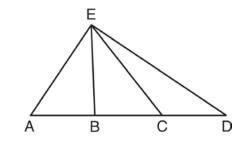
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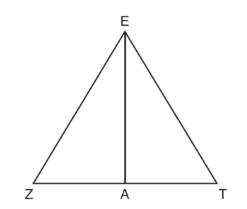
## **G.CO.C.10:** Triangle Proofs

1 In  $\triangle AED$  with  $\overline{ABCD}$  shown in the diagram below,  $\overline{EB}$  and  $\overline{EC}$  are drawn.



If  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ , which statement could always be proven?

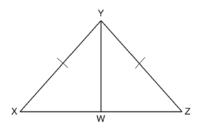
- 1)  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DB}$
- 2)  $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{ED}$
- 3)  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$
- 4)  $\overline{EC} \cong \overline{EA}$
- 2 Line segment EA is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{ZT}$ , and  $\overline{ZE}$  and  $\overline{TE}$  are drawn.



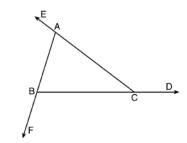
Which conclusion can *not* be proven?

- 1)  $\overline{EA}$  bisects angle ZET.
- 2) Triangle *EZT* is equilateral.
- 3)  $\overline{EA}$  is a median of triangle *EZT*.
- 4) Angle Z is congruent to angle T.

3 Given:  $\triangle XYZ$ ,  $\overline{XY} \cong \overline{ZY}$ , and  $\overline{YW}$  bisects  $\angle XYZ$ Prove that  $\angle YWZ$  is a right angle.



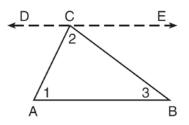
4 Prove the sum of the exterior angles of a triangle is 360°.



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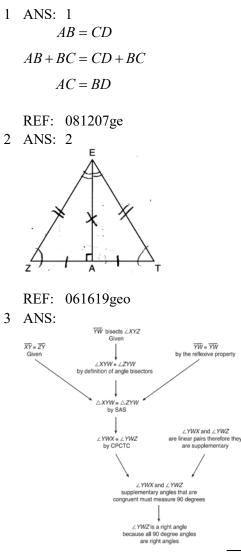
5 Given the theorem, "The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a triangle is 180°," complete the proof for this theorem.



Given:  $\triangle ABC$ Prove:  $m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 + m \angle 3 = 180^{\circ}$ Fill in the missing reasons below.

Reasons
(1) Given
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)

## G.CO.C.10: Triangle Proofs Answer Section



 $\Delta XYZ, \overline{XY} \cong \overline{ZY}, \text{ and } \overline{YW} \text{ bisects } \angle XYZ \text{ (Given). } \Delta XYZ \text{ is isosceles}$ (Definition of isosceles triangle).  $\overline{YW}$  is an altitude of  $\Delta XYZ$  (The angle bisector of the vertex of an isosceles triangle is also the altitude of that triangle).  $\overline{YW} \perp \overline{XZ}$  (Definition of altitude).  $\angle YWZ$  is a right angle (Definition of perpendicular lines).

REF: spr1411geo

4 ANS:

As the sum of the measures of the angles of a triangle is  $180^\circ$ ,  $m\angle ABC + m\angle BCA + m\angle CAB = 180^\circ$ . Each interior angle of the triangle and its exterior angle form a linear pair. Linear pairs are supplementary, so  $m\angle ABC + m\angle FBC = 180^\circ$ ,  $m\angle BCA + m\angle DCA = 180^\circ$ , and  $m\angle CAB + m\angle EAB = 180^\circ$ . By addition, the sum of these linear pairs is 540°. When the angle measures of the triangle are subtracted from this sum, the result is 360°, the sum of the exterior angles of the triangle.

REF: fall1410geo

## 5 ANS:

(2) Euclid's Parallel Postulate; (3) Alternate interior angles formed by parallel lines and a transversal are congruent; (4) Angles forming a line are supplementary; (5) Substitution

REF: 011633geo