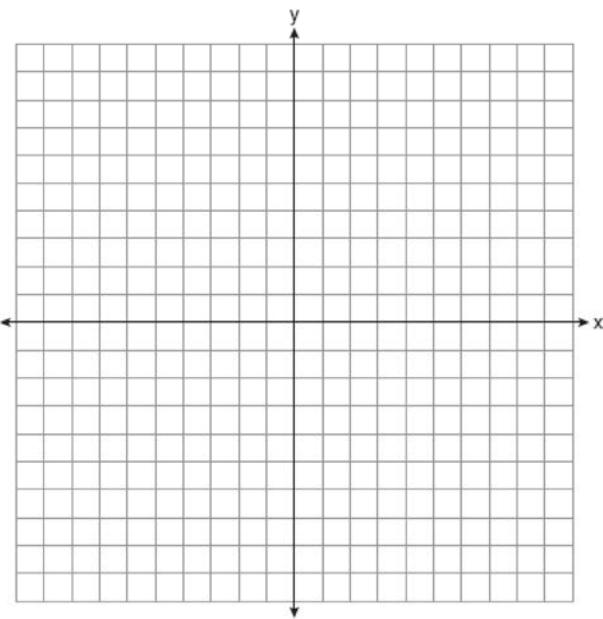


- 15 Given: $\triangle ABC$ with coordinates $A(1, 2)$, $B(0, 5)$, and $C(5, 4)$.
- On the graph below, draw and label $\triangle ABC$.
 - Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after the translation $T_{-6, 3}$.
 - Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle A'B'C'$ after a reflection in the x -axis.
 - Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'''B'''C'''$, the image of $\triangle A''B''C''$ after a reflection in the origin.



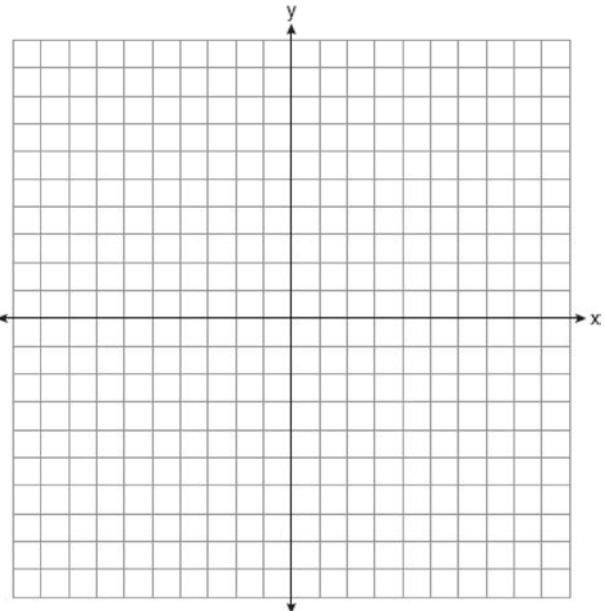
- 16 Triangle ABC has coordinates $A(-3, -7)$, $B(-3, -3)$, and $C(0, -3)$.

- a On the graph below, graph and label $\triangle ABC$.
- b Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a point reflection in the origin.
- c Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle A'B'C'$ reflected in the line $y = 2$.
- d Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'''B'''C'''$, the image of $\triangle A''B''C''$ after translation $T_{(-8, 2)}$.



- 17 Triangle ABC has coordinates $A(-1, 3)$, $B(3, 7)$, and $C(0, 6)$.

- a On the graph below, draw and label $\triangle ABC$.
- b Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a reflection in the line $y = x$.
- c Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle A'B'C'$ following $r_{y\text{-axis}}(\triangle A'B'C')$.
- d Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle A'''B'''C'''$, the image of $\triangle A''B''C''$ after a translation that maps $P(0, 0)$ onto $P(0, -5)$.



G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 4
Answer Section

1 ANS: 4 REF: 010028siii

2 ANS: 1 REF: 018634siii

3 ANS:

$$T_{-2,4}$$

REF: 019816siii

4 ANS:
 $(-1,6)$

REF: 088611siii

5 ANS:
 $(-5,-1)$

REF: 089340siii

6 ANS:
 $(0,3)$

REF: 069514siii

7 ANS:
 $(3,-1)$

REF: 019613siii

8 ANS:
 $(3,-2)$

REF: 089714siii

9 ANS:
 $(-5,1)$

REF: 010112siii

10 ANS:
 $(-1,-5)$

REF: 060307siii

11 ANS:
 $A'(3,4), B'(-2,4), C'(3,2); A''(-1,7), B''(-6,7), C''(-1,5)$

REF: 080141siii

12 ANS:
 $A'(2,-1), B'(2,6), C'(4,3); r_{y=x}$

REF: 019541siii

13 ANS:

$$P'(-5,3), Q'(-5,9), R'(-7,7); P''(-5,-3), Q''(-5,-9), R''(-7,-7); P'''(5,-3), Q'''(5,-9), R'''(7,-7); R_{270}$$

REF: 089938siii

14 ANS:

$$A'(3,-5), B'(4,-7), C'(7,-4); A''(1,2), B''(0,4), C''(-3,1); A'''(2,1), B'''(4,0), C'''(1,-3)$$

REF: 018541siii

15 ANS:

$$A'(-5,5), B'(-6,8), C'(-1,7); A''(-5,-5), B''(-6,-8), C''(-1,-7); A'''(5,5), B'''(6,8), C'''(1,7)$$

REF: 018739siii

16 ANS:

$$A'(3,7), B'(3,3), C'(0,3); A''(3,-3), B''(3,1), C''(0,1); A'''(-5,-1), B'''(-5,3), C'''(-8,3)$$

REF: 088741siii

17 ANS:

$$A'(3,-1), B'(7,3), C'(6,0); A''(-3,-1), B''(-7,3), C''(-6,0); A'''(-3,-6), B'''(-7,-2), C'''(-6,-5)$$

REF: 018936siii