The University of the State of New York

9

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

Wednesday, August 14, 1968 - 12:30 to 3:30 p.m., only

The last page of the booklet is the answer sheet, which is perforated. Fold the last page along the perforation and then, slowly and carefully, tear off the answer sheet. Now fill in the heading of your answer sheet. When you have finished the heading, you may begin the examination immediately.

Part I

Answer all questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Write your answers in the spaces provided on the separate answer sheet.

11 The dimensions of a rectangle are 7 feet and 24 feet. Find the number of feet in a diagonal of this rectangle.

Math. 9-Aug. '68

 $(2) \frac{1}{8}$

[OVER]

 $(3) - \frac{1}{8}$ (4) - 8

- 21 Which number has exactly three significant digits? (3) 1.234 (1) 0.12(2) 12.4 (4) 1.203
- 22 If $3x \leq 6$, which of the following is not a member of the solution set? (3) -3(4) 5 (1) 1
 - (2) 2
- 23 If $9a^3$ is multiplied by $2a^4$, then the product is $(3) 11a^{12}$ (1) $11a^7$ (2) 18 a^{7} (4) 18 a^{12}
- 24 If $12x^2 3x$ is divided by 3x, the quotient is (1) 4x - x(2) 4x - 1(3) 4x(4) $12x^2$
- 25 The expression $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{28}$ is equivalent to
 - (1) $\sqrt{14}$ (3) $\sqrt{7}$
 - (2) $2\sqrt{7}$ (4) 7
- 26 What is 72 expressed as the product of prime factors? (1) (2)(3)(3) (2)(2)(2)(3)(3)(2) (2)(3)(12)(4) (8)(9)

- 27 The length of a rectangle is 5 inches more than its width w, and its area is 150 square inches. Which equation can be used to find w?
 - (1) 2w + 2w + 10 = 150(2) w(w + 5) = 150(3) w(5w) = 150

 - (4) w + w + 5 = 150
- 28 Which is an illustration of a distributive law? (1) S(R + K) = SR + SK(2) R + K = K + R(3) S + (R + K) = (S + R) + K(4) $S \cdot \frac{1}{RK} = \frac{S}{RK}$

29 In the set of integers, if X + Y = 0, then X is always

- (1) equal to Y
- (2) greater than Y
- (3) less than Y
- (4) equal to -Y

Directions (30): The solution set for this question is to be indicated on the separate answer sheet on the drawing of a numbered line.

30 Show on the graph the solution set of the inequality -1 < x < 3. [The replacement set is the set of real numbers.]

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Answers to the following questions are to be written on paper provided by the school.

Part II

Answer four questions from this part. Show all work unless otherwise directed.

31 Solve graphically and check: [8,2]

$$\begin{array}{c} y = 3 \\ x - 2y = -2 \end{array}$$

- 32 How many pounds of coffee which sells for 75ϕ a pound must a grocer mix with 20 pounds of coffee which sells for 95ϕ a pound in order to make a mixture which will sell for 80ϕ a pound? [Only an algebraic solution will be accepted.] [6,4]
- 33 Answer both a and b:
 - a A straight road is inclined upward at an angle of 16 degrees with the horizontal, as indicated in the accompanying figure.



If a man walked a distance of 2,500 feet up the road, find to the *nearest foot* his increase in altitude. [5]

- b The sides of a rectangle are 30 inches and 24 inches.
 Find to the *nearest degree* the angle formed by a diagonal and one of the longer sides. [5]
- 34 Write an equation or a system of equations which can be used to solve *each* of the following problems. In each case state what the variable or variables represent. [Solution of the equations is not required.]
 - a The units digit of a two-digit number is three more than the tens digit. If the number is divided by the sum of the digits, the quotient is 4. Find the original number. [5]
 - b In triangle ABC, the measures of angles A and B are in the ratio 2:3. Angle C is 2° smaller than angle A. Find the number of degrees in each angle. [5]

- 35 There are 240 seats in the balcony of a theater. The number of seats in each row is 14 more than the number of rows. Find the number of rows. Check. [Only an algebraic solution will be accepted.] [5,4,1]
- 36 Solve algebraically the following system of equations for x and y and check in both equations: [8,2]

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{4y}{3} = 4$$
$$x + \frac{3y}{2} = 1$$

37 In the following chain of equalities, each step may be justified by some algebraic property, such as the commutative property under multiplication.

Write the letters a, b, c, e, and f on your answer paper, and after *each* letter write the number of the property, *chosen from the list below*, which justifies the corresponding step in the chain of equalities. [The reason for step d is given below.] [10]

Properties

- (1) Additive identity property
- (2) Additive inverse property
- (3) Associative property of addition
- (4) Associative property of multiplication
- (5) Commutative property of addition
- (6) Commutative property of multiplication
- (7) Distributive property

$$a [2(5 + y)] - 10 = [10 + 2y] - 10$$

$$b [10 + 2y] - 10 = [2y + 10] - 10$$

$$c [2y + 10] - 10 = 2y + [10 - 10]$$

$$d 2y + [10 - 10] = 2y + [10 + (-10)]$$

...Definition of subtraction.

$$e 2y + [10 + (-10)] = 2y + 0$$

f 2y + 0 = 2y

FOR TEACHERS ONLY

SCORING KEY

NINTH YEAR MATHEMATICS

Wednesday, August 14, 1968-12:30 to 3:30 p.m., only

Use only *red* ink or pencil in rating Regents papers. Do not attempt to *correct* the pupil's work by making insertions or changes of any kind. Use checkmarks to indicate pupil errors.

Unless otherwise specified, mathematically correct variations in the answers will be allowed. Units need not be given when the wording of the questions allows such omissions.

Part I

Allow 2 credits for each correct answer; allow no partial credit. For questions 19–29, allow credit if the pupil has written the correct answer instead of the number 1, 2, 3, or 4.

(1) 8 or 8 ft.	(11) 25	(21) 2
(2) 12	(12) $\{-6\}$ or -6	(22) 4
(3) 6.5	(13) 90	(23) 2
(4) —12	(14) x + 6	(24) 2
$(5) \xrightarrow{p - n}$	(15) 3	(25) 3
2	(16) —4	(26) 3
(6) $3x + 3$	(17) (x - 8) (x - 3)	(27) 2
(7) 10	2	(28) 1
(8) 29	(18) $\frac{-}{r-s}$	(20) 1
17 1	(10) 1	(29) 4
(9) $\frac{1/n-1}{6}$	(19) 1	(30)
0	(20) 4	
(10) $x = -3$		
y = 15	<	
	-4 -	5 2 1 0 1 2 5 4

[OVER]

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NINTH YEAR MATHEMATICS --- concludea

Part II

Please refer to the Department's pamphlet Suggestions on the Rating of Regents Examination Papers in Mathematics. Care should be exercised in making deductions as to whether the error is purely a mechanical one or due to a violation of some principle. A mechanical error generally should receive a deduction of 10 percent, while an error due to a violation of some cardinal principle should receive a deduction ranging from 30 percent to 50 percent, depending on the relative importance of the principle in the solution of the problem.

(32)	Analysis 60	[6] [4]	(35)	Analysis 10 Check	[5] [4] [1]
(33)	$a \begin{array}{c} 689 \\ b \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ $a \begin{array}{c} t = \text{ tens d} \\ u = \text{ units d} \\ u = t + 3 \\ \hline 10t + u \\ \hline t + u \end{bmatrix}$ $b \begin{array}{c} x = \text{ number} \\ y = \text{ number} \\ \hline y = \text{ number} \\ \hline x \\ y = -\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline x \\ y = -\frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$	igit digit 4 [5] er of degrees in $\angle A$ er of degrees in $\angle B$ - =	(36)	x = -8 y = 6 Check Allow a total for each of th a 7 b 5 c 3 e 2 f 1	[8] [2] l of 10 credits, 2 credits he following :
		x = 2 = 100 [3]			

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